

Elite Material Co., Ltd.

2023

ANNUAL REPORT

Printed Date : 8th May 2024

This annual report can also be viewed and downloaded at the following website:

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2. Elite Material Co., Ltd.

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Oriental Securities Co., Ltd.
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Telephone : +886-2-7753-1699
Website : www.osc.com.tw

4. Independent Auditor:

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Name of the firm : KPMG
Address : 68F, No. 7, Xinyi Road, Section 5, Taipei City, Taiwan
Telephone : +886-2-8101-6666
Website : www.kpmg.com.tw

5. Name of the Transaction Place of the Overseas Securities and the Ways to Inquire the Information of the Overseas Securities:

Not Applicable

6. The Company Website: www.emctw.com

The English version is the translation of the Chinese version and if there is any discrepancy between this English translation and the Chinese text of this document, the Chinese text shall prevail.

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I. BUSINESS REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS

1. Year 2023 Business Results

i. Execution Results of Business Plan

Unit: NT\$ thousands

Items	Year 2023	Year 2022	%
Revenue	41,296,217	38,672,549	6.78%
Gross profit	11,332,715	9,710,062	16.71%
Operating profit	7,345,991	6,225,247	18.00%
Income before tax	7,419,548	6,296,055	17.84%
Net income	5,488,309	5,076,240	8.12%

The capacity of CCL is as the following:

- Kunshan production site of Jiangsu Province, China: Monthly production capacity has achieved 1.80 million sheets.
- Zhongshan production site of Guangdong Province, China: Monthly production capacity has achieved 950,000 sheets.
- Guanyin/Hsinchu production site of Taiwan: Monthly production capacity has achieved 550,000 sheets.
- Huangshi production site of Hubei Province, China: Monthly production capacity has achieved 900,000 sheets.

ii. Status of Budget Execution: Not applicable

iii. Summary of Cash Flow Statements

Unit: NT\$ thousands

Items	Year 2023
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,889,727
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,057,023)
Net cash used in financing activities	108,640
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	(126,081)
Decrease in cash in reporting period	(1,184,737)

iv. Analysis of Profitability

Items	Year 2023	Year 2022
Return on assets (%)	11.34	12.70
Return on equities (%)	22.45	24.26
Percentage of paid-in capital (%)	Operating profit	214.06
	Income before tax	186.99
Net margin (%)	216.20	189.12
Earnings per share (NT Dollar)	13.29	13.13
	16.35	15.24

v. Results of Research and Development:

EMC is the world's largest supplier of halogen-free and Prepreg laminate material, among which the market share of HDI/SLP laminate materials for handheld devices has ranked number one in the world for several consecutive years. High-speed related application products such as servers, data storages and switches, EMC's customers and markets are well diversified, thus, operation will not impact by single customer or markets. In AI server market positioned as global leader to boost company's top and bottom line growth. Substrate level material already got mass production from various customers and continue to gaining market share from competitors.

New products successfully developed by the Company in 2023:

1. Promotion and certification of anti-leakage tracking and high-voltage resistant materials for rapid charging and discharging of electric vehicles
2. Testing and certification of low transmission loss resin coated copper products for handheld devices
3. Testing and certification of halogen-free radar sheets for self-driving cars.

In order to maintain its competitiveness and leading position, the company continues to invest resources in developing the next generation of products for mobile devices, high-speed transmission, substrate, aerospace, self-driving cars, industrial fields and other related applications. It continuously launches new products to meet the needs of electronics-related applications. Required for product application development to enhance product value and production efficiency. New products will be launched in 2024 and beyond.

In addition to product innovation and commercialization, the competitiveness of the company, intellectual property is also an indispensable item. EMC has been developing innovative products with its own technology, and has been constantly protecting its own technology property rights through patent applications. The foil laminate material industry ranks No. 1 in Taiwan and No. 4 in the world. In the future, it will continue to apply for patents to improve the company's technological value and competitiveness.

2.Summary of Year 2024 Business Plan

I. Summary of Year 2024 business plan

- i. Planning of sales and production
 - a. Promote eco-friendly laminate material
 - b. Capacity expansion
 - c. Balancing sales and production, flexible inventory adjustment and active cash management
- ii. Operating strategy
 - a. 5G infrastructure servers and switch laminate materials continue to be introduced into high-end HDI processes, and EMC has stabilized its top three material suppliers in the infrastructure market.
 - b. The substrate material is an extension of its own substrate material technology. It has been mass-production and shipped, and its quality has been recognized by customers. It will continue to develop this market.
 - c. To maintain lion's share in high end HDI segment.
 - d. To penetrate into LEO market, aggressively seize the growth of market share.
 - e. To develop laminate material for high end vehicle market.
- iii. Sales volume target
 - a. Expected sales volume target:

Copper clad laminates (CCLs):	37.9 million sheets/year
Prepreg (PP):	720 thousand rolls/year
Mass Lam (M/L):	0.96 million panels/year

3. Effects from changes in competitions, regulations, and business environment on the future development strategy of the company

i. Future development strategy of EMC:

- a. To continuously develop high speed/ high frequency and low loss materials
- b. To solidify the leading position of EMC's materials consumed by HDI PCBs in the global market.
- c. Enlarge offshore market, diversify risks.

ii. Perfectness of Internal control, enhance management efficiency

iii. Effects from changes in competitions, regulations, and business environment:

Due to the outbreak of Covid-19 in those two years, the company and all sites have been strictly following the quarantine protocol to make sure that the company still operates on the track.

Looking forward, although the overall economic environment is full of uncertainties, technological innovation is still the only way for enterprises to grow. The requirements for the speed and quality of information transmission are getting higher and higher, and the trend of enterprise product specification upgrades will not change. The market share in server and switch products has increased generation by generation with the launch of new generations of products; 5G mobile phone shipments will continue to grow due to the rapid increase in penetration rate. EMC continues to improve self-competitiveness and has a positive view toward the future operating prospects.

We sincerely thank you for your continued trust, support, and commitment to EMC, and look forward to building a prosperous future together with our shareholders.

Chairman: Ding-Yu Dong

II. COMPANY PROFILE

1. Date of Incorporation

Date of Incorporation: 24 March 1992

1.1. Company Tax ID Number : 86521351

Company Address : No. 18, Datong 1st Road, Guanyin Industrial Park, Guanyin District
Taoyuan City 32849, Taiwan

Company Telephone : +886-3-4837937

1.2. Factory Establishment Permission:

Permission Number : 81 Jian-Yi-Tze No.083375, issued by Construction Tin, Provincial
Government on 15 June 1992

Factory Address : No.18, Datong 1st Road, Guanyin Industrial Park, Guanyin District
Taoyuan City 32849, Taiwan

Factory Telephone : +886-3-4837937

2. Company History

1992 The first meeting of promoters convened and drew up the Articles of Incorporation. Meanwhile, resolution was formed that promoters shall make full payment for the numbers of shares respectively subscribed to by 25 February 1992.

The second meeting of promoters convened to elect Directors and Supervisors; thereafter, the first meeting of the first term Board of Directors called to elect Mr. Zhu, Ho-Zen as the Chairman.

1993 Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting was convened, and resolved to increase the capital of the Company by NT\$22.5 million. The total paid-in capital rose to NT\$430 million after the capital increase. Meanwhile, seven Directors and two Supervisors were elected in accordance with the Article 22 of the Article of Incorporation.

The Letter of Construction Tin, Taiwan Provincial Government (Letter No. 82 Jian-Yi-Tze 075808) issued the factory registration certificate to the Company, and the certificate number was 99-079038-00.

1995 For increasing business and creating more profits, the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting resolved to raise capital of NT\$210 million in order to expand factory space and purchase machinery and equipment. The total paid-in capital rose to NT\$640 million after the capital increase.

The Company, receiving pre-listing counseling guidance, applied for OTC listing.

The Article of Incorporation was amended in the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting, increasing the number of Supervisors from two to three. The third term of Directors were elected, and new Chairman was elected among Directors.

1996 The Company held the analyst meeting before initial public offering in the OTC market.

The common shares of the Company began to trade in the OTC market.

The Board of Directors resolved to increase capacity on existing production site.

1997 The following resolutions were approved in the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting in 1997:

1. The Company shall issue 7 million new common shares, with a par value of NT\$10 per share, at a premium price of NT\$35 per share.
2. The Company shall apply for listing in the Taiwan Stock Exchange in 1998; meanwhile, de-listed from the OTC market.
3. The Company shall proceed investment business in domestic and overseas market in order to develop business opportunities and expand business scope.

1998 The Annual General Shareholders' Meeting elected the fourth term Directors, and Mr. Zhu, Ho-Zen was

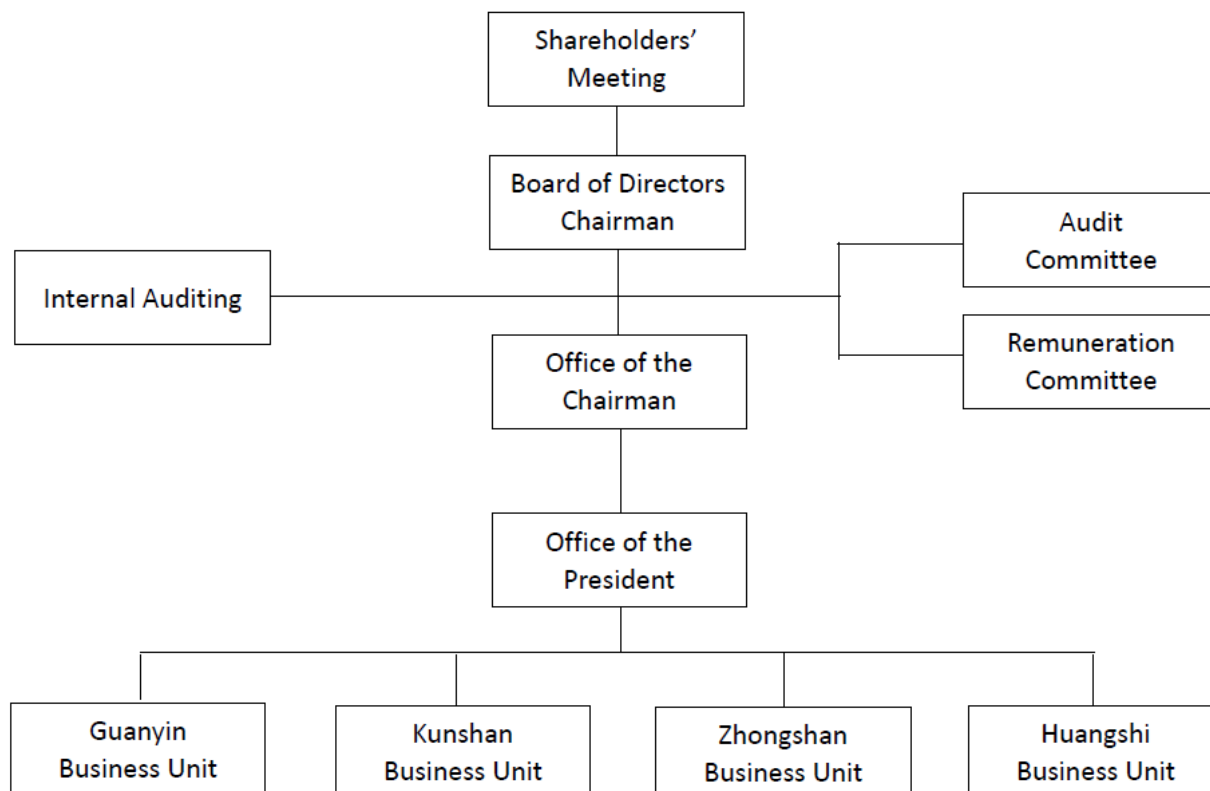
- again elected as the Chairman of the Board.
- The common shares of the Company began to trade in the Taiwan Stock Exchange.
- 2001 The fifth term Directors and Supervisors were elected by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting, and Mr. Zhu, Ho-Zen was again elected as the Chairman of the Board by the first meeting of the fifth term Board of Directors.
- 2002 The Annual General Shareholders' Meeting resolved to make up the total loss occurred in 2001 by using the legal reserve of NT\$18,280,038.
- 2003 The Annual General Shareholders' Meeting resolved to make up the total loss occurred in 2002 by the legal reserve of NT\$56,449,987 and the capital surplus of NT\$61,010,761.
- Mr. Zhu, Ho-Zen retired from the position of the Chairman in the 18th meeting of the fifth term Board of Directors, and Directors subsequently elected Ms. Dong-Ho, Mei-Chin to substitute the Chairman position.
- 2004 The sixth term Directors and Supervisors were elected by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting, and the first meeting of such Board of Directors elected Mr. Tsai, Fei Liang as the Chairman, and Mr. Dong, Ding Yu as the Vice Chairman.
- 2005 Hsinchu Factory commenced commercial operation and the Company began to offer Mass Lamination services to printed-circuit board makers.
- 2006 The sixth term 24th Board of Directors Meeting resolved to re-organize the holding structure. Grand Shanghai and EMC-HK, subsidiaries originally controlled by EMC-Holding, were re-organized as subsidiaries under the control of Grand Zhuhai. Meanwhile, Grand Zhongshan was created and also put under the control of Grand Zhuhai.
- 2007 The seventh term Directors and Supervisors were elected by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting. The first meeting of the seventh term Board of Directors elected Mr. Tsai, Fei Liang and Mr. Dong, Ding Yu as Chairman and Vice Chairman, respectively.
- After the capitalization of retained earnings, combined with the conversion of convertible bonds into common shares, the number of outstanding shares of the Company increased by 27,499,796 shares. The total share capital of the Company arrived at NT\$2,383,918,790.
- 2008 The Company bought back and canceled 2,318,000 shares. The share capital was reduced to NT\$2,369,331,320.
- After the capitalization of retained earnings, combined with the conversion of convertible bonds into common shares, the number of outstanding shares of the Company increased by 21,470,823 shares. The total share capital of the Company arrived at NT\$2,575,447,020.
- 2009 The Company bought back and canceled 2,888,000 shares. The share capital was reduced to NT\$2,546,567,020.
- Retained earnings was capitalized. In combination with the exercise of employees' option certificates and conversion of convertible bonds into common shares, the number of outstanding shares of the Company increased by 13,511,674 shares. The total share capital of the Company arrived at NT\$2,681,683,760.
- 2010 The eighth term Directors and Supervisors were elected by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting. The first meeting of the eighth Board of Directors elected Mr. Tsai, Fei Liang as the Chairman, and Mr. Dong, Ding Yu as the Vice Chairman.
- Retained earnings was capitalized. In combination with the exercise of employees' option certificates and conversion of convertible bonds into common shares, the number of outstanding shares of the Company increased by 16,345,084 shares. The total share capital of the Company arrived at NT\$2,845,134,600.
- 2011 After capitalization of the retained earnings, combined with the exercise of employees' option certificates and conversion of convertible bonds into common shares, the number of outstanding shares of the

- Company increased by 18,029,734 shares. The total share capital of the Company arrived at NT\$3,025,431,940.
- 2012 The Company bought back and canceled 3,000,000 shares. Meanwhile, the exercise of the employees' option certificates and the conversion of convertible bonds into common shares increased the number of outstanding shares by 6,849,265 shares. The total share capital of the Company reached NT\$3,063,924,590.
- 2013 The ninth term Directors and Supervisors were elected by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting. The first meeting of the ninth Board of Directors elected Mr. Tsai, Fei Liang and Mr. Dong, Ding Yu as Chairman and Vice Chairman, respectively.
The exercise of the employees' option certificates, combined with the conversion of convertible bonds into common shares increased the number of outstanding shares of the Company by 5,178,370 shares. The total share capital of the Company reached NT\$3,115,708,290.
- 2014 After the exercise of the employees' option certificates and the conversion of convertible bonds into common shares, the number of outstanding shares of the Company increased by 2,030,311 shares. The total share capital of the Company reached NT\$3,136,011,400.
- 2015 After the exercise of the employees' option certificates and the conversion of convertible bonds into common shares, the number of outstanding shares of the Company increased by 3,722,000 shares. The total share capital of the Company reached NT\$3,173,231,400.
- 2016 The tenth term Directors were elected by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting. The first meeting of the tenth Board of Directors elected Mr. Dong, Ding Yu as Chairman of the Company, and Mr. Tsai, Fei Liang as Vice Chairman.
The exercise of employees' option certificates increased the number of the outstanding shares of the Company by 1,558,000 shares, and the total share capital of the Company arrived at NT\$3,188,811,400.
- 2017 The exercise of employees' option certificates increased the number of outstanding shares of the Company by 7,713,180 shares, and the total share capital of the Company arrived at NT\$3,196,524,580.
The Board of Directors resolved to establish a wholly-own subsidiary, Elite Material Electronic (Huangshi) Limited.
- 2018 The green-field factory located at Huangshi City, Hubei Province of China broke the ground and began construction.
- 2019 The Eleventh term Directors were elected by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting. The first meeting of the eleventh Board of Directors elected Mr. Dong, Ding Yu as Chairman of the Company, and Mr. Tsai, Fei Liang as Vice Chairman.
Mass production of Huangshi City, Hubei Province of China
CB transferred to common shares at NT\$ 556060, paid in capital increased to 3,197,080,640
- 2020 Domestic 4th unsecured convertible bonds are fully converted, CB converted to common shares at NT\$ 132,102,350, paid in capital increased to 3,329,182,990.
Acquired Arlon EMC, CA, USA as the first manufacturing site in USA for EMC, and the 4th offshore manufacturing site.
- 2021 Purchased land and facility located in Taoyuan for further expansion in December.
- 2022 The 12th term of directors were elected on AGM, and the first meeting of 12th board of directors elected Mr. Ding-Yu, Dong as chairman and Mr. Fei-Liang Tsai as vice chairman.
The fifth domestic unsecured conversion corporate bond was issued on April..
The board of directors concluded to set up factories in Southeast Asia on August
- 2023 The green-field factory located at Penang, Malaysia completed the establishment.
CB converted into common shares of NTD 102,610,350, Paid in capital increased to 3,431,793,340.

III. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

1. Organization

1.1. Organization Chart



1.2. Affairs in charge for each Major Department

Office of the Chairman	To plan and instruct the business operations; to undertake the review and examination of legal affairs, contacts of the parent company, subsidiaries, and affiliated entities that the Company has controlling interests in.
Office of the President	To develop the business strategy of the Company and to execute the business plan. To prepare the annual business budget, targets, and strategic management plan. To plan the key investment projects.
Audit Office	To execute the group internal planning and providing suggestions of improvement.
Each Business Unit (Zhongshan, Kunshan, Guanyin, and Huangshi)	Be in charge of the sales of domestic and overseas markets, the management of inventory, product engineering design, and customer service. Be responsible for production, quality assurance, and equipment maintenance affairs.

2. Directors and Management Team

2.1. Directors

31 March 2024

Title	Nationality or Record of Birth	Name Sex Age	Date elected Term (years)	Date first elected	Shareholding when elected		Current shareholding		Shareholding of spouse & Minor children		Holding shares in the name of another person		Curriculum vitae	Other positions in EMC and other companies	Executives or Directors who are spouses or within two degrees of kinship			Remarks
					Share	%	Share	%	Share	%	Share	%			Title	Name	Relationship	
Chairman	ROC	Ding-Yu Dong Male 61-70	26 May 2022 3 years	25 May 2001	5,265,766	1.58	5,265,766	1.53	15,842	0.00	0	0.00	Ph.D. in Engineering, Stanford University, USA Assistant Professor, San Jose State University, USA	None		None		None
Vice Chairman	ROC	Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Fei-Liang Tsai Male 61-70	26 May 2022 3 years	25 Jun 2004	25,471,477 447,244	7.65 0.13	25,471,477 318,000	7.40 0.09	0 0	0.00 0.00	0 0	0.00 0.00	Master in Chemical Engineering, National Tsing Hua University President, Taiwan Union Technology Corp.	None		None		None

Title	Nationality or Record of Birth	Name Sex Age	Date elected Term (years)	Date first elected	Shareholding when elected		Current shareholding		Shareholding of spouse & Minor children		Holding shares in the name of another person		Curriculum vitae	Other positions in EMC and other companies	Executives or Directors who are spouses or within two degrees of kinship			Remarks
					Share	%	Share	%	Share	%	Share	%			Title	Name	Relationship	
Director	ROC	Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Wen-Shiung Lee Male 71-80	26 May 2022 3 years	25 Jun 2016	25,471,477 0	7.65 0.00	25,471,477 0	7.40 0.00	0 0	0.00 0.00	0 0	000 0.00	Bachelor of Chemical Engineering, Tamkung University Director, Unimicron Corporation President, Isola Asia Pacific (Taiwan) Inc.	Consultant, Taiwan Printed Circuit Association			None	None

Title	Nationality or Record of Birth	Name Sex Age	Date elected Term (years)	Date first elected	Shareholding when elected		Current shareholding		Shareholding of spouse & Minor children		Holding shares in the name of another person		Curriculum vitae	Other positions in EMC and other companies	Executives or Directors who are spouses or within two degrees of kinship			Remarks
					Share	%	Share	%	Share	%	Share	%			Title	Name	Relationship	
Director	ROC	Mon-Chong Hsieh Male 51-60	26 May 2022 3 years	25 Jun 2004	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	Master in International Affairs, Columbia University, USA Chairman, Food Industry Research and Development Institute Director, The Eisenhower Exchange Fellowships, Inc.	Chairman, Synmax Biochemical Co., Ltd. Vice Chairman, Royal Chef Co., Ltd.		None		None
Independent Director	ROC	Bing Shen Male 71-80	26 May 2022 3 years	25 Jun 2016	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	MBA, Harvard University Financial Analyst, World Bank Chief Investment Officer, International Bank Corp. Executive Director, Morgan Stanley & Co. Vice President, China Development Industrial Bank President, CDIB Partners Investment Holding Corporation	Director, OUC Corporation Director, ECOVE		None		None

Title	Nationality or Record of Birth	Name Sex Age	Date elected Term (years)	Date first elected	Shareholding when elected		Current shareholding		Shareholding of spouse & Minor children		Holding shares in the name of another person		Curriculum vitae	Other positions in EMC and other companies	Executives or Directors who are spouses or within two degrees of kinship			Remarks
					Share	%	Share	%	Share	%	Share	%			Title	Name	Relationship	
Independent Director	ROC	Duen-Chian Cheng Male 61-70	26 May 2022 3 years	10 Jun 2019	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	MBA, Columbia University, USA President, Director, Appier Holdings Inc. Independent Director, TA YA ELECTRIC WIRE & CABLE CO., LTD Chairman, LuxNet Corp Chairman, Clientron President, UMC Capital Corporation	Chairman, TGVest Capital Co., Ltd. Chairman, TriKnight Capital Corporation Vice Chairman, LuxNet Corp	None			None

Title	Nationality or Record of Birth	Name Sex Age	Date elected Term (years)	Date first elected	Shareholding when elected		Current shareholding		Shareholding of spouse & Minor children		Holding shares in the name of another person		Curriculum vitae	Other positions in EMC and other companies	Executives or Directors who are spouses or within two degrees of kinship			Remarks
					Share	%	Share	%	Share	%	Share	%			Title	Name	Relationship	
Independent Director	ROC	Hsi-Chia Chen Female 51-60	26 May 2022 3 years	26 May 2022	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	Ph.D. in Law, National Taiwan University Ph.D. in Law, Peking University Partner, Chief Representative of Beijing Office, Joint Head of Office-China & Member of Asia Pacific Operating Committed (APOC), Pinsent Masons LLP Trainee , King & Wood Malleons (previously known as King & Wood) Associate & Partner, Formosan Brothers, Attorneys-at-Law	Managing Partner, Chen & Chang, Attorneys-at- Law. Member, Standing Committee of ICC International Centre for ADR Convenor, Taiwan Chapter of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators (CIArb) East Asia Branch. Independent Director, Asia Renewable Energy (Cayman) Ltd.		None		None

2.2. Major shareholders of EMC's Directors are institutional shareholders

31 March 2024

Name of Institutional Shareholders	Major Shareholders of the Institutional Shareholders
Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd.	Yu Sheng Investment Co., Ltd.

2.3. Major shareholders of the major shareholders who are juridical persons

31 March 2024

Name of Juridical Persons	Major Shareholders of the Juridical Persons
Yu Sheng Investment Ltd.	British Virgin Island Daton West Limited

2.4. Professional Qualifications and Independent Analysis of Directors

(1) Professional Qualifications and Independent information disclose of Directors:

Condition Name	Professional qualifications	Curriculum Vitae	Independence situations (Meet the criteria of Note 1)	The number of independent directors of the other public offering company
Director Dong, Ding Yu	Have the work experience in business, legal, finance, accounting or corporate business	Assistant Professor, San Jose State University	(6) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)	1
Director Tsai, Fei Liang	Have the work experience in business, legal, finance, accounting or corporate business	President, Taiwan Union Technology Corporation	(1) (3) (4) (5) (6) (8) (9) (10) (11)	-
Director Lee, Wen Shiung	Have the work experience in business, legal, finance, accounting or corporate business	Director, Unimicron Corporation President, Isola Asia Pacific (Taiwan) Inc.	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11)	-
Director Hsieh, Mon Chong	Have the work experience in business, legal, finance, accounting or corporate business	Chairman, Food Industry Research and Development Institute Director, The Eisenhower Exchange Fellowships, Inc. Director, Chinese National Federation of Industries	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)	-

Independent director Shen, Bing	Have the work experience in business, legal, finance, accounting or corporate business	Financial Analyst, World Bank Chief Investment Officer, International Bank Corp. Executive Director, Morgan Stanley & Co. Vice President, China Development Industrial Bank President, CDIB Partners Investment Holding Corporation	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)	-
Independent director Cheng, Duen-Chian	Have the work experience in business, legal, finance, accounting or corporate business	Managing Director, Union Investment Management Consulting Co, Ltd. Executive Director/President of Taiwan Branch, Morgan Stanley Asia Limited Executive Director, Goldman Sachs Asia L.L.C.	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)	2
Independent director Chen, Hsi-Chia	Have the work experience in business, legal, finance, accounting or corporate business	Partner of Pinsent Masons, Chief Representative of Beijing Office, Co-Head of China Region and Member of Asia Pacific Operations Committee King & Wood Mallesons trainee lawyer Lawyer and Partner of Huanying Law Firm	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)	-

Note 1 : Each director meets the following conditions in the two years prior to the election and during his or her term of office.

- (1) An employee who is not employed by the company or its affiliates.
- (2) Directors or supervisors who are served as the position of the same company or affiliated enterprises (except where the company and its parent company, subsidiaries or subsidiaries of the same parent company are established as independent directors in accordance with this Act or local national decrees).
- (3) A natural person shareholder who is not a natural person who holds more than 1% of the total number of issued shares of the company or holds in the name of others or the top 10 shareholders.
- (4) The spouse, second degree or third degree relatives of managers not listed in (1) or (2) or (3) listed persons.
- (5) A director, supervisor or employee who does not directly hold more than 5% of the total number of issued shares of the company, the top five shareholders or the legal person shareholders designated as directors or supervisors of the company in accordance with article 27, paragraphs 1 or 2 of the company Act (except where the company and its parent company, subsidiaries or subsidiaries of the same parent company are established by this law or local laws and regulations).
- (6) More than half of the shares that are not seated or have voting rights in the directors of the company shall be directors, supervisors or employees of other companies controlled by the same person (except where they are independent directors of the company or its parent, subsidiary or subsidiary of the same parent company established in accordance with this Act or local national decrees).
- (7) Directors, supervisors or employees of other companies or institutions that are not the same person as the chairman, president or equivalent of the company or spouse (except where the company and its parent company, subsidiaries or subsidiaries of the same parent company are established as independent directors in accordance with this Law or local national laws).
- (8) Directors, supervisors, president or shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares of a particular company or institution that do not have financial or business dealings with the company (unless a particular company or institution holds more than 20% of the total number of issued shares of the company, not more than 50%, and is an independent director of the company and its parent company, subsidiaries or subsidiaries of the same parent company in accordance with this Law or local national laws).

- (9) Professionals, sole proprietors, partners, directors, supervisors, managers and their spouses who do not provide audits for the company or related enterprises or have obtained remuneration in the past two years in the past two years in a commercial, legal, financial, accounting and other related services of NT\$500,000. However, this does not apply to members of the Remuneration Committee, the Public Takeover Review Committee or the Special Committee on Mergers and Acquisitions who perform their functions under the Securities and Exchange Act or the relevant laws and regulations of the Mergers and Acquisitions Act.
- (10) There is no family relationship with other directors within the scope of a spouse or second-degree relatives.
- (11) There is no circumstance under the paragraphs of article 30 of the company act.
- (12) There is no any elected directors who is on behalf of a government, a legal person or its representative under the article 27 of company act.

(2)The diversity and independence of board of directors :

(A)Diversity of board of directors :

The members of the 11th Board of Directors of the company have rich knowledge of management, operational judgment and related industry knowledge, and the company will continue to evaluate the diversified complementarity of the board members, continue to implement the diversification policy, and the specific goals for the future include increasing the number of female directors (at least one seat) or the proportion of independent directors, all of which will be used as a reference for the next director re-election.

The composition of the board of directors of the company is based on the Code of Corporate Governance and the Method of director election to consider the diversity of the board of directors from various aspects. The company has a total of 7 directors, including 3 independent directors, who have extensive experience and expertise in the fields of finance, commerce, industrial technology and management. 1 director with employee status in the Company accounts for 14%, 2 independent directors have a term of less than 3 years, 1 independent director has a term of 4-6 years, 2 directors are over 70 years old, 4 are 60 to 69 years old, and 1 is under 60 years old. All directors are male and of Chinese nationality. More diversity of board members is as follows:

Diversity Name	Content							
	Nationality	Gender	Employed by EMC	Age			Tenure of independent director	
				51-60	61-70	71-80	< 3years	3-9 years
Dong Ding-Yu	ROC	Male	✓		✓			
Tsai, Fei Liang	ROC	Male			✓			
Lee, Wen Shiung	ROC	Male				✓		
Hsieh, Mon Chong	ROC	Male		✓				
Shen, Bing	ROC	Male				✓		✓
Cheng, Duen-Chian	ROC	Male			✓			✓
Chen, Hsi-Chiang	ROC	Female		✓			✓	

Name	Professional Background			Professional Qualification and Experience			
	Industry	Finance and accounting	Legal	Operating and Manufacturing	Leadership Skill	Strategic Decision-making	Global Market Perspective
Dong Ding-Yu	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
Tsai, Fei Liang	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓

Lee, Wen Shiung	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
Hsieh, Mon Chong	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
Shen, Bing	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Cheng, Duen-Chian	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Chen, Hsi-Chiag	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

(B)The independence of board of directors :

- a The company has a total of 7 directors, including 3 independent directors, of which 43% are independent directors, and the independent directors do not have the circumstances stipulated in items 3 and 4 of Article 26-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act, and none of the directors of the company have a relationship of kinship within the scope of spouse or second-degree relatives.
- b All independent directors are compliance with the regulations on independent directors stipulated by the Financial Supervisory Commission. The status of independence is as follows

Name	Whether the person, spouse, or relative within the second degree is a director, supervisor, or employee of the company or its affiliated companies	The number and proportion of the company's shares held by myself, spouse, and relatives within the second degree (or in the name of others)	Whether to serve as a director, supervisor or employee of a company with a specific relationship with the company	The amount of remuneration obtained for providing business, legal, financial, accounting and other services to the company or its affiliated companies in the last 2 years
Shen, Bing	No	No	No	No
Cheng, Duen-Chian	No	No	No	No
Chen, Hsi-Chiag	No	No	No	No

2.5. President, Vice President, Assistant Vice President, Managers of Departments and Branches

31 March 2024

Title	Nationality	Name Sex	Effective	Shareholding		Shareholding of Spouse & Minor Children		Holding shares in the name of another person		Curriculum Vitae	Other Positions	Managers who are spouses or within two degrees of kinship			Remarks
				Share	%	Share	%	Share	%			Title	Name	Relationship	
President	ROC	Dong Ding-Yu Male	29 Feb 2024	5,265,766	1.53	15,842	0.00	None		Ph.D. in Engineering, Stanford University, USA Assistant Professor, San Jose State University, USA	None	None			None
Senior Vice president	ROC	Sun, Michael Male	9 Aug 2018	0	0.00	0	0.00	None		Ph.D. in Chemical Engineering, University of Southern California Senior Vice President, SOCLE Technology Corporation VP of AUO Optonics Corp./ President of AUO Business Group	None				
Vice president	ROC	Peng, Yi-Ren Male	1 Apr 2011	147,774	0.04	0	0.00	None		Master in Chemistry, University of LAMAR, USA	None				
Vice resident	ROC	Chuang, Michael Male	1 Mar 2020	0	0.00	0	0.00	None		Master of Science, Duke University, USA General manager, PVC, Zhuhai BU Head, Liteon Mobile	VP of Elite Material(Zhongs han)				
Vice president	ROC	Chou, Li-Ming Male	19 May 2020	9,791	0.00	0	0.00	None		Master of Materials Science and Engineering, NTU Director, RD division	None				
Vice president	ROC	Yang, Danny Male	6 Sep 2021	22,049	0.01	0	0.00	None		Institute of Mechanical Engineering, Taiwan Institute of Industrial Technology VP, EMC president office AVP, EMC (KY)	None				
Vice president	ROC	Lee, De-Na Male	13 Sep 2021	2,000	0.00	0	0.00	None		Institute of Mechanical Engineer, CKVS AVP, EMC(ZS) AVP, EMC (KS)	None				

Vice president Jan 1, 2023	ROC	Lin, Michael Male	1 Jan 2023	0	0.00	4,000	0.00	None	Master in mechanical engineering, National Cheng-Kung University Celxpert energy corporation, COO EMC (KS), director	None		
Director (Corporate Governor) " March 1, 2023	ROC	Wesley-Lin Male	1 Mar 2023	0	0.00	0	0.00	None	Bachelor, Department of Business administration, Shih Chien University Manager of Audit Office, Elite Material Co., Ltd.	None		
Head of Accounting Department	ROC	Monica Lin Female	1 Mar 2024	0	0.00	0	0.00	None	Master, Institute of Financial Management, Eastern Michigan University Financial director of PHILIPS ELECTRONIC BUILDING ELEMENTS IND. Financial director of FEIYUAN TECHENOLGY Assistant Manager, Administration Department, TSEC Financial Director, Nanzi Branch of YAGEO CORPORATION Assistant of Financial Department and spokesman of RALEC ELECTRONIC CORPORATION	None		

3. Remuneration for directors, president and vice president

3.1.1 Remuneration paid to Directors and Independent Directors

Unit : NTD thousand

Title	Name	Remuneration								Ratio of Total Remuneration (I+II+III+IV) over Net Income (%)		Relevant Compensation Received by Directors Who Are Also employees								Ratio of Total Remuneration (I+II+III+IV+V+VI+VII) to Net Income (%)		Remuneration Paid to Directors from an Invested Company or the Company's Subsidiary
		Base Remuneration (I)		Severance Pay and Pension (II)		Directors' Remuneration from Distribution of Earnings (III)		Operating Allowances (IV)				Salary, Bonuses, and Allowances (V)		Severance Pay and Pension (VI)		Employees' Compensation from Distribution of Earnings (VII)						
		The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements	The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements	The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements	The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements	The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements	The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements	The Company		All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements		The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements			
Chairman	Dong, Ding Yu	0	0	0	0	25,857	25,857	269	269	26,126 0.48%	26,126 0.48%	13,376	14,461	0	0	1,508	0	1,508	0	41,010 0.75%	42,095 0.77%	None
Vice Chairman	Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd.																					
Director	Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd.																					

Director	Hsieh, Mon Chong																					
Independent Director	Shen, Bing	0	0	0	0	15,514	15,514	203	203	15,717 0.29%	15,717 0.29%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15,717 0.29%	15,717 0.29%	None
Independent Director	Cheng, Duen-Chian																					
Independent Director May 26, 2022 Onboard.	Chen, Hsi-Chia																					

(Note 1): Please state the policy, system, standard and structure of the independent director's honorarium payment, and describe the correlation with the amount of remuneration according to the responsibilities, risks, investment time and other factors undertaken: The remuneration of the general directors and independent directors of the company shall be not more than 1.2% of the remuneration of the directors if there is a profit in the year stipulated in the Articles of Association of the Company. The procedures for setting remuneration for directors are based on the Company's "Performance Assessment Method for the Board of Directors", not only with reference to the company's overall operating performance, future operational risks and development trends of the industry, but also to the individual's performance compliance rate and contribution to the company's performance. Considering the reasonable remuneration including the mastery of the company's goals and tasks, the understanding of the responsibilities of the directors, the degree of participation in the company's operations, the operation and communication of internal relationships, the professional and continuous training of directors, internal control, etc., into the performance appraisal and remuneration payment considerations, the relevant performance appraisal and remuneration rationality are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors, and the remuneration system is reviewed in a timely manner according to the actual operating conditions and relevant laws and regulations at any time, so as to seek a balance between the company's sustainable operation and risk control.

(Note 2): In addition to the above table, the remuneration received by the directors of the Company for the most recent year for the services provided by all companies in the financial report (e.g. as consultants to non-employees, etc.): None.

3.1.2 Bracket of Remuneration paid to Directors and Independent Directors

Bracket	Name of Directors			
	Total of (I + II + III + IV)		Total of (I + II + III + IV + V + VI + VII)	
	The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements	The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements
Under NT\$1,000,000				
NT\$1,000,000 ~ NT\$2,000,000				
NT\$2,000,000 ~ NT\$3,500,000				
NT\$3,500,000 ~ NT\$5,000,000				
NT\$5,000,000 ~ NT\$10,000,000	Fei-Liang Tsai ; Mon-Chang Hsieh ; Wen-Shiung Li ; Bing Shen ; Duen-Chian Cheng ; Chen, Hsi-Chia	Fei-Liang Tsai ; Mon-Chang Hsieh ; Wen-Shiung Li ; Bing Shen ; Duen-Chian Cheng ; Chen, Hsi-Chia	Fei-Liang Tsai ; Mon-Chang Hsieh ; Wen-Shiung Li ; Bing Shen ; Duen-Chian Cheng ; Chen, Hsi-Chia	Fei-Liang Tsai ; Mon-Chang Hsieh ; Wen-Shiung Li ; Bing Shen ; Duen-Chian Cheng ; Chen, Hsi-Chia
NT\$10,000,000 ~ NT\$15,000,000	Ding-Yu Dong	Ding-Yu Dong		
NT\$15,000,000 ~ NT\$30,000,000			Ding-Yu Dong	Ding-Yu Dong
NT\$30,000,000 ~ NT\$50,000,000				
NT\$50,000,000 ~ NT\$100,000,000				
NT\$100,000,000 and above				
Total	7	7	7	7

3.2.1 Remuneration paid to President, Senior Vice President, and Vice President

Unit : NTD thousand

Title	Name	Salary (I)		Severance Pay and Pension (II)		Compensation and Allowances (III)		Employees' Compensation from Distribution of Earnings (IV)				Ratio of Total Compensation (I+II+III+IV) to Net Income (%)		Compensation paid to President and Other Managers in This Table from an Invested Company other than the Company's Subsidiary
		The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements	The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements	The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements	The Company		All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements		The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements	
								Cash	Stock	Cash	Stock			
President (Dec 31,2023 Re-allocation)	Guan, En-Xiang	25,371	31,074	756	756	21,268	41,166	10,905	0	10,905	0	58,300 1.06%	83,902 1.53%	None
SVP	Sun, Michael													
VP	Peng, Yi-Ren													
VP	Chuang, Michael													
VP	Chou, Li-Ming													
VP	Yang, Danny													
VP	Lee, De-Na													
VP	Lin, Chien-Chen													
VP (Dec 8,2023 resigned)	Lin, Alan													
VP (Oct 6, 2023 resigned)	Lee, Stan													

Note 1 : Retirement pension is the amount of the company's retirement pension expense.

Note 2 : The above is the remuneration of the general manager and vice presidents in the most recent year (Year 2023).

3.2.2. Bracket of Compensation paid to President, Senior Vice President, and Vice President

Bracket	Name of President, and Vice Presidents	
	The Company	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements
Under NT\$1,000,000		
NT\$1,000,000 ~ NT\$2,000,000		
NT\$2,000,000 ~ NT\$3,500,000	Lin, Alan 、 Lee, De-Na	Lin, Alan
NT\$3,500,000 ~ NT\$5,000,000	Chuang, Michael 、 Lin, Chien-Chen 、 Lee, Stan	Lee, Stan
NT\$5,000,000 ~ NT\$10,000,000	Guan, En-Xiang 、 Sun, Michael 、 Peng, Ri-Ren 、 Chou, Li-Ming 、 Yang, Danny	Sun, Michael 、 Peng, Ri-Ren 、 Chou, Li-Ming 、 Yang, Danny 、 Lin, Chien-Chen 、 Lee, De-Na 、 Chuang, Michael
NT\$10,000,000 ~ NT\$15,000,000		
NT\$15,000,000 ~ NT\$30,000,000		Guan, En-Xiang
NT\$30,000,000 ~ NT\$50,000,000		
NT\$50,000,000 ~ NT\$100,000,000		
NT\$100,000,000 and above		
Total	10	10

3.3.1 Compensation Paid to Managers

31 December 2023/Unit: NT\$ thousands

Title	Name	Compensation (Stock)	Compensation (Cash)	Total amount	Ratio of Total Amount to Net Income (%)
Chairman	Dong, Ding-Yu	0	13,915	13,915	0.25%
President (Dec 31,2023 Re- allocation)	Guang, En-Xiang				
Senior Vice President	Sun, Michael				
Vice President	Peng, Yi-Ren				
Vice President	Chou, Li-Ming				
Vice President	Chuang Michael				
Vice President	Yang, Danny				
Vice President	Lee, De-Na				
Vice President	Lin, Chien-Chen				
Head of Corporate Governance	Wesley-Lin				
Director of Accounting Department (Re-appointed on March 1, 2024)	Monica-Lin				

3.3.2 The ratio of total remuneration paid by the Company and by all companies included in the consolidated financial statements for the two latest fiscal years to Directors, Presidents and Vice Presidents of the Company over net income:

	The Ratio of Total Paid Remuneration Over Net Income (%)			
	The Company			
	2022		2023	
	Total amount	Ratio of Total Amount to Net Income (%)	Total amount	Ratio of Total Amount to Net Income (%)
Directors	34,461	0.68%	41,010	0.75%
Independent Directors	14,282	0.28%	15,717	0.29%
President & Vice President	80,894	1.59%	58,300	1.06%
Net income	5,072,874	-	5,488,309	-

	The Ratio of Total Paid Remuneration Over Net Income (%)			
	All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements			
	2022		2023	
	Total amount	Ratio of Total Amount to Net Income (%)	Total amount	Ratio of Total Amount to Net Income (%)
Directors	41,933	0.83%	42,095	0.77%
Independent Directors	14,282	0.28%	15,717	0.29%
President & Vice President	93,023	1.83%	83,902	1.53%
Net income	5,072,874		5,488,309	

Remuneration policies, standards and combinations, procedures for determining remuneration, and relevance to business performance and future risks:

- According to Article 36-1 of the company's articles of association: If the company makes a profit in the year, 3% of the employee's compensation and no more than 1.2% of the director's compensation shall be provided. However, when the company still has accumulated losses, it should reserve the compensation amount in advance. When employees' compensation is distributed in stock or cash, the distribution target must include employees of subordinate companies that meet certain conditions, and the method shall be separately formulated by the board of directors.
- The remuneration of general directors and independent directors of the company, the remuneration committee reviews the degree of participation and contribution value of each director to the company's operations. The responsibilities of directors, the degree of participation in the company's operations, internal relationship management and communication, the directors' professional and continuous training, internal control, etc. are included in the performance appraisal and remuneration payment considerations and give reasonable remuneration, and the relevant performance appraisal and remuneration rationality are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors, and the remuneration system is reviewed in a timely manner according to the actual operating conditions and relevant laws and regulations at any time, so as to seek a balance between the company's sustainable operation and risk control.
- The company allocated 0.65% of directors' remuneration in the year of 2023 for the amount of NT\$ 41,372 thousand and paid director's carriage fee (attendance fee) of NT\$ 472 thousand.
- The salary and remuneration of the general manager and vice president of the company are reviewed by the salary and remuneration committee and approved according to the individual performance achievement rate and contribution. For the assessment items within the measures, such as: the revenue and profit of each factory to achieve the budget target, the loss of work hours in each factory is better than that of the previous year, and the internal control audit of each factory
- The company's remuneration policy considers the company's current year's operating results, financial situation and future capital utilization needs planning, and the assessment of future risks is also included in the scope of consideration to minimize the possibility of risk occurrence.

4. Corporate Governance

4.1 Board of Directors

Total eight meetings were convened by the Board of Directors in 2023. Attendance of each Director and Independent Director is as follows:

Title	Name	Attendance in Person	By Proxy	Attendance Rate	Remarks
Chairman	Dong, Ding-Yu	6	0	100%	
Vice Chairman	Tsai, Fei-Liang Representative of Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd.	5	1	83%	
Director	Li, Wen-Shiung Representative of Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd.	6	0	100%	
Director	Hsieh, Mon-Chang	5	1	83%	
Independent Director	Sheng, Bing	5	1	83%	
Independent Director	Cheng, Duen-Chian	6	0	100%	
Independent Director	Chen, Hsi-Chia	6	0	100%	

Other required disclosure:

(1) Should any circumstance described in Article 14-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act

Term	Date	Important Resolutions	The Opinions of Independent Directors and the Company's handling of the Opinions of Independent Directors
The 6th Board Meeting of the 12th term	23 Feb 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approved the proposal of manager changes. 2. Approved the increase of short-term credit lines. 3. Approved the formulation of the company's "Measures for the Implementation of Directors' Training 4. Approved the Year 2022 Declaration of Internal Control System. 5. Approved the company's personnel rotation plan. 6. Approved the capital expenditure plan of the Guanyin business division. 7. Accepted the proposal submitted by the Remuneration Committee about the directors' remuneration and managers' compensation of Year 2023. 8. Approved the proposal of Year 2022 directors' remuneration and employees' compensation. 9. Approved the Year 2022 business report and financial statements. 10. Approved the proposal of distribution of Year 2022 profits. 11. Approved the proposal of convening of the year 2023 annual general meetings related affairs. 	No objection Pass the case
The 7th Board Meeting of the 12th term	26 Apr 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Accepted the capital expenditure plan of the Guanyin business division. 2. Approved the capital expenditure plan of the Guanyin business 	

		<div>division.</div> <div>3. Approved the appointment of the company's certified accountant and assessment of independence and competency.</div> <div>4. Approved the company's financial report for the first quarter of 2023.</div> <div>5. Approved the overseas production site investment project of subsidiary, EMC (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.</div>		
The 8th Board Meeting of the 12th term	26 July 2023	<div>1. Approved the proposal of increase the amount of capital expenditure of KY site.</div> <div>2. Approved the recognition of the major property scrapping case of the company's mass lamination business unit.</div> <div>3. Approved the increase the amount of guarantee endorsed by the company.</div> <div>4. Approved the increase the amount of short-term credit lines of the company.</div> <div>5. Approved by KPMG Malaysia and its affiliates for non-trusted services.</div> <div>6. Approved the amendment to the company's "Management Procedures for Related Party Transactions".</div> <div>7. Approved the appointment of directors of the company's subsidiaries.</div> <div>8. Approved the year 1H23 annual financial report.</div> <div>9. Approved the capital expenditure of the company's subsidiaries.</div>	No objection Pass the case	
The 9th Board Meeting of the 12th term	25 Oct 2023	<div>1. Approved the establishment of the base date for the company's fifth domestic unsecured conversion bonds into common shares and the issuance of new shares.</div> <div>2. Approved the increase of the endorsement of the company.</div> <div>3. Approved the recognition of the major property scrapping and capital expenditure of the company's mass lamination business unit.</div> <div>4. Approved the audit plan for year 2024.</div> <div>5. Approved the work plan of the company's remuneration committee for 2024 and the adjustment of the annual performance bonus payment principles for 2023.</div> <div>6. Approved the company's consolidated financial report for the third quarter of 2023</div> <div>7. Approved the indirect foreign investment of the company.</div>	No objection Pass the case	
The 10th Board Meeting of the 12th term	28 Nov 2023	<div>1. Approved the acquisition of right-of-use assets of the company's subsidiaries.</div>	No objection Pass the case	
The 11th Board Meeting of the 12th term	20 Dec 2023	<div>1. Approved the change of managers of the company.</div> <div>2. Approved the recognition of the major property scrapping case of the company's mass lamination business unit.</div> <div>3. Approved the increase or decrease of the company's short-term credit line</div> <div>4. Approved the decrease of the company's mid- to long-term credit limit.</div> <div>5. Approved the company's year 2023 accountant's public expense review.</div> <div>6. Approved the general principle plan for the company's pre-approved non-confidential service policy.</div> <div>7. Approved the re-appointment of directors and supervisors of the subsidiaries.</div> <div>8. Approved the transfer of capital reserves to paid in capital of the company's subsidiary "EMC Materials (Kunshan) Co., Ltd."</div> <div>9. Approved the capital expenditure of the subsidiary, EMC (Penang) Co., Ltd. for building a factory.</div> <div>10. Approved the capital expenditure of subsidiary, EMD Specialty</div>	No objection Pass the case	

		Materials, LLC (ARLON EMD US subsidiary). 11. Approved the company's loan to EMD Specialty Materials, LLC (ARLON EMD's US subsidiary). 12. Approved the proposal of group budget and capital expenditure of year 2024.		
<p>(2) In addition to the aforementioned matters, other resolutions of the board of directors that have been objected or reserved by independent directors and have records or written statements: None</p> <p>(3) Should there be any director neither joining discussion nor exercising the voting rights in board meetings for the resolution which he/she has personal interests, the name of such director, the contents of the said resolution, the reasons such director has personal interests, and the voting results shall be specified: None</p> <p>(4) The board of directors (peer) valuation cycles, periods, scopes, ways and content of board of directors:</p>				
Method	Period	Context	Evaluation	Date
Self-assessment of board of directors.	From : Jan 1, 2023 To : Dec 31, 2023	Nine aspects, 36 indicators 1. The mission and goals of the company 2. Internal control and risks of the company 3. Management of internal relations 4. Management of external relations 5. Composition and capabilities of the board of directors 6. Board culture 7. Operation of the board of directors 8. Chairman/Chairperson of the meeting 9. Self-evaluation of directors	According to the evaluation indicators and evaluation standards, the performance evaluation of the company's board of directors in year 2023 was in the middle to high end range (Between 4.79-5.00 points).	Dec 20, 2023
Self-assessment of audit committee	From : Jan 1, 2023 To : Dec 31, 2023	Five aspects, 14 indicators 1. Degree of participation in company operations 2. Understanding of responsibilities of functional committees 3. Improve the decision-making quality of functional committees 4. Functional committee composition and member selection 5. Internal Control	According to the evaluation indicators and evaluation standards, the performance evaluation of the company's audit committee in year 2023 was in the high-end range (5.00 points).	Dec 20, 2023
Self-assessment of remuneration committee	From : Jan 1, 2023 To : Dec 31, 2023	Four aspects, 13 indicators 1. Degree of participation in company operations 2. Understanding of responsibilities of functional committees 3. Improve the decision-making quality of functional committees 4. Functional committee composition and member selection	According to the evaluation indicators and evaluation standards, the performance evaluation of the company's remuneration committee in year 2023 was in the high-end range (5.00 points).	Dec 20, 2023
<p>In accordance with the Code of Practice for Corporate Governance of Listed OTC companies, the company was approved by the board of directors in 2020 to formulate the "Measures for Performance Evaluation of the Board of Directors of EMC Co., Ltd." Every year, the members of the board of directors and the board of directors conduct internal self-evaluation to conduct the performance evaluation of the board of directors of the year, and it is stipulated that the evaluation should be carried out by an external professional independent organization or a team of external experts and scholars at least every three years. In 2022, the company entrusted the "Taiwan Board of Directors Performance Association" to perform an external evaluation of the effectiveness of the board of directors (period 2019/1-2022/9). Structure, selection and training, operation participation, decision-making quality, internal control, and environment, society and corporate governance (ESG) and value creation, etc. 7 aspects, 70 indicators,</p>				

assessed by means of questionnaires and on-site visits, An evaluation report was issued on Dec 7th, 2022, and the company reported the evaluation results to the board of directors on Dec 21, 2022 and sought improvements.

Type	Timeframe	Scope	Evaluation
Self-Assessment,	From : Jan 1, 2022 To : Dec 31, 2022	Nine aspects, 36 indicators 1. The mission and goals of the company 2. Internal control and risks of the company 3. Management of internal relations 4. Management of external relations 5. Composition and capabilities of the board of directors 6. Board culture 7. Operation of the board of directors 8. Chairman/Chairperson of the meeting 9. Self-evaluation of directors	According to the evaluation indicators and evaluation standards, the performance evaluation of the company's board of directors in year 2022 was in the middle to high evaluation range (96 points).
Board of Directors	From : Jan 1, 2022 To : Dec 31, 2022	Two aspects, 7 indicators Comply with relevant laws and regulations 1. Compliance with matters that should be brought to the board of directors for discussion according to law 2. Whether the board meeting is held at least once a quarter 3. Observance of director's avoidance of interests Participation in company operations 1. Supervise and understand the implementation of business plans, the expression of financial statements, audit reports and their tracking 2. Assessing the independence of accountants 3. Assess and supervise the company's existing or potential risks 4. Communication and interaction with the company's management	

- (5) Evaluation of the goals and implementation of strengthening the functions of the board of directors in the current year and the most recent year: The company has set up an audit committee and a salary and remuneration committee to assist the board of directors in fulfilling its supervisory responsibilities respectively.

4.2 Audit Committee

The audit committee of the company is composed of 3 independent directors. The audit committee aims to assist the directors to perform their supervision on the company's quality and integrity in the implementation of accounting, auditing, financial reporting processes and financial control.

The Audit Committee met 6 times in 2023, and the matters considered mainly include:

1. Major asset transactions and foreign investment cases.
2. Internal control system and related policies and procedures.
3. Amendments to the procedures for acquiring or disposing of assets.
4. Endorsement guarantee and capital increase of affiliated enterprises.
5. Proposal for deliberation of accountants' public expenses.

Review financial reports

1. The board of directors prepared the company's year 2022 annual business report, financial statements, and profit distribution proposals, among which the financial statements were audited and completed by entrusting KPMG Accounting Firm, and an audit report was issued. The above-mentioned business report, financial statements and profit distribution proposal have been checked by the audit committee, and there is no discrepancy
2. Consolidated financial statements for the first quarter, second quarter, and third quarter of year 2023

Title	Name	Attendance in Person	By Proxy	Attendance Rate	Remarks
Independent Director	Sheng, Bing	5	1	83%	
Independent Director	Cheng, Duen-Chian	6	0	100%	
Independent Director	Chen, Hsi-Chia	6	0	100%	

Other required disclosure:

(1) Should any circumstance described in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act and any resolution

Term	Proposals	Resolutions
The 5th meeting of the 3th term dated as 23 Feb 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approved the Year 2022 Declaration of Internal Control System. 2. Approved the company's personnel rotation plan. 3. Approved the capital expenditure plan of the Guanyin business division. 4. Approved the Year 2022 business report and financial statements. 5. Approved the proposal of distribution of Year 2022 profits. 	<p>Resolved.</p> <p>All members vote For both proposals.</p>
The 6th meeting of the 3th term dated as 26 Apr 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Accepted the capital expenditure plan of the Guanyin business division. 2. Approved the capital expenditure plan of the Guanyin business division. 3. Approved the appointment of the company's certified accountant and assessment of independence and competency. 4. Approved the company's financial report for the first quarter of 2023. 5. Approved the overseas production site investment project of subsidiary, EMC (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. 	
The 7th meeting of the 3th term dated as 26 July 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approved the proposal of increase the amount of capital expenditure of KY site. 	

		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Approved the recognition of the major property scrapping case of the company's mass lamination business unit. 3. Approved the increase the amount of guarantee endorsed by the company. 4. Approved by KPMG Malaysia and its affiliates for non-trusted services. 5. Approved the year 1H23 annual financial report. 6. Approved the capital expenditure of the company's subsidiaries. 	
	The 8th meeting of the 3rd term dated as 25 Oct 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approved the proposal of increase the amount of capital expenditure of KY site. 2. Approved the recognition of the major property scrapping case of the company's mass lamination business unit. 3. Approved the establishment of the base date for the company's fifth domestic unsecured conversion bonds into common shares and the issuance of new shares. 4. Approved the increase of the endorsement of the company. 5. Approved the recognition of the major property scrapping and capital expenditure of the company's mass lamination business unit. 6. Approved the company's consolidated financial report for the third quarter of 2023 7. Approved the indirect foreign investment of the company. 	
	The 9th meeting of the 3th term dated as 28 Nov 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approved the acquisition of right-of-use assets of the company's subsidiaries. 	
	The 10th meeting of the 3th term dated as 20 Dec 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approved the recognition of the major property scrapping case of the company's mass lamination business unit. 2. Approved the company's year 2023 accountant's public expense review. 3. Approved the general principle plan for the company's pre-approved non-confidential service policy. 4. Approved the transfer of capital reserves to paid in capital of the company's subsidiary "EMC Materials (Kunshan) Co., Ltd." 5. Approved the capital expenditure of the subsidiary, EMC (Penang) Co., Ltd. for building a factory. 6. Approved the capital expenditure of subsidiary, EMD Specialty Materials, LLC (ARLON EMD US subsidiary). 7. Approved the company's loan to EMD Specialty Materials, LLC (ARLON EMD's US subsidiary). 	

- (2) Should any circumstance described in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act and any resolution on which the Audit Committee had a dissenting or qualified opinion occur with the approval of two thirds or more of the entire Board of Directors, the dates and sessions of the said board meetings, the contents of the said resolutions, opinions of the Audit Committee, and measures the Company had in responding to such opinions shall be specified: None
- (3) Should there be any independent director neither joining discussion nor exercising the voting rights in board meetings for the resolution which he/she has personal interests, the name of such independent director, the contents of the said resolution, the reasons such independent director has personal interests, and the voting results shall be specified: None
- (4) Communications between Independent Directors and the chief internal auditor and CPAs of the Company (for instance, the ways and topics that the aforesaid parties discuss on the financial and business situations of the Company, and the conclusions of their discussions):

- a. The Audit Committee comprises of all three Independent Directors of the Company.
- b. Internal Audit Office shall submit reports, including the auditing plan and the execution of such plan, to the Audit Committee for review and examination periodically. Should unusual matters, likely to cause material breach of regulations or material damage to the Company, occur during the auditing process, the chief internal auditor shall report to the Audit Committee immediately. The Audit Committee shall maintain thorough and sufficient communications with the chief internal auditor.
- c. The CPAs of the Company shall commute the quarterly reports of the auditing results in the quarterly Audit Committee meetings. Should unusual matters occur, the CPA shall report to Audit Committee members immediately. The Audit Committee shall maintain thorough and sufficient communications with the CPAs of the Company.

4.3 Corporate governance execution results and deviations from “Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies”

Item	Implementation status			Deviations from “Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM listed Companies” and explanations
	Yes	No	Summary	
Has the company formulated and disclosed its own corporate governance best practice principles in accordance with “Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies”?	V		The company has formulated “Corporate Governance Principles” to promote the protection of shareholders’ interests, improvement of functions of board of directors, and the transparency of the Company’s information; meanwhile, to encourage the declaration of rights of interested parties. The said principle can be viewed and downloaded from the company website.	None
(2) Shareholding structure and shareholders’ rights: a. Has the company established internal operating procedures to handle shareholder proposals, doubts, disputes, and litigation related issues, and practically implemented such procedures?	V		The company has designated Stock Transfer Agent, and has appointed personnel to be in charge of stock affairs and investor relations. The said agent and personnel have handled shareholder proposals, doubts, disputes, and litigation related issues in compliance with relevant laws and regulations and the company’s Articles of Incorporation.	None
b. Has the company kept a list of major shareholders and a list of ultimate owners of these major shareholders?	V		The company, at all time, keeps updated shareholding information of directors, managers, and major shareholders with a percentage holding of 10% and more, and the ultimate owners of these major shareholders. If change in ownership occurs, the company follows the relevant regulations to disclose related information.	None
c. Has the company established and operated a risk management mechanism and “firewall” between the Company and its affiliates?	V		To manage the potential risk and establish a “firewall” between the company and its affiliates, the company and its affiliates have already established and implemented “Procedures for Acquisition and Disposition of Assets”, “Procedures for Lending of Capital to Others”, and “Procedures for Endorsements and Guarantees”.	None
d. Has the company established internal rules to prohibit company insiders from trading securities using information not disclosed to the market?	V		The Company has established the “Procedures for Handling Material Inside Information” and “Procedures for Preventing Insider Trading” to prohibit company insiders from trading securities using information not disclosed to the market. The Company has performed internal self-evaluation, and the Audit Office has audited the implementation of the said procedures periodically.	None

<p>(3) Composition and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors:</p> <p>a. Have members of the board of directors formulated diverse policies and implemented them accordingly?</p>	V	<p>Article 16 of the company's Code of Practice on Corporate Governance provides that the composition of its board of directors shall consider diversity, and that, in addition to serving as a director of the company's managers, it shall not exceed one third of the board seats and formulate appropriate diversification guidelines for its own operation, mode of operation and development needs, which shall include, but are not limited to, the following two criteria:</p> <p>(1) Basic conditions and values: gender, age, nationality and culture.</p> <p>(2) Expertise and skills: professional background (e.g. law, accounting, industry, finance, marketing or technology), professional skills and industry experience, etc.</p> <p>Board members should generally have the knowledge, skills and literacy necessary to perform their duties. In order to achieve the ideal goal of corporate governance, the board of directors as a whole should have the following capabilities:</p> <p>(1) Operational judgment.</p> <p>(2) Accounting and financial analysis capabilities.</p> <p>(3) Management capacity.</p> <p>(4) Crisis management capacity.</p> <p>(5) Industry knowledge.</p> <p>(6) International market view.</p> <p>(7) Leadership.</p> <p>(8) Decision-making ability.</p> <p>2. Diversity implementation of board members: Footnote (1)</p>	None
<p>b. In addition to establishing a Remuneration Committee and an Audit Committee, has the Company voluntarily established other types of functional committees?</p>	V	<p>In addition to Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee, The Company has not yet established other functional committees.</p>	Ditto
<p>c. Has the company established a Board performance assessment method, and have performance evaluations been conducted annually?</p>	V	<p>The company has formulated the "Performance Assessment Measures of the Board of Directors" and, with the approval of the board of directors on 31 July 2020, the following aspects shall be decided by the Members of the Board:</p> <p>1. Compliance with relevant laws and regulations (compliance with matters discussed by the board of directors in accordance with the law, whether the board of directors meeting is convened at least once a quarter, and comply the interests of directors are avoided)</p>	None

			<p>2. Level of operational involvement in the company (monitoring and understanding of the execution of the operating plan, expression of financial statements, audit reports and their tracking, assessment of the independence of accountants, assessment of risks existing or potential to monitor the company, communication and interaction with company management)</p> <p>Conduct the annual board performance evaluation by means of internal self-assessment. The results of the year 2023 performance appraisal of the Board of Directors of the Company are in the mid-to-high level, and the results of the evaluation were reported by the Board of Directors on 20 December 2023, and the above-mentioned evaluation results are also used as a reference for the payment of remuneration and the nomination of renewal.</p>	
d. Has the company evaluated the independence of CPAs on a regular basis?	V		<p>The Company's Accounting Department annually evaluates the independence and qualifications of its CPAs. According to the evaluation of Accounting Department, the accountants, Ms. Yi-Chun Chen and Ms. Hsiao-Ling Chiang of KPMG, both meet the requirements of independence of the Company (Note 1). And KPMG has issued a letter of declaration of independence (please refer to section 3.4). The said evaluation report and the letter of declaration have been submitted to the Board for approval in the meeting of board of directors convened on 26 April 2023. (Note 1)</p>	None
(4) Has the company designated a full-time (or part-time) unit or personnel to be in charge of corporate governance affairs (including, but not limited to, providing Directors and Supervisors with information needed to conduct businesses, handling matters about Board of Directors meeting and Shareholders' Meeting in compliance with laws, handling company registration and change in the company registration, document meeting minutes of Board of Director meetings and Shareholders' Meetings)?	V		<p>The company passed a board of directors' resolution on Feb 23, 2023 to assign Wesley Lin as the head of corporate governance. The main responsibilities of head of corporate governance are to handle matters related to board of directors and shareholders' meetings, producing the minutes of the board of directors and shareholders' meetings, assisting directors to take office and continuing education, and providing the information necessary for directors to perform business, assist directors to follow laws and regulations.</p> <p>The key business operations in 2023 are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Convened 6 times of board of director meetings and 6 times of audit committee to provide board meeting and audit committee meetings with materials to each director. 	None

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Responsible for the announcement of major information on major resolutions on the day after the board of directors and shareholders' meeting. ● The AGM held in 31st May, 2023. ● Evaluate the purchase of "directors and important staff insurance" with an appropriate amount of insurance and complete the insurance application on December 20, 2023, and report the content of the insurance to the board of directors. ● Irregularly provide directors with relevant training information, reminding them to follow the prescribed hours of training and complete relevant reporting tasks in accordance with the "Implementation Key Points of Training for Directors and Supervisors of Listed Companies". <p>Training records : Please refer to Note 2.</p>	
(5) Has the company established a communication channel for interested parties, a company website dedicated to interested parties, and appropriately responded to the main social responsibility issues which are critical to the interested parties?	V		The company has established spokesperson and deputy spokesperson to communicate with investors and other interested parties such as press and media. In addition, the Company has designated full-time personnel to be in charge of stock affairs and communication with other interested parties. The contact information of the responsible personnel can be found in the Company's website.	None
(6) Has the company commissioned a professional stock service agent to handle matters about shareholders' meetings?	V		The company has commissioned Oriental Securities Co., Ltd. to assist and handle matters about shareholders' meetings.	None
(7) Information disclosure a. Has the company set up a corporate website to disclose information on financial, business and its corporate governance?	V		The Company has established a multi-language website (www.emctw.com) to disclose information on financial, business, and corporate governance. Those information can also be viewed on the Market Observatory Post System (MOPS) operated by the Taiwan Stock Exchange.	None
b. Has the company adopted other information disclosure channels (i.e. English website; designated appropriate personnel to be in charge of Company information collection and disclosure, implemented the spokesperson system, uploaded the investor conference presentations on the Company's website, etc.)?	V		The Company has designated appropriate persons to collect information for public disclosure. Investor conference and analyst meeting are held periodically. Those information are disclosed on the Company website or the MOPS system operated by the Taiwan Stock Exchange. The Company also has established a spokesperson system, including spokesperson and deputy spokesperson.	None

c. Has the company announce and file annual report within 2 months after the accounting calendar year ends, and compliance with regulations that announce and file for first quarter, second quarter, third quarter and monthly revenue in advanced ?		V	The company's consolidated and individual financial reports in 2022 and 2023 completed the announcement and declaration on February 23, 2023 and February 29, 2024; the financial reports for the first, second and third quarters of 2023 and the monthly revenue were all earlier than nounce and declare at theMOPS before the specified deadline, and upload it to the company's website simultaneously.	None
(8) Does the company have other critical information which can help others to understand the implementation of corporate governance (including, but not limited to, employee welfare, staff care, investor relations, vendor relations, interested parties' rights, training for Director, risk management policies and risk measurement standard implementation progress, customer policy implementation progress, and the Company's purchase of liability insurance for Directors)?				
a. Employee rights and interests, and staff care		V	<p>In compliance with laws and regulations, the Company has an employee welfare committee that appropriates welfare funds and manages various welfare activities for employees. The Company also provide training courses to cultivate employee talents and enhance safety requirements of operations.</p> <p>The Company complies with all pertinent labor regulations and the International Bill of Human Rights, and have established and adjusted internal management systems accordingly. For instance, we do not, and will not, recruit children under the age of 15. We ensure that our recruitment policy does not discriminate based on gender, ethnicity, age, marital status, and/or family conditions, and our practices ensure the equality of salaries, recruitment conditions, trainings, and career advancement opportunities. The Company also ensures a working environment that all employees are protected from not being bullied, discriminated, and harassed.</p> <p>Employees are informed the contact details, including email, phone number, and mail box, of the Human Resources Department, which handles employee grievances. Each case will</p>	None

			be handled by a dedicated person.	
b. Investor relations, vendors' relations, rights of interested parties	V		The company has established a spokesperson system, including spokesperson and deputy spokesperson, to respond to requests and opinions from the investing public and interested parties. The Company also designates a full-time IR personnel to serve the needs of professional institutional investors. Vendors' relationship is well maintained by the chief of the procurement department.	None
c. The purchase of liability insurance for Directors	V		The company has purchased liability insurance for each Director, and reviewed the insurance coverage program on annual basis.	None
d. Risk management policies and risk measurement standard implementation progress	V		The Company has, in compliance with laws and regulations, formulate internal procedures to measure and manage risks. The procedures include "Procedures for Prohibiting Insider Trading" and "Procedures for Handling Material Inside Information" to prevent inside trading. The Audit Office implements the auditing process on periodical basis, and each unit is required to perform sustainable report every year.	None
e. Customer policy implementation progress	V		The Company has maintained a stable relationship with customers in accordance with the internal guidelines. To ensure the Company will be able to meet the demand of customers, the Company consistently obtain better understanding of customers' situations and continuously improve the product quality.	None
f. The training record of directors	V		Please refer to Note 3.	None
(9) Please explain the improvement of the corporate governance evaluation results released by the Corporate Governance Center of Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation in the most recent year, and propose priority enhancements and measures for those that have not been improved: The company continues to improve the company's website in accordance with the corporate governance blueprint and annual report disclosures.				

Note:1

1. Criteria to evaluate the independence of CPAs (The following criteria are formulated in accordance with the Article 47 of the Accountant Law and the requirement of “Integrity, Objectivity and Independence” stipulated in the Bulletin No. 10 of the Professional Ethics of CPAs of the Republic of China):

Accreditation of Accountants Independence Assessment Form	Compliance with independence	
	Yes	No
a. The CPAs have voluntarily terminated their services and transferred to other qualified ones in compliance with relevant regulations in past seven years until the latest audit/review of financial statements	V	
b. Not having a material financial interest in the audit client.	V	
c. Avoid having an inappropriate relationship with the audit client.	V	
d. The CPA firm shall ensure its employees follow the requirement of “Integrity, Objectivity, and Independence”.	V	
e. The CPA shall not audit and/or review the financial statements of an organization by which he or she has been employed and not separated with the organization for less than two years.	V	
f. The CPA shall not permit others to practice under his or her name.	V	
g. The CPA does not hold stakes in the Company or the affiliated entities of the Company.	V	
h. The CPA shall not borrow from or lend to the Company or the affiliated entities of the Company.	V	
i. The CPA shall not cooperate with the Company or the affiliated entities of the Company to invest in the same business or make profit-sharing arrangement with the Company or the affiliated entities of the Company.	V	
j. The CPA shall not be concurrently employed by the Company or the affiliated entities of the Company to conduct routine business and receive a consistent salary.	V	
k. The CPA shall not be involved in the management decision making of the Company or the affiliated entities of the Company.	V	
l. The CPA shall not engage in the conduct that could jeopardize the independence.	V	
m. The CPA is not the spouse, a lineal consanguinity, a direct affinity, or a collateral consanguinity within two degree of kinship of the management team of the Company.	V	
n. The CPA shall not receive any commission related to the practice performed.	V	
o. Matters could compromise or jeopardize the independence of the CPA were not found until the date the annual report published.	V	

Note:2

Date	Host	Name	Hour
26 Apr, 2023	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Capture the global economic situation and technological pulse - key issues for enterprises	3
23 May, 2023	TWSE, OTC	Publicity meeting on sustainable development action plans for listed companies	3
26 July, 2023	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Diversified management of external influences to create positive corporate value	3
23 Nov, 2023	Securities & Futures Institute	Corporate governance trends and sustainable development of companies	3
12 Dec, 2023	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	The 19th (2023) International Summit Forum on Corporate Governance—Creating a new situation in governance and enhancing corporate value	6
Total			18

Note:3 Training for Directors and Independent Directors

Title	Name	Study Date	Sponsoring Organization	Name of the Course	Study Hours
Chairman	Dong, Ding-Yu	26 April 23	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Capture the global economic situation and technological pulse - key issues for enterprises	3
		09 May 23	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	How to create peaks and operate sustainably in the globalized competitive market	3
		11 July 23	Taiwan Academy of Banking and Finance	Today and Tomorrow of Industrial AI-Chat GPT Impact and Enterprise Response	3
					9
Director	Tsai, Fei-Liang	26 April 23	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Capture the global economic situation and technological pulse - key issues for enterprises	3
		26 July 23	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Diversified management of external influences to create positive corporate value	3
Total					6
Director	Hsieh, Mon-Chang	4 July 23	TWSE	2023 Cathay Sustainable Finance and Climate Change Summit Forum	6
Total					6
Director	Li, Wen-Shiung	12 April 23	Taiwan Institute of Directors	PCB industry’s strategies for energy conservation, carbon reduction and green power procurement	3
		26 April 23	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Capture the global economic situation and technological pulse - key issues for enterprises	3
		26 July 23	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Diversified management of external influences to create positive corporate value	3
Total					9
Independent Director	Sheng, Bing	26 July 23	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Diversified management of external influences to create positive corporate value	3
		2 Aug 23	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Trends and risk management of digital technology and artificial intelligence	3
Total					6
Independent Director	Cheng, Duen-Chian	26 April 23	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Capture the global economic situation and technological pulse - key issues for enterprises	3
		26 July 23	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Diversified management of external influences to create positive corporate value	3

			Association		
Total					6
Independent Director	Chen, Hsi-Chia	26 April 23	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Capture the global economic situation and technological pulse - key issues for enterprises	3
		26 July 23	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Diversified management of external influences to create positive corporate value	3
Total					6

4.4 Remuneration Committee

8.4.1 Information of Remuneration Committee Members

<div> <div>Condition</div> <div>Identity</div> <div>Name</div> </div>		Professional qualification	Curriculum Vitae	Independence situations (Meet the criteria of Note 1)	The number of independent directors of the other public offering company
Independent Director (Commissioner)	Shen, Bing	Have the work experience in business, legal, finance, accounting or corporate business	Chief Investment Officer, International Bank Corporation Executive Director, Morgan Stanley & Co. Vice President, China Development Industrial Bank President, CDIB Partners Investment Holding Corporation	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)	
Independent Director	Cheng, Duen-Chian	Have the work experience in business, legal, finance, accounting or corporate business	President, UMC Capital Corporation Managing Director, Union Investment Management Consulting Co, Ltd. Executive Director/President of Taiwan Branch, Morgan Stanley Asia Limited Executive Director, Goldman Sachs Asia L.L.C.	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)	2
Independent Director	Chen, Hsi-Chia	Have the work experience in business, legal, finance, accounting or corporate business	Managing Partner, Chen & Chang, Attorneys-at-Law. Member, Standing Committee of ICC International Centre for ADR Convenor, Taiwan Chapter of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators (CIArb) East Asia Branch. Independent Director, Asia Renewable Energy (Cayman) Ltd.	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)	

Note 1 : Each director meets the following conditions in the two years prior to the election and during his or her term of office.

- (1) An employee who is not employed by the company or its affiliates.
- (2) Directors or supervisors who are served as the position of the same company or affiliated enterprises (except where the company and its parent company, subsidiaries or subsidiaries of the same parent company are established as independent directors in accordance with this Act or local national decrees).
- (3) A natural person shareholder who is not a natural person who holds more than 1% of the total number of issued shares of the company or holds in the name of others or the top 10 shareholders.
- (4) The spouse, second degree or third degree relatives of managers not listed in (1) or (2) or (3) listed persons.
- (5) A director, supervisor or employee who does not directly hold more than 5% of the total number of issued shares of the company, the top five shareholders or the legal person shareholders designated as directors or supervisors of the company in accordance with article 27, paragraphs 1 or 2 of the company Act (except where the company and its parent company, subsidiaries or subsidiaries of the same parent company are established by this law or local laws and regulations).

- (6) More than half of the shares that are not seated or have voting rights in the directors of the company shall be directors, supervisors or employees of other companies controlled by the same person (except where they are independent directors of the company or its parent, subsidiary or subsidiary of the same parent company established in accordance with this Act or local national decrees).
- (7) Directors, supervisors or employees of other companies or institutions that are not the same person as the chairman, president or equivalent of the company or spouse (except where the company and its parent company, subsidiaries or subsidiaries of the same parent company are established as independent directors in accordance with this Law or local national laws).
- (8) Directors, supervisors, president or shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares of a particular company or institution that do not have financial or business dealings with the company (unless a particular company or institution holds more than 20% of the total number of issued shares of the company, not more than 50%, and is an independent director of the company and its parent company, subsidiaries or subsidiaries of the same parent company in accordance with this Law or local national laws).
- (9) Professionals, sole proprietors, partners, directors, supervisors, managers and their spouses who do not provide audits for the company or related enterprises or have obtained remuneration in the past two years in the past two years in a commercial, legal, financial, accounting and other related services of NT\$500,000. However, this does not apply to members of the Remuneration Committee, the Public Takeover Review Committee or the Special Committee on Mergers and Acquisitions who perform their functions under the Securities and Exchange Act or the relevant laws and regulations of the Mergers and Acquisitions Act.
- (10) There is no family relationship with other directors within the scope of a spouse or second-degree relatives.
- (11) There is no circumstance under the paragraphs of article 30 of the company act.
- (12) There is no any elected directors who is on behalf of a government, a legal person or its representative under the article 27 of company act.

8.4.2 Executive Status of Remuneration Committee

- A. The number of committee members of the company is three.
- B. The tenure of current Remuneration Committee is from 26 May 2022 to 25 May 2025.
- C. The Remuneration Committee held three times in 2023, and the attendance status of members in most recent year is disclosed as follows:

Title	Name	Attendance in Person	By Proxy	Attendance Rate	Remarks
Independent Director Commissioner	Shen, Bing	1	1	50%	
Independent Director	Cheng, Duen-Chian	2	0	100%	
Independent Director	Chen, Hsi-Chia	2	0	100%	
Other required disclosure: (1) Should Board of Directors reject or amend the proposal of Remuneration Committee, the dates and sessions of the said board meetings, the contents of the said resolutions, opinions of the Remuneration Committee, and measures the Company had in responding to such opinions shall be specified (for instance, the Board of Directors resolved a remuneration package that is better than the proposed remuneration by the Committee, the difference and reasons shall be specified): None (2) Should any resolution on which the member of Remuneration Committee have a dissenting or qualified opinion occur and such opinion be recorded or be expressed by writing notice, the dates and sessions of the said Remuneration Committee meetings, the contents of the said resolutions, opinions of the Remuneration Committee members, and measures the Company had in responding to such opinions shall be specified: None					

- D. Resolutions resolved by the Remuneration Committee in year 2023:

	Proposals	Resolutions	Measures the Company had
The 3th meeting of the 5th term dated as 23 Feb 2023	1. To approve the planned remuneration of Directors and compensation of employees for year 2023. 2. To approve the distribution of remuneration of Directors and compensation of employees for year 2022.	Resolved. All members vote For all proposals.	The resolution was submitted to the Board of Directors Meeting and obtain approval from the Board.
The 4th meeting of the 5th term dated as 25 Oct 2023	1. Discussion of the Year 2024 working plan for the remuneration committee. 2. . Discuss director remuneration allocation ratios.	Resolved. All members vote For the proposal.	The resolution was submitted to the Board of Directors Meeting and obtain approval from the Board.

8.4.3 Information on the members of the Nomination Committee and information on their operations: Not applicable

4.5 Circumstances and reasons for the implementation of sustainable development promotion and the differences with the code of practice for sustainable development of listed companies

Item	Execution status			Differences and reasons for the code of practice for sustainable development with listed companies
	Yes	No	Summary	
(1) Has the company established a governance framework to promote sustainable development, and set up a full-time (part-time) unit to promote sustainable development, which is handled by senior management authorized by the board of directors, and the board of directors supervises the situation?	V		<p>In order to fulfill corporate social responsibility and implement the sustainable management philosophy, the Board of Directors has adopted the Code of Practice for Corporate Social Responsibility, and since 2020, it has established a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee (CSR Committee) to implement corporate social responsibility and carry out specific plans for sustainable management. The CSR Committee has four working groups, including the Corporate Governance/Economics Group, the Supply Chain/Green Products Group, the Employee Care/Social Participation Group, and the Sustainable Environment Group, and the members of each group are composed of the heads of relevant units and departments or their representatives, who are responsible for the collection, planning, evaluation and implementation of information on various topics.</p> <p>The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee is responsible for formulating and reviewing corporate social responsibility policies, systems and management guidelines. The Chairman of the Board of Directors is the highest level of the Committee and authorizes the Head of Corporate Governance to promote and implement corporate governance and corporate social responsibility in accordance with the relevant management measures, and submits it to the Board of Directors.</p>	None
(2) Has the company established a governance framework to promote sustainable development, and set up a full-time (part-time) unit to promote sustainable development, which is handled by senior management authorized by the board of directors, and the board of directors supervises the situation?	V		<p>In response to changes in the global economic environment and perpetual risks, the Company identifies and grasps the relevant risks that may affect the sustainable development of enterprises according to the three major aspects of the economy (including corporate governance), environment and society, and minimizes possible risks through relevant management strategies and countermeasures such as risk transfer, reduction and avoidance, and even transforms them into operational opportunities.</p> <p>The company's risk management policy is to define all kinds of risks in accordance with the company's overall operating policy, establish a risk management mechanism of early identification, accurate measurement, effective supervision and strict control,</p>	None

			prevent possible losses within the scope of bearable risks, continuously adjust and improve the best risk management practices according to changes in the internal and external environment, in order to protect the interests of employees, shareholders, partners and customers, increase the value of the company, and achieve the optimization principle of the company's resource allocation.	
(3) Environmental Issues				
A. Has the Company established an appropriate environmental management system according to its industry characteristics?	V		All factories and subsidiaries of the company follow ISO 14001 to establish environmental management systems and continue to pass third-party verification, and conduct annual greenhouse gas inventory according to ISO14064-1 specifications, track emission reduction results and publicly disclose them in the sustainability report.	None
B. Is the company committed to improving energy efficiency and using recycled materials that have a low impact on the environment?	V		Since establishment, the Company has committed to promote sustainability management. The Company has received qualifications of ISO 14001. The waste of the production process is classified, and the materials can be recycled and reused are properly stored and consumed again internally. The remaining waste is properly disposed by the organization qualified by the Environmental Protection Administration, Executive Yuan.	None
C. Has the company paid attention to the impact from climate changes on its business operations, carried out assessments on greenhouse gases, and set up corporate strategies to save energy and to reduce the emission of carbon and greenhouse gas?	V		The Company also organizes employee training program to promote the environmental awareness and the Company's environmental policy. For potential risks and opportunities for the Company today and in the future, please refer to the Company's Annual Corporate Social Responsibility Report.	None
D. Does the company count greenhouse gas emissions, water consumption and total waste weight over the past two years and establish policies for greenhouse gas reduction, water use reduction or other waste management?	V		Total greenhouse gas emissions in the last 2 years (Our Guanyin Factory and Hsinchu Factory) The company Taoyuan and Hsinchu facility are gradually using natural gas to replace heavily oil, completed ISO14064 greenhouse gas inventory and third-party verification. The company has established a baseline for greenhouse gas emissions, and set annual carbon reduction targets to continuously promote emission reductions. The company's Guanyin and Hsinchu factory completed the ISO14064 greenhouse gas inventory in 2023, and are expected to complete the third-party verification in June 2024. The total greenhouse emission in 2023, 2022 figure is as the following	None

				<table><tr><td></td><td>Total greenhouse gas emissions (tons)</td></tr><tr><td>2023</td><td>44,068.2210</td></tr><tr><td>2022</td><td>39,538.9734</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>CO2 equivalent (tons) Total waste (kg) Scope 1 emission equivalent</td></tr><tr><td>2023</td><td>10,065.3451</td></tr><tr><td>2022</td><td>15,266.8503</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>CO2 equivalent (tons) Total waste (kg) Scope II emission equivalent</td></tr><tr><td>2023</td><td>20,124.2250</td></tr><tr><td>2022</td><td>24,272.1231</td></tr></table> <p>The company is pursuing energy saving to push the reduction of carbon, thus, aggressively push all sorts of energy saving plans.</p> <p>The company also organizes employee training program to promote the environmental awareness and the company’s environmental policy. The office temperature is set at 27 – 28 degree Celsius, saving the energy consumed by air conditioners. The lighting of office is using LED light bulbs. Elevators and display panels of bulletin boards, which are not relevant to production process, are turned off after working hours.</p> <p>Water consumption in the last 2 years (Our Guanyin Factory and Hsinchu Factory)</p> <table><tr><td></td><td>Total water consumption (tons) (degree/year or m3/year)</td></tr><tr><td>2023</td><td>69,271</td></tr><tr><td>2022</td><td>92,126</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Total revenue (Individual Financial Report) (Unit: NT\$ thousand)</td></tr><tr><td>2023</td><td>10,663,801</td></tr><tr><td>2022</td><td>9,202,695</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Total water consumption intensity (water consumption/total revenue) (Unit: NT\$ thousand)</td></tr><tr><td>2023</td><td>0.007</td></tr><tr><td>2022</td><td>0.010</td></tr></table> <p>The company’s Guanyin plant and Hsinchu plant’s water supply sources are 100% from municipal water (tap water). The main water is used for employees’ lives, peripheral equipment</p>		Total greenhouse gas emissions (tons)	2023	44,068.2210	2022	39,538.9734		CO2 equivalent (tons) Total waste (kg) Scope 1 emission equivalent	2023	10,065.3451	2022	15,266.8503		CO2 equivalent (tons) Total waste (kg) Scope II emission equivalent	2023	20,124.2250	2022	24,272.1231		Total water consumption (tons) (degree/year or m3/year)	2023	69,271	2022	92,126		Total revenue (Individual Financial Report) (Unit: NT\$ thousand)	2023	10,663,801	2022	9,202,695		Total water consumption intensity (water consumption/total revenue) (Unit: NT\$ thousand)	2023	0.007	2022	0.010
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		<p>and washing machines, especially for air conditioners (accounting for 70%).</p> <p>We believe that water resources are also precious earth resources, so how to reduce the use of water resources and improve the utilization of water resources is also a very important task. Evaluate the water quality monitoring of air-conditioning water; in terms of domestic water, publicize the concept of water conservation among employees, adopt water saving devices and other measures to achieve energy saving and carbon reduction, reduce energy consumption, so as to reduce carbon emission intensity and fulfill the responsibility of environmental protection.</p> <p>In 2022, rainwater recycling will be added, and the recycled water will be used for air-conditioning water after simple filtration, which can reduce 20m3 of water resources per day during the rainy season.</p> <p>Waste output in the last 2 years (Our Guanyin Factory and Hsinchu Factory)</p> <table><tr><td></td><td>hazardous waste</td></tr><tr><td>2023</td><td>1,676.219</td></tr><tr><td>2022</td><td>1,636.555</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>general waste</td></tr><tr><td>2023</td><td>2,892.430</td></tr><tr><td>2022</td><td>3,438.336</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Total</td></tr><tr><td>2023</td><td>4,568.649</td></tr><tr><td>2022</td><td>5,074.891</td></tr></table> <p>Waste management measures:</p> <p>Regularly track and report the amount of waste generated, and set waste reduction targets</p> <p>(1) From time to time, check whether the disposal site properly handles the company's waste. In accordance with the ISO 14001 environmental management system "Waste Management Procedures", regularly (at least once a year) check the operation and management of entrusted waste storage, removal, treatment, and reuse.</p> <p>(2) When each batch of waste is cleared and transported, an online declaration is required according to the law, and the waste disposal situation is reported monthly according to the requirements of the Environmental Protection Agency.</p>		hazardous waste	2023	1,676.219	2022	1,636.555		general waste	2023	2,892.430	2022	3,438.336		Total	2023	4,568.649	2022	5,074.891
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			<p>(3) Suppliers are required to provide proper disposal documents for each batch of waste entrusted for disposal</p> <p>(4) According to the category of the announcement, entrust a recycling organization to deal with the company's relevant recyclable (scrap) waste.</p> <p>(5) Carry out waste sorting and recycling to reduce the types and quantities of clearing and transportation.</p> <p>(6) Gradually introduce consumables and raw materials made of environmentally friendly materials.</p>	
<p>(4) Social Issues</p> <p>A. Has the Company set up management policies and procedures according to related laws and regulations as well as the International Bill of Human Rights?</p>	V		<p>As a global corporate citizen, the Responsible Business Alliance (RBA), social responsibility standards (Social Accountability 8000, SA 8000) and internationally recognized human rights norms include the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Labour Organization (International Labour Organization), United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.</p> <p>And in accordance with the above-mentioned guidelines and local laws and regulations where the operation is located, develop the basis of labor standards and establish the Code of Conduct for Labor and Ethical Management, the Corporate Social and Environmental Responsibility Policy Statement, and the Corporate Social Responsibility Code of Practice as guidelines for the practice of corporate social responsibility. The use of child labour is expressly prohibited, child labour under the legal minimum age is ensured, the physical and mental health and safety of underage employees are ensured, and hazardous work is prohibited. Companies also promote freedom of employment, and all work is voluntary. Violations of Taiwan's photovoltaic human rights policy, such as non-slavery and human trafficking, will occur in 2023.</p>	None
B. Has the Company established employee grievance mechanisms and channels, and handled these grievances properly?	V		<p>Employees are informed the contact details, including email, phone number, and mail box, of the Human Resources Department, which handles employee grievances. Each case will be handled by a dedicated personnel.</p>	None
C.. Has the Company offered a safe and healthy work environment and routinely offered employees with safety and health education training?	V		<p>The company has a planned implementation of environmental measurement and equipment maintenance, and built an ESH environmental safety and health management system, with environmental safety and health as the goal to implement ISO45001</p>	None

		<p>(certification date: 2021/8/5, expiration date: 2021/9/5 ~ 2024/9/4) and ISO14001 (certification date: 2021/8/5, effective date: 2021/9/5 ~ 2024/9/4) two sets of management systems.</p> <p>New employees are fully trained before work, and the work site is mostly supervised by the supervisor to ensure the safety of the workplace.</p> <p>To maintain the health of employees, the Company routinely collaborates with hospitals to provide health checkups for its employees. Depending on the conditions of the working place, special health checkups will also be offered to certain workers.</p> <p>The Company has formulated “Procedures for Ensuring the Safety of Working Place and Health of Employees” to prevent workplace hazards and ensure the health of each employee.</p>	
D. Has the Company established employee grievance mechanisms and channels, and handled these grievances properly?	V	<p>Employees are informed the contact details, including email, phone number, and mail box, of the Human Resources Department, which handles employee grievances. Each case will be handled by a dedicated personnel.</p>	None
E. Prior to conducting business with suppliers, has the Company evaluated if such suppliers have had records where they made an impact on the environment and on society at large?	V	<p>Prior to conducting business with suppliers, the Company will obtain “Supplier CSR Commitment Declaration”. The legality, code of ethical management, and records of unethical behavior, if there is any, are used as a reference in the supplier selection process.</p>	None
F. Do the Company's contracts with its primary suppliers contain any immediate termination or cancellation clauses when suppliers violate their corporate social responsibility policies, and pose a significant impact on the environment and society?	V	<p>Prior to signing contracts with suppliers, the Company will audit the records of suppliers with their compliance with laws, regulations, and code of conducts in the relevant industries. With respect to the construction contracts, the Company will make sure the turnkey provider obey relevant laws, purchase insurance coverage for construction workers. Above all, bribery is absolutely prohibited and that is written in contracts with suppliers. The Company has made every possible efforts to encourage suppliers and vendors to undertake corporate social responsibility.</p>	None
(5) Has the company adopted international standard code or guideline of perpetual statement to prepare CSR report to disclose non-financial data? Whether fore-mentioned report acquired third part assertion or guarantee opinion?	V	<p>In accordance with core options (Core) of the Sustainable Reporting Guidelines (GRI Standards) issued by the Global Sustainability Standards Council, the Company has commissioned the Taiwan branch of the British Standards Institute (bsi) to verify the contents of the report on the basis of the AA1000 AS (2008) Type 1 Medium Assurance Level and the Core GRI Standards Core Option (Core) to enhance correctness and credibility.</p>	None

(6) **If the company has set up the principles based on "Corporate Social Responsibility Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies", please illustrate the implementation progress and any difference:** The Company has formulated a Code of Practice on Corporate Social Responsibility, and there is no material difference between the actual operating conditions and the Code of Practice on Corporate Social Responsibility of Listed Companies.

(7) **Other important information that will help to promote the implementation of sustainable development**

- (a) Environmental protection: Comply with relevant environmental laws and regulations, including, but not limited to, Waste Disposal Act, Water Pollution Control Measures and Test Reporting Management Regulations, and Air Pollution Control Act.
- (b) Community welfare, social services, and social welfare: The Company contributes to society through participation in activities of environmental protection, art & culture, and education. The Company also routinely makes monetary donation to non-profit organization supporting the minority group.
- (c) Rights and interests of consumers: Understanding customers' demand and promptly respond to customers' requests, in order to enhance the competitiveness of the Company.
- (d) Human rights: The Company ensures that its recruitment and human resource policy do not discriminate based on gender, ethnicity, age, marital status, and/or family conditions, and our practices ensure the equality of salaries, recruitment conditions, trainings, and career advancement opportunities for each employee. All employees are protected from not being discriminated, harassed, and bullied.
- (e) Safety and Health: The Company complies with laws and regulations to ensure the safety of labor in the work place and the health of each employee. The Company also adopts the EHS philosophy and management system.

Climate-related information for listed companies
Climate-related information implementation status

Item	Status
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Describe board of directors and management oversight and monitor of climate-related risks and opportunities. 2. Describe how the identified climate risks and opportunities impact the company's business, strategy and finances (short-term, medium-term, long-term). 3. Describe the financial impact of extreme climate events and transformation actions. 4. Describe how climate risk identification, assessment and management processes are integrated into the overall risk management system. 5. If scenario analysis is used to assess resilience to climate change risks, the scenarios, parameters, assumptions, analysis factors and main financial impacts used should be described. 6. If there is a transformation plan to manage climate-related risks, describe the content of the plan, and the indicators and targets used to identify and manage physical and transformation risks. 7. If internal carbon pricing is used as a planning tool, the basis for setting the price should be described. 8. If climate-related goals are set, the activities covered, the scope of greenhouse gas emissions, the planning schedule, annual achievement progress and other information should be explained; if carbon offsets or renewable energy certificates (RECs) are used to achieve relevant goals, the information should be explained. The source and quantity of offset carbon reduction credits or the quantity of renewable energy certificates (RECs). 9. Greenhouse gas inventory and assurance status. (Because the paid in capital does not reach NTD 5 billion , there is no need to disclose greenhouse gas check and confirmation status) 	<p>The board of directors is the highest governance unit on climate issues and is responsible for supervision and decision-making. The "corporate social responsibility committee" regularly reports to the board of directors the progress of work on climate change-related issues.</p> <p>Climate change involves a wide range of aspects. In order to fully grasp the impact of climate-related risks on the company's operations and development or the opportunities that may be created, EMC follows the guidelines of the TCFD framework and conducts cross-departmental discussions and exchanges at least once a year on operational impacts and occurrence possibilities. assessment, identify significant risks and opportunities, and develop mitigation or adaptation strategies.</p> <p>The increase in operating costs caused by climate change has prompted companies to use or adopt cost reduction measures, such as checking various procurement costs. If the unit price is high or the purchase volume is large, they will evaluate alternatives or develop alternative manufacturers. If they cannot be replaced, they will use long-term contracts. Reduce prices; in terms of reducing greenhouse gases, consider starting from electricity conservation and the use of clean energy (replacing heavy oil with natural gas) to reduce indirect greenhouse gas emissions.</p>

4.6 Implementation of Code of Business Conduct

Item	Implementation Status			Deviations from “Ethical Corporate Management Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM listed Companies” and explanations
	Yes	No	Summary	
(1) Establishment of Business Conduct Policy and Plans				
a. Does the Company demonstrate business conduct policy and practice in the corporate guidelines and external documents? Have the Board of Directors and management committed to actively implement such policy?	V		The Company has established “Code of Ethics” & “Best Practice Principles of Ethical Corporate Management”. All employees are required and trained to comply with our “Code of Ethics” & “Best Practice Principles of Ethical Corporate Management” throughout daily operations. In order to promote awareness, the policies are available for access through channels such as intranet, company website, and various meetings, etc.	None
b. Has the Company established and implemented an unethical conduct prevention plan, which stipulates operational processes, provides guidelines for conduct, discipline for violations of rules, and an appeal system in each case?	V		The purpose of the Principles said in the preceding paragraph is to cultivate an enterprise culture for the Company to ensure all businesses conducted with sincerity and integrity, preventing any misconduct while conducting business. The Company Directors, managers, employees, and mandatories are prohibited from, directly or indirectly, offering, promising to offer, requesting, or receiving improper benefits of any sort when conducting business with counterparties. Obtaining or sustaining benefits by conducting business without sincerity and integrity, in any illegal way, or in breach of fiduciary duty is also prohibited.	
c. Has the Company taken any precautionary measures to prevent corruption or high-risk illegal business activities, based on Paragraph 2 in Article 7 of the “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM-Listed Companies”?	V		The internal control system and the internal ratification system of the Company have included measures to prevent conducting business without sincerity and integrity, and that shall also be able to prevent corruption or high-risk illegal business activities.	None
(2) Implementation of the Code of Business Conduct				
a. Does the Company evaluate the ethical conduct records of its counterparties and specify “Ethical clauses” in business contracts?	V		Prior to engaging in a commercial transaction, the Company will take into consideration the legitimacy and legality of the counterparty such as agents, vendors, customers, and other entities, and their misconduct record, if any. The Company shall avoid engaging in business with counterparty with any record of misconducts. The Company will also make sure the counterparty will not, directly or indirectly, offer, promise to offer, request, or accept	None

			<p>any improper benefits, including, but not limited to, bribery, kickbacks, commissions, and grease payments.</p> <p>When entering into material contracts with counterparties, the Company will include provisions in such contracts demanding the compliance of ethical corporate management policy.</p>	
b. Has the Company established dedicated units under the supervision of the Board of Directors to promote corporate ethical management and which regularly report to the Board on their implementation status?	V		<p>The Human Resources Department of the Company is dedicated to set up the Principles said in this table, and to be in charge of the amendments, explanations, enforcement, and providing counseling services and other relevant matters. The implement status will be documented and submitted to the Board of Directors.</p>	None
c. Does the Company promulgate policies to prevent conflicts of interests and offer appropriate channels for reporting conflicts of benefits?	V		<p>The Company periodically organizes training programs for Company Directors, managers, and employees, so that the said Principles can be fully understood.</p> <p>For any violation of the Principles being found, each member of the Company is urged to proactively report to the Audit Committee, the management, head of internal audit, Human Resources Department, and other appropriate authorized managers, and to provide information, as comprehensive as possible, to allow the Company to take appropriate actions.</p>	None
d. Does the Company establish an effective operation of the accounting and internal control systems, and periodically conduct internal audits by internal auditors, or audit by CPA?	V		<p>The accounting system, the internal control system of the Company, and their implementation status are audited by the internal Audit Office.</p>	None
e. Does the Company periodically conduct internal and external training on ethical management?	V		<p>From time to time, the Company organizes training programs, or via many sorts of meetings, to promote compliance with ethical and integrity standards.</p> <p>The total hours of training courses, including internally designed and externally offered, reached 16,425.7 hours, and each employee on the average attended relevant programs of 15.9 hours in year 2023. The aforesaid courses include “Compliance with Ethical Business Conduct Regulations”, “Corporate</p>	None

			Social Responsibility and Employees' Code of Conduct", "Maternity Protection in Working Place", and "Hazard Communication Education".	
(3) Establishment of Reporting Channels for Violations of the Code Of Business Conduct				
a. Has the company established a specific complaints and rewards system through convenient channels for lodging complaints? And does the Company assign dedicated personnel to attend to the matter?	V		For any violation of the Principles being found, each member of the Company is urged to proactively report to the Audit Committee, the management, head of internal audit, Human Resources Department, and other appropriate authorized managers, and to provide information, as comprehensive as possible, to allow the Company to take appropriate actions.	None
b. Has the company established standard operating procedures, follow-up measures to be taken after the completion of the investigation and handling complaints in a confidential manner?	V		The Company ensures that the whistle-blower's identity and the contents of the complaint are kept confidential in order to protect the whistle-blower from retaliation for having filed the complaint. There are also measures are in place to conduct independent investigation into the alleged misconduct.	
c. Does the company adopt measures to protect whistle-blowers from reprisals for having filed the complaint report?	V			
(4) Improvements in Information Disclosure Does the Company disclose the principle and the practice of business conduct related information on the corporate website and MOPS website operated by the Taiwan Stock Exchange?	V		The Company has set up the "Code of Business Conduct" and "Ethical Corporate Management Best-Practice Principles for EMC", and both Principles has been disclosed on the Company website and the MOPS website operated by the Taiwan Stock Exchange.	None
(5) If the Company has established its own guidelines for the "Code of Business Conduct" according to Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM-Listed Companies, please state the discrepancies (if any) between actual operation and policy: There is no material discrepancies between actual operation and the policy.				
(6) Other important information revealing the Company's ethical operations: For the review of the current policy and continual improvement at the ethical corporate management, the Company is paying close attention to any further development at the best-practice principles for ethical corporate management.				

4.7 、Methods for searching the rules and relevant regulations of corporate governance:

The rules and relevant regulations of Corporate Governance can be viewed and downloaded at the Company's website: www.emctw.com, or the Market Operation Observe System (MOPS) by the Taiwan Stock Exchange: <http://mops.twse.com.tw/>

4.8 、Other important information that would facilitate better understanding of the Company's status in implementing corporate governance:

Please refer to page 28 to page 34 of the Annual Book.

Internal Control System execution status

4.9.1 Internal control report

Elite Material Co., Ltd.

Statement of Internal Control System

Date: 29 February 2024

Based on the findings of a self-assessment, Elite Material Co., Ltd. (EMC) states the following with regard to its internal control system during the year 2023:

1. EMC's Board of Directors and the management are responsible for establishing, implementing, and maintaining an adequate internal control system. Our internal control is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance over the effectiveness and efficiency of our operations (including profitability, performance and safeguarding of assets), reliability, timeliness, transparency of our reporting, and compliance with applicable rulings, laws and regulations.
2. An internal control system has inherent limitations. No matter how perfectly designed, an effective internal control system can provide only reasonable assurance of accomplishing its stated objectives. Moreover, the effectiveness of an internal control system may be subject to changes due to extenuating circumstances beyond our control. Nevertheless, our internal control system contains self-monitoring mechanisms, and EMC takes immediate remedial actions in response to any identified deficiencies.
3. EMC evaluates the design and operating effectiveness of its internal control system based on the criteria provided in the Regulations Governing the Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies (herein below, the "Regulations"). The criteria adopted by the Regulations identify five key components of managerial internal control: (1) control environment, (2) risk assessment, (3) control activities, (4) information and communication, and (5) monitoring activities.
4. EMC has evaluated the design and operating effectiveness of its internal control system according to the aforesaid Regulations.
5. Based on the findings of such evaluation, EMC believes that, on December 31, 2023, it has maintained, in all material respects, an effective internal control system (that includes the supervision and management of our subsidiaries), to provide reasonable assurance over our operational effectiveness and efficiency, reliability, timeliness, transparency of reporting, and compliance with applicable rulings, laws and regulations.
6. This Statement is an integral part of EMC's annual report and prospectus, and will be made public. Any falsehood, concealment, or other illegality in the content made public will entail legal liability under Articles 20, 32, 171, and 174 of the Securities and Exchange Law.
7. This Statement was passed by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on February 29, 2024, with none of the seven attending directors expressing dissenting opinions, and the remainder all affirming the content of this Statement.

Elite Material Co., Ltd.

Dong, Ding-Yu

Chairman& President

4.9.2 The investigative report of Entrusting CPA to examine the internal control system: None ◦

4.10 In recent years until the annual report being published, violation of internal control policies by employees: None

4.11 In recent years until the annual report being published, major resolutions of shareholders' meeting and board meetings:

Shareholders' Meeting

	Date	Resolutions and executions of Shareholders' Meeting
2023 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting	31 May 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To accept the Year 2022 business report and financial statements 2. To approve the proposal for distribution of 2022 profits The ex-dividend date was set at 1st September 2023, and the dividend was paid at 22nd September, 2023. (Cash dividend NTD 8.40683084 per share.)

Board Meetings

Term	Date	Important Resolutions
The 6th Board Meeting of the 12th term	23 Feb 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approved the proposal of manager changes. 2. Approved the increase of short-term credit lines. 3. Approved the formulation of the company's "Measures for the Implementation of Directors' Training 4. Approved the Year 2022 Declaration of Internal Control System. 5. Approved the company's personnel rotation plan. 6. Approved the capital expenditure plan of the Guanyin business division. 7. Accepted the proposal submitted by the Remuneration Committee about the directors' remuneration and managers' compensation of Year 2023. 8. Approved the proposal of Year 2022 directors' remuneration and employees' compensation. 9. Approved the Year 2022 business report and financial statements. 10. Approved the proposal of distribution of Year 2022 profits. 11. Approved the proposal of convening of the year 2023 annual general meetings related affairs.
The 7th Board Meeting of the 112h term	26 Apr 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Accepted the capital expenditure plan of the Guanyin business division. 2. Approved the capital expenditure plan of the Guanyin business division. 3. Approved the appointment of the company's certified accountant and assessment of independence and competency. 4. Approved the company's financial report for the first quarter of 2023. 5. Approved the overseas production site investment project of subsidiary, EMC (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.
The 8th Board Meeting of the 12th term	26 July 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approved the proposal of increase the amount of capital expenditure of KY site. 2. Approved the recognition of the major property scrapping case of the company's mass lamination business unit. 3. Approved the increase the amount of guarantee endorsed by the company. 4. Approved the increase the amount of short-term credit lines of the company. 5. Approved by KPMG Malaysia and its affiliates for non-trusted services. 6. Approved the amendment to the company's "Management

		<p>Procedures for Related Party Transactions".</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7. Approved the appointment of directors of the company's subsidiaries. 8. Approved the year 1H23 annual financial report. 9. Approved the capital expenditure of the company's subsidiaries
The 9th Board Meeting of the 12th term	25 Oct 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approved the establishment of the base date for the company's fifth domestic unsecured conversion bonds into common shares and the issuance of new shares. 2. Approved the increase of the endorsement of the company. 3. Approved the recognition of the major property scrapping and capital expenditure of the company's mass lamination business unit. 4. Approved the audit plan for year 2024. 5. Approved the work plan of the company's remuneration committee for 2024 and the adjustment of the annual performance bonus payment principles for 2023. 6. Approved the company's consolidated financial report for the third quarter of 2023 7. Approved the indirect foreign investment of the company.
The 10th Board Meeting of the 12th term	28 Nov 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approved the acquisition of right-of-use assets of the company's subsidiaries.
The 11th Board Meeting of the 12th term	20 Dec 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approved the change of managers of the company. 2. Approved the recognition of the major property scrapping case of the company's mass lamination business unit. 3. Approved the increase or decrease of the company's short-term credit line 4. Approved the decrease of the company's mid- to long-term credit limit. 5. Approved the company's year 2023 accountant's public expense review. 6. Approved the general principle plan for the company's pre-approved non-confidential service policy. 7. Approved the re-appointment of directors and supervisors of the subsidiaries. 8. Approved the transfer of capital reserves to paid in capital of the company's subsidiary "EMC Materials (Kunshan) Co., Ltd." 9. Approved the capital expenditure of the subsidiary, EMC (Penang) Co., Ltd. for building a factory. 10. Approved the capital expenditure of subsidiary, EMD Specialty Materials, LLC (ARLON EMD US subsidiary). 11. Approved the company's loan to EMD Specialty Materials, LLC (ARLON EMD's US subsidiary). 12. Approved the proposal of group budget and capital expenditure of year 2024.
The 12th Board Meeting of the 12th term	29 Feb 2024	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Accepted the acquire of use of asset rights and capital expenditure plan of the Guanyin business division. 2. Approved the establishment of the base date for the company's fifth domestic unsecured conversion of corporate bonds into ordinary shares and the issuance of new shares. 3. Approved the increase of the company's mid- to long-term credit limit. 4. Approved to issue the "Internal Control System Statement" that the design and implementation of the company's 112-year internal control system are valid.

		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. Approved the capital expenditure plan of the EMC subsidiary (Penang). 6. Approved the re-appointment of the company's head of finance and accounting departments. 7. Approved the re-allocation the company's president. 8. Accepted the proposal submitted by the Remuneration Committee about the directors' remuneration and managers' compensation of Year 2024. 9. Approved the proposal of Year 2023 directors' remuneration and employees' compensation. 10. Approved the Year 2023 business report and financial statements. 11. Approved the proposal of distribution of Year 2023 profits. 12. Approved to elect one additional independent director. 13. Approved the matters related to convening the company's year 2024 annual general meeting of shareholders.
The 13th Board Meeting of the 12th term	10 April 2024	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Accept matters related to the nomination of independent director candidates by shareholders with more than 1% of the shares.
The 14th Board Meeting of the 12th term	30 April 2024	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approved the set of the base date for the company's fifth domestic unsecured conversion of corporate bonds into common shares and the issuance of new shares. 2. Approved the case of increasing or decreasing the amount of the company's endorsement guarantee. 3. Approved the appointment of the company's certified accountant and assessment of independence and competency. 4. Approved the revision of the company's "Board of Directors Rules of Procedure" and "Audit Committee Organizational Rules". 5. Approved the re-appointed director of subsidiary. 6. Approved the 1Q24 business report and financial statements. 7. Approved the capital expenditure budget of KY division. 8. Approved the capital expenditure budget of the company's subsidiary, (EMC kuanshanKY division) ° 9. Approved the raising capital of subsidiary, (EMCKuanshan) ° 10. Approved the capital expenditure budget of the company subsidiary, EMC Penang.

4.12 In recent years until the annual report being published, dissenting comments on major BOD resolutions from Directors and Independent Directors: None

4.13 In recent years until the annual report being published, resignation or dismissal of Chairman, President, Director of Accounting Department, Director of Financial Department, Chief Internal Auditing Officer, and Head of Research and Development Department:

31 March 2024				
Position	Name	Date of appointment	Dismissal Date	Reason
President	Guan, En-Xiang	16 Aug, 2021	31 Dec, 2023	Re-allocation
Head of accounting department (Acting head of finance department)	Yen, Sara	16 Mar, 2015	1 Mar, 2024	Re-allocation

5. Audit Fees

3.1 Information of Audit Fees

Unit: NT\$ thousands

Accounting Firm	Name of CPA	Audit Period	Audit Fee	Non-Audit Fee	Total	Note
KPMG	Yi-Chun Chen Hsiao-Ling Chiang	1 Jan 23 – 31 Dec 23	3,680	3,068	6,748	None

Note: Service fees for income tax counseling, audit fees of business tax report, and fees for English translation of financial reports.

6. Information for change of CPA:

Not Applicable

7. The Company's Chairman, President, Managers Responsible for Finance and Accounting who have held a position in the CPA Office or its affiliates within the latest year:

None

8. Shareholding Transferred or Pledged by Directors, Management, and Major Shareholders Who Hold 10% or More of the Company Shares:

8.1 Shareholding variation

Title	Name	2023		1 Jan 2024 – 31 March 2024	
		Shares Increased (Decreased)	Pledged Shares Increased (Decreased)	Shares Increased (Decreased)	Pledged Shares Increased (Decreased)
Chairman & President	Dong, Ding-Yu	0	0	0	0
Vice Chairman	Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd.	0	1,000,000	0	(1,000,000)
	Representative: Tsai, Fei-Liang	(182,244)	0	0	0
Director	Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd.	0	1,000,000	0	(1,000,000)
	Representative: Li, Wen-Shiung	0	0	0	0
Director	Hsieh, Mon Chang	0	0	0	0
Independent Director	Shen, Bing	0	0	0	0
Independent Director	Cheng, Duen-Chian	0	0	0	0
Independent Director	Hsi-Chia Chen	0	0	0	0

Senior Vice President	Sun, Michael	0	0	0	0
Vice President	Peng, Yi-Ren	0	0	0	0
Vice President	Chou, Li-Ming	0	0	0	0
Vice President	Chuang, Michael	0	0	0	0
Vice President	Yang, Danny	0	0	0	0
Vice President	Lee, De-Na	0	0	0	0
Vice President	Lin, Chien-Chen	(970)	0	0	0
Head of corporate governor	Wesley-Lin	0	0	0	0
Director of Accounting Department	Monica-Lin	0	0	0	0

8.2 Shareholding transferred:

Not applicable.

8.3 Shareholding pledged:

Not applicable.

9 Top ten shareholders being the related party as defined in statement of financial accounting standards No. 6:

31 March 2024

Name	Current Shareholding		Spouse & Minor Children's Shareholding		Shareholding in Name of Others		Name, relationship of top ten shareholders are spouses of within 2 degrees of consanguinity to each other	
	Shares	%	Shares	%	Shares	%	Name	Relationship
Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd.	25,471,477	7.40	0	0	0	0	Yu Sheng Investment Co., Ltd.	100%-owned subsidiary of Yu Sheng Investment Co. Ltd.
Representative: Su-Moon Wu	3,498,859	1.02	0	0	0	0		
New labor pension fund	22,492,400	6.53	0	0	0	0	None	None
Silver Top Investment	13,804,000	4.01	0	0	0	0	None	None
Representative: Si, Run-Hong	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Fubon life insurance:	13,578,000	3.94	0	0	0	0	None	None
Representative: Lin Fook Sing	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Yu Sheng Investment Co., Ltd.	11,685,000	3.39	0	0	0	0	Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd.	100%-owned subsidiary of Yu Sheng Investment Co. Ltd.
Representative: Su-Moon Wu	3,498,859	1.02	0	0	0	0		
Cathay life insurance	9,123,000	2.65	0	0	0	0	None	None
Representative: Tiaogui, Huang	0	0	0	0	0	0	None	None
Yuanta High Dividend Fund	7,935,581	2.30	0	0	0	0	None	None
Old labor pension fund	6,376,900	1.85	0	0	0	0	None	None
Dong, Ding-Yu	5,265,766	1.53	0	0	0	0	None	None
Vontobel EM fund	5,136,000	1.49	0	0	0	0	None	None

10 Shareholding proportion of EMC to Investees:

Investees by equity method	The Company's Holdings		Direct and Indirect Holding of Directors and Managers of EMC		Total Holdings	
	Shares	%	Shares	%	Shares	%
EMC Overseas Holding Inc.	36,256,950	100.00	0	0	36,256,950	100.00
Grand Wuhan Incorporated	20,020,000	100.00	0	0	20,020,000	100.00
EMC INTERNATIONAL HOLDING INCORPORATED.	27,042,000	100.00	0	0	27,042,000	100.00
Li Cheng Technology Co., Ltd.	16,412,918	33.50	250,000	1.53	16,662,918	35.03

IV. CAPITAL OVERVIEW

1. Capital and Shares

1.1. Issued Shares

Month/Year	Par Value	Authorized Capital		Paid-in Capital		Remarks		
		Shares	Amount (NT\$)	Shares	Amount (NT\$)	Sources of Capital	Capital Increased by Assets other than Cash	Other
Jul 2021	10	600,000,000	6,000,000,000	332,918,299	3,329,182,900	Conversion of Corporate Bond	None	Note 1
Dec 2023	10	600,000,000	6,000,000,000	341,611,133	3,416,111,330	Conversion of Corporate Bond	None	Note 2
Mar 2024	10	600,000,000	6,000,000,000	343,179,334	3,431,793,340	Conversion of Corporate Bond	None	Note 3

Note: Dates and letter numbers capital increase approvals received from the regulatory authority:

- On July 19, 2021, the Ministry of Economic Affairs granted Shang Zi No. 11001123680, revised the charter and changed the registration, and the total capital was changed from 4 billion to 6 billion.
- On March 24, 2022, the Financial Supervision and Administration Commission's letter No. 1110335261 approved the raising and issuance of the fifth domestic unsecured conversion corporate bonds. The Ministry of Economic Affairs granted Shang Zi No. 11230212480 on December 1, 2023.
- On March 24, 2022, the Financial Supervision and Administration Commission's letter No. 1110335261 approved the raising and issuance of the fifth domestic unsecured conversion corporate bonds. The Ministry of Economic Affairs granted Shang Zi No. 11330037910 on March 20, 2024.
- In the first quarter of 2024, the number of shares that had not yet completed change registration was 1,098,792 shares.

Type of Stock	Authorized Share Capital			Remarks
	Issued outstanding shares	Unissued shares	Total	
Common Stock	344,278,126	255,721,874	600,000,000	None

1.1.1. Shelf registration: None

1.2. Composition of Shareholders

31 March 2024

Types	Government Agencies	Financial Institutions	Other Juridical Persons	Domestic Citizens	Foreign Institutions & Foreign Persons	Total
Amounts						
Number	5	33	440	40,021	560	41,059
Number of shares owned	33,918,216	34,099,848	99,041,923	81,049,676	96,168,463	344,278,126
% holding	9.85%	9.91%	28.77%	23.54%	27.93%	100.00%

1.3. Distribution Profile of Share Ownership

31 March 2024

Shareholder Ownership	Number of Shareholders	Number of shares owned	Percentage ownership
1 – 999	24,485	3,145,464	0.91
1,000 – 5,000	14,136	24,719,750	7.18
5,001 – 10,000	1,140	8,729,876	2.54
10,001 – 15,000	306	3,815,311	1.11
15,001 – 20,000	170	3,084,655	0.90

20,001 – 30,000	196	4,884,263	1.42
30,001 – 40,000	101	3,592,572	1.04
40,001 – 50,000	61	2,804,071	0.81
50,001 – 100,000	160	11,735,693	3.41
100,001 – 200,000	128	17,869,623	5.19
200,001 – 400,000	75	21,749,392	6.32
400,001 – 600,000	23	11,399,841	3.31
600,001 – 800,000	21	14,587,913	4.24
800,001 – 1,000,000	15	13,676,371	3.97
1,000,001 and over	42	198,483,331	57.65
Total	41,059	344,278,126	100.00

Note: The Company does not issue any preferred shares.

1.4. Major Shareholders

Shareholders	Total shares owned	Ownership (%)
Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd.	25,471,477	7.40
New Labor Pension Fund	22,492,400	6.53
Silver Top Investment	13,804,000	4.01
Fubon Life Insurance	13,578,000	3.94
Yu Sheng Investment	11,685,000	3.39
Cathay Life Insurance	9,123,000	2.65
Yuanta High Dividend Fund	7,935,581	2.30
Old Labor Pension Fund	6,376,900	1.85
Dong, Ding Yu	5,265,766	1.53
Vontobel EM Fund	5,136,000	1.49

1.5. Net worth, earnings, dividends, and market price per common share

Unit: NT\$ Dollar

Year		2022	2023	– 31 Mar 2024
Items				
Market Price per Share (Note 1)	Highest	298.00	462.00	550.00
	Lowest	128.00	150.00	353.00
	Average	204.17	297.43	447.04
Net Worth per Share (Note 2)	Before Distribution	66.31	78.12	85.41
	After Distribution	57.81	68.10	75.42
Earnings per Share	Weighted Average Shares	332,918,299	335,707,193	343,561,727
	Adjusted Earnings per Share (Note 3)	15.24	16.35	5.76
Dividends per Share	Cash Dividend		8.5	10
	Stock Dividend		-	-
			-	-
	Accumulated Undistributed Dividend (Note 4)		-	-
Return on Investment	Price/Earnings Ratio (Note 5)	13.40	18.19	77.61
	Price/Dividend Ratio (Note 6)	24.02	29.74	44.70
	Cash Dividend Yield (Note 7)	4.16	3.36	2.24

Note:

- List the highest and lowest prices of each common share, and calculate the average price per common share by using the turnover and transaction volume in each year.
- Based on the total number of issued outstanding shares at end of each year. Net worth per share before and after distribution is calculated based on the profit distribution resolved in the annual general shareholders' meeting held in the next year.
- The adjusted EPS is calculated based on the number of shares after the stock dividends being distributed.

4. Should the terms of issuance allow the earnings to be accumulated and not to be distributed until the year the Company realizes profits, the total amount of accumulated undistributed dividend need to be disclosed.
5. Price/Earnings Ratio = Average closing share price of the period/ Earnings per share.
6. Price/Dividend ratio = Average closing share price of the period / Cash dividend per share.
7. Cash dividend yield = Cash dividend per share / average closing share price of that year.
8. Net worth per share and earnings per share are listed until the latest quarter financial statements audited by CPA. The other numbers are listed until the date the annual report being published.
9. To be resolved by the upcoming Year 2022 annual general shareholders' meeting.

1.6. Dividend Policy and Execution

1. Dividend Policy

Apart from paying all its income taxes in the case where there are profits at the end of the year, the Company shall make up for accumulated losses in past years. Where there is still balance, ten per cent (10%) of which shall be set aside by the Company as legal reserve. The Company shall also set aside certain portion of the profits as special reserve as required by Article 41 of the Securities and Stock Exchange Act, or by resolutions of Shareholders' Meetings.

While the Company distributes earnings to the shareholders, the paid-out amount shall be more than ten per cent (10%) but less than seventy per cent (70%) of the distributable earnings, which equals to earnings realized after deducting legal, special and all other required reserves, but together with undistributed profits from previous years.

Depending on the business operating results, the earnings to be distributed to shareholders shall be proposed by the Board of Directors, and submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting and decided by the resolution from in the Shareholder's Meeting.

Judging from the actual business circumstances, the Board of Directors may propose to adjust the amount of earnings to be distributed to shareholders, and submit to the Shareholders' Meetings for the resolution to distribute.

1.6.1. Proposed dividend to be resolved in the upcoming 2021 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting:

Year of Earnings	Date the Board Meeting Resolved to Distribute Earnings	Dividends	
		Cash Dividend (NT\$)	Stock Dividend (NT\$)
2023	29 Feb 2024	3,439,332,300 (NT\$10 per share)	0

Note: Cash dividend per share is calculated based on the total number of issued outstanding shares on 29 Feb 2024.

1.6.2. If the Dividend Policy Is Expected to Change Substantially: None

1.7. Effects on business performance and EPS resulted from stock distribution proposed by 2024 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting:

Not applicable.

1.8. Employees' Compensation and Directors' Remuneration:

1.8.1. Employees' Compensation and Directors' Remuneration under Articles of Incorporation:

In case the Company makes profits for the year, three per cent (3%) shall be allocated for the employees' compensation, and no more than one point two per cent (1.2%) for the remuneration of Directors. However, in

case there are accumulated losses carried on the accounting book of the Company, profits shall be reserved for the make-up of accumulated losses before distribution.

In case shares or cash is distributed as employees' compensation, those employees can be distributed shall include the employees of affiliated enterprises meeting certain criteria. The distribution method shall otherwise be formed by the Board of Directors.

- 1.8.2. The discrepancy, if there is any, between the total amount of estimated employees' compensation, Directors' remuneration, stock dividends and total amount actually being paid:

Treated as the changes at the accounting estimate, and such changes are adjusted in the coming year.

- 1.8.3. Proposed employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration:

The 2023 employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration was resolved in the Board Meeting convened on 29 Feb 2024. The amounts and forms are listed below:

- a. Employees' compensation: NT\$190,946,880 in cash
- b. Directors' remuneration: NT\$41,371,824 in cash
- c. Regarding the amount of employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration in cash or in shares, the discrepancy, if there is any, between the estimated amount and the amount being actually paid, and the reason for such discrepancy: None
- d. Proposed employees' compensation in shares as percentage of net income and total employees' compensation: Not applicable

- 1.8.4. The total proposed amount of 2022 profits actually being paid as employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration in 2023:

Employee remuneration: The proposed distribution amount is NT\$172,915,727, and the actual payment is NT\$143,774,000.

Director's remuneration: The proposed distribution amount is NT\$37,465,074, and the actual payment is NT\$37,465,074.

The discrepancies will be released in subsequent years.

1.9. Share Buyback by the Company:

The Company did not buyback share in Year 2023 and in Year 2024 as of 31 March.

2. Corporate Bonds:

Type of bond	Year 2022 the 5 th Domestic Unsecured Convertible Bond
Issuing date	25 th April 2022
Place of issuance and transaction	Domestic
Issuing price	NT\$101
Issuing amount	NT\$3,465,300,000 Amount received: NT\$ 3,499,953,000.
Coupon rate	0%
Maturity	5 years, due on 25 th April 2027
Pledge	None
Custodian	The Trust Department of Yuanta Bank
Underwriter	Yuanta Securities

Certified attorney		Not applicable
Certified CPAs		Not applicable
Repayment of principal		Please refer to Article 6 of Annex III.
Outstanding amount		NT\$700,000,000
Redemption		Please refer to Article 17 of Annex III.
Restrictions		Please refer to Article 16 of Annex III.
Credit rating, credit rating agency, and credit rating date		Not applicable
Other rights of bond holders	Till the publishing of the annual report, number of common shares issued upon the exercise of the conversion right	None
	Issuance and conversion procedures	Please refer to Annex III.
Effects on shareholders' equity		Not applicable.
Custodian of the underlying asset		Not applicable.

Information of Convertible corporate bond

Type		Year 2022 the 5th Domestic Unsecured Convertible Bond	
Item	Year	2023	March 31, 2024
Market price	Highest	190	226
	Lowest	98	149
	Average	143.23	185
Conversion price		246.8/241.8	241.8
Issuing date and conversion price		April 25, 2023 \$ 263	
Conversion obligations		Issuing new shares	

3. Preferred Shares:

None

4. Issuance of Overseas Depository Receipts:

None

5. Employees Stock Option:

None

6. Employee Restricted Stock Options and Share Issued for Merger or Acquisition:

None

7. Fund utilization plans and status:

Not applicable

V. OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

1. Business Activities

1.1. Business Scope

1.1.1. Current Business Scope

- CC01080 Manufacturing of electronic components
- CB01020 Manufacturing of business machines
- CC01110 Manufacturing of computers and the peripherals
- C801010 Basic chemical industry
- C801990 Manufacturing of other chemical materials
- C901990 Manufacturing of other non-metallic mineral products
- F401010 International commerce
- ZZ99999 Except where permits are required, to run operations not forbidden or limited by laws and regulations

1.1.2. Current products and services provided by the Company and subsidiaries

- Copper Clad Laminates (CCLs) consumed by double-sided PCBs (Printed Circuit Boards)
- Core CCLs and Prepreg (PP) consumed by multilayer PCBs
- Mass Lamination Panel (Mass Lam)

1.1.3. Sales Breakdown

The factory of the Company was built in 1993, and its capacity was expanded in the mid of 2005. Since the inception of the Company, it has been focusing on the manufacturing and sales of CCLs and PP, and providing the Mass Lam service for the downstream PCB makers. The sales breakdown of major business segment of 2023 is as follows:

Unit: NT\$ thousands, %		
Major Products	Revenue	Percentage of Revenue
CCLs	23,308,042	56.44
PP	17,485,532	42.34
Mass Lam	398,399	0.97
Others	104,244	0.25
Total	41,296,217	100.00

1.1.4. Products and services planned to be developed and launched by the Company and subsidiaries

The Company will continue to develop eco-friendly products and create new applications for the said products to ensure the leading position in eco-friendly materials and maintain global number one ranking. Products under development at current stage:

- High-frequency mmWave material for autonomous driving vehicle.
- High voltage material adopted EV super charging battery.
- Low loss substrate material for high-end AIP packaging.

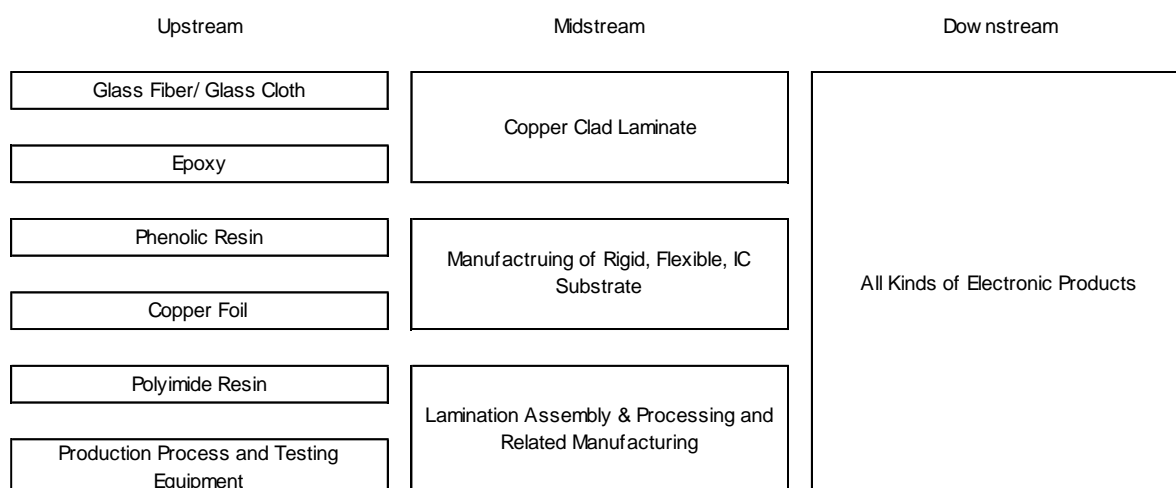
1.2. Business Environment

1.2.1. Current industry situation and prospects

In year 2023, products of the Company were mainly sold in the domestic market of Taiwan, and customers located in Mainland China are served by the subsidiaries of the Company, Elite Electronic Materials

(Zhongshan) Co., Ltd. and Elite Electronic Materials (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. The major exporting market was Korea. The Company expects that most of demand in year 2023 would still derive from Taiwan and mainland China. Korea would remain as the major exporting market. The Company set up a target to upgrade its product mix in 2023, aiming to increase the percentage of revenue from advanced products to 60% of the total revenue. The advanced products include, but not limited to, laminates with high-Tg, Br-free, and low CTE properties.

1.2.2. The supply chain analysis



1.2.3. Industry trends and competition

Consumer electronic devices, especially for handheld and wearable devices, are trending toward thinner, lighter, and easier to carry; meanwhile, incorporating multi-functions in one single device, furthermore, the trend of high frequency/high speed and green environmental materials are rising. Therefore, the applications of HDI (High-Density Interconnect) structure, high layer-count laminates, IC substrate, rigid-flexible PCBs are experiencing increase in demand. In the meantime, the evolution of wireless transmission and the emerging cloud services are also driving the changes of the laminate industry. In order to meet the demand for high-speed data transmission, more and more laminate products and base materials are created to serve for high-speed transmission purpose in the high-frequency bandwidth. Also, improving thermal reliability and dimensional reliability is a must for high-speed high-frequency radio signal transmission applications.

1.3. Technology Innovation and R&D Overview

Products and technologies the Company has successfully developed in previous three years:

Year 2021	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. RCC material adopted in high end 5G handheld devices. 2. High end substrate material adopted in SIP package. 3. High speed material for PCIe 5.0 and PCIe 6.0 4. High speed 800G switch continuously verified by customers. 5. Obtained collectively 33 patents from Taiwan, Mainland China, and the United States
Year 2022	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. RCC material adopted in 5G high-end handheld device has been certified by many customers and is actively preparing for mass production.

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Non PTFE high frequency laminate material for Self-driving Radar and Antenna has been mass produced. PCIe 5 II and PCIe 6 high speed data transmission material qualified by various customers and continuously gain market share. 800GHz Switch material verified and pilot run by global brand companies and ready for mass production.
Year 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Promotion and certification of tracking resistance and high voltage resistance base materials for rapid charging and discharging of electric vehicles. Customer testing and certification of low transmission loss adhesive-backed copper foil products for handheld devices. Testing and certification of halogen-free radar sheets for self-driving cars. A total of 60 patents have been certified in multiple countries.

1.4. Long-term and Short-term Business Plan

The Company conducts business with ethics and integrity in order to build a long-term cooperative relationship with customers. The long-term and short-term business plans that the management team makes are as follows:

1.4.1. Short-term Business Plan

- Achieve the targets of the operating and financial budgets of Year 2023
- Increase the percentage revenue derived from High-Tg low-CTE base materials, base materials consumed by electronic devices used for automotive vehicles, and thermal conductive base materials
- Coordinate the sales team and customer service activities to better serve customers

1.4.2. Mid-and Long-term Business Plan

- Expand the international market and enhance the long-term competitiveness of the company
- Diversify the applications of the company's products and diversify the sales channels

2. Overview of Market, Production, and Sales

2.1. Market Analysis

2.1.1. Sales regions of the Company's products

In Year 2023, the Company's products were mainly sold in Taiwan, Mainland China, and Korea. It is expected that the major market of the Company in Year 2024 would remain as the same. The percentage of sales for the Company's products in Year 2023 is as follows:

Regions	Percentage of total sales
Taiwan	16.30%
Mainland China	74.82%
Others	8.88%
Total	100.00%

2.1.2. Domestic market share of major products

There are a lot of companies, including EMC, NYP, ITEQ, TUC and Taiwan Panasonic, producing FR-4 CCL, PP, and providing mass lamination service located in Taiwan in year 2023. According to Prismark, EMC is the global leader in halogen free market with 28% market share, and global CCL market share is 9%.

2.1.3. Future supply/demand situation and the prospects of the market

The demand for high-speed and high-frequency data transmission would continue to rise in the Taiwan market.

2.1.4. The expected sales volume and the key assumption

Based on the actual sales volume, the expectation of the Company about the demand in the future, and the actual supply/demand situation in the first quarter of 2023, the Company expected the sales volume in year 2024 as follows:

Expected sales volume target:

Copper clad laminates (CCLs):	37.9 million sheets/year
Prepreg (PP):	0.72 million rolls/year
Mass Lam (M/L):	0.96 million panels/year

2.1.5. Positive factors, negative factors, and the Company's measures to counteract the negative measures

A. Positive factors

- CCLs are base materials for many sorts of electronic devices. The product life cycle is long, and at this moment, there is no product can replace the usage of CCLs.
- The penetration rate of halogen-free CCL is proliferating, and the market share is rising. Halogen-free products created much higher value for the Company.
- The Company has diversified the applications of its products, meeting the demand of different customers.
- The Company owns production base across the strait, and which are close to customers. In addition, the Company has established sales representative offices in Korea and the United States.

B. Negative factors

- The price volatility of raw materials can be significant, and therefore, has a negative impact on the gross margin of the Company.

C. Company's measures to counteract the negative factors

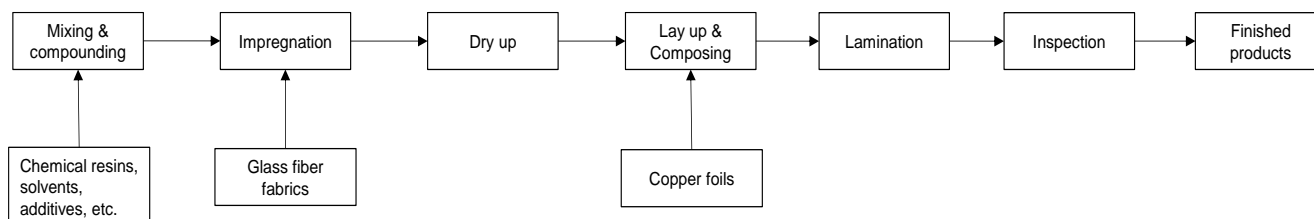
- Increase the sales percentage derived from high value-added products.
- Diversify the sources of raw materials to lower the risk. In addition, negotiate with vendors based on the total volume needed for all production sites of the Company to increase the bargaining power of the Company, in order to secure a consistent volume of supply with a relatively stable price.

2.2. Applications and Production Process of Major Products

2.2.1. Applications of major products

- CCLs: used for the production of double-sided PCBs and multi-layer PCBs
- Prepreg: used for the production of multi-layer PCBs
- Mass lamination: an OEM service provided to PCB makers for the production of multi-layer PCBs.

2.2.2. Production process of major products



2.3. Source of Major Raw Materials

Major raw materials of the Company include, but not limited to, copper foils, glass fiber fabrics, and epoxy

resins.

Table of major raw material sources and supply situations

Raw Materials	Major Sources	Supply Situation
Copper foil	Domestic	Normal
Glass fiber fabrics	Japan, domestic	Normal
Epoxy resins	Japan, domestic	Normal

2.4. Major suppliers or customers who account for 10% (inclusive) or above of purchases/or revenues in recent two years

2.4.1. Suppliers who account for 10% (inclusive) or above of purchases in recent two years:

Unit: NT\$ thousands

Year 2022				Year 2023				First Quarter of Year 2024			
Name	Purchase amount	Percentage of total purchase	Subsidiary or affiliates of the Company	Name	Purchase amount	Percentage of total purchase	Subsidiary or affiliates of the Company	Name	Purchase amount	Percentage of total purchase	Subsidiary or affiliates of the Company
A	2,283,631	11	No	A	2,522,614	10	No	-	-	-	No
Others	19,315,965	89	No	Others	22,702,767	90	No	Others	5,564,146	100	No
Net amount	21,599,596	100		Net sales	25,225,381	100		Net sales	5,564,146	100	

The reasons why percentage of purchase of major suppliers has changed: None

2.4.2. Customers who account for 10% (inclusive) or above of revenues in recent two years:

Unit: NT\$ thousands

Year 2022				Year 2023				First Quarter of Year 2024			
Name	Sales revenue	Percentage of total revenue	Subsidiary or affiliates of the Company	Name	Sales revenue	Percentage of total revenue	Subsidiary or affiliates of the Company	Name	Sales revenue	Percentage of total revenue	Subsidiary or affiliates of the Company
A	4,083,290	11	No	B	4,675,845	11	No	B	2,075,731	16	No
Others	34,589,259	89	No	Others	36,620,372	89	No	Others	10,826,729	84	No
Net sales	38,672,549	100		Net sales	41,296,217	100		Net sales	12,902,460	100	

The reasons why percentage of sales of major customers has changed: None

2.5. Volume and value of production in recent two years

Unit: NT\$ thousands

Products \ Year	Unit	Year 2022		Year 2023	
		Volume	Value	Volume	Value
CCLs	000 sheets	41,159	17,653,198	42,145	19,148,243
Prepreg	000 meters	174,801	11,229,143	185,264	12,682,299
Mass Lam	000 SF	2,986	684,248	2,006	533,612
Total			29,566,589		32,364,154

2.6. Sales volume and revenue in recent two years

Unit: NT\$ thousands

Year Products	Unit	Year 2022				Year 2023			
		Domestic Sales		Export Sales		Domestic Sales		Export Sales	
		Volume	Value	Volume	Value	Volume	Value	Volume	Value
CCLs	000 sheets	28,437	17,570,666	6,050	3,994,702	26,560	18,488,641	6,172	4,819,401
Prepreg	000 meters	90,476	12,787,857	18,202	3,659,388	84,245	13,534,986	17,078	3,950,546
Mass Lam	000 SF	3,034	471,212	324	102,931	2,176	354,573	71	43,826
Others		-	69,548	-	16,245	-	90,430	-	13,814
Total			30,899,283		7,773,266		32,468,630		8,827,587

3. Information about Employees

Year		Year 2022	Year 2023	31 March 2024
Number of Employees				
Number of Employees	Direct	2,858	3,370	3,571
	Indirect	968	1,035	1,075
	Total	3,826	4,405	4,646
Average age		35.6	36	35
Average years of service		5.4	5	5
Breakdown of Educational Level (%)				
Distribution of Educational Level	Ph.D.	0.3	0.2	0.2
	Master	5.2	5.0	4.8
	Bachelor	42.0	39.0	38.6
	High School	48.4	51.0	52
	Below High School	4.1	4.8	4.4

4. Environmental Protection Measures and Expenses

4.1. License or permission granted by the regulatory authority to install equipment, the fee paid to the regulatory authority for prevention of pollution, and the license number of dedicated person responsible for environmental protection

Hsinchu Factory			
License	Expiry Date	License Number	License Number of Dedicated Person
Production process of PCBs (M01)	18 Nov 2026	Hsinchu County Huan-Kon-Tsao-Zhen-Zhi No. J0763-14	(2016) Huan-Shu-Hsun-Zhen-Zhi No. FA100460
Heating process of heating medium (M02)	21 Sep 2024	Hsinchu County Huan-Kon-Tsao-Zhen-Zhi No. J0764-07	
Heating process of heating medium (M04)	19 Apr 2027	Hsinchu County Huan-Kon-Tsao-Zhen-Zhi No. J1008-05	
Production process of other electronic components (M05)	12 Apr 2026	Hsinchu County Huan-Kon-Tsao-Zhen-Zhi No. J1009-04	
Heating process of heating medium (M06)	19 Nov 2027	Hsinchu County Huan-Kon-Tsao-Zhen-Zhi No. J1017-05	
Water pollution control permit	19 Dec 2028	Hsinchu County	(2018) Huan-Shu-Hsun-Zhen-Zhi

		Huan-Pai-Hsu-Zhi No. 00424-12	No. GA130492
Business waste cleaning plan	24 Feb 2027	Fu-Huan-Yeh-Zhi No. 1118652191	(2019) Huan-Shu-Hsun-Zhen-Zhi No. HB220510
Guanyin Factory			
License	Expiry Date	License Number	License Number of Dedicated Person
Production process of other electronic components (M01)	14 July 2025	Fu-Huan-Kon-Tsao-Zhen-Zhi No. H6761-00	(2008) Huan-Shu-Hsun-Zhen-Zhi No. FA100052
Heating process of heating medium (M02)	26 Sep 2026	Fu-Huan-Kon-Tsao-Zhen-Zhi No. H5122-05	
Water pollution control permit (Plant 1 & 3)	14 Jun 2027	Taoyun City Huan-Pai-Hsu-Zhi No. H1984-09	(2015) Huan-Shu-Hsun-Zhen-Zhi No. GA230798
Water pollution control permit (Plant 2)	16 Jul 2027	Taoyun City Huan-Pai-Hsu-Zhi No. H3094-05	Not applicable
Business waste cleaning plan (Plant 1 & 3)	Good till revision	Fu-Huan-Yeh-Zhi No. 1060305324	(2015) Huan-Shu-Hsun-Zhen-Zhi No. HA050746
Business waste cleaning plan (Plant 2)	Good till revision	Fu-Huan-Yeh-Zhi No. 1060048502	(2017) Huan-Shu-Hsun-Zhen-Zhi No. HB180146

4.2. Expenses on environment protection

Unit: NT\$ thousands

Item	Amount
Waste treatment fee for earth and underground water	231
Charges for prevention of air pollution from fixed pollution source	15,325
Treatment of polluted water	0
Treatment cost of waste water	3,685
Treatment cost of business waste	90,200
Total	109,441

4.3. List of equipment and investment of the Company for prevention of pollution and their respective purpose

Equipment	Number	Acquisition Date	Purpose
Renewal of hot kerosene pipeline in boiler of No. 1 plant	One	31 May 2023	Prevention of pollution
Renewal of outdoor hot kerosene pipe of No. 3 combustion furnace	One	30 Sep 2022	Prevention of pollution
Improvement of Dust Collection System in Glue Dispensing Area	One	30 Jun 2022	Prevention of pollution
Dust collector	One	31 Aug 2018	Prevention of pollution
RTO equipment	One	31 July 2017	Prevention of pollution
MIL-1040 RTO equipment	One	31 Dec 2017	Prevention of pollution
No. 2 RTO Factory	One	31 Dec 2013	Prevention of pollution
RTO equipment – Zone 3	One	29 Dec 2011	Prevention of pollution
RTO equipment improvement – Zone 3	One	30 Nov 2014	Prevention of pollution
PLC Scan, Monitoring & Controlling system for hazardous chemical substances	One	31 Jan 2014	Prevention of pollution
Improvement of equipment for waste water treatment	One	30 Sep 2010	Prevention of pollution
SCR-6 pumping system for exhaust air	One	30 Apr 2007	Prevention of pollution
180CM treatment equipment for exhaust air form black oxide treatment	One	30 Sep 2006	Prevention of pollution
Improvement of equipment for waste water treatment	One	12 Apr 2006	Prevention of pollution

Equipment for waste water treatment	One	28 Feb 2006	Prevention of pollution
Exhaust air monitoring system – Plant 2	One	22 Sep 2000	Prevention of pollution
Flow meter of waste water – Plant 2	One	31 Aug 2000	Prevention of pollution
Flow meter of waste water	One	24 Sep 1997	Prevention of pollution
Exhaust fan and water circulation equipment for etching room	One	31 Oct 1994	Prevention of pollution
Waste water storage of etching room	One	30 Sep 1993	Prevention of pollution

4.4. Process the Company takes to reduce pollution, and to deal with the pollution related dispute in latest two years till the publishing of the annual report:

None

4.5. Loss or penalty due to pollution in latest two years till the publishing of the annual report:

None

4.6. Effects on the profit, competitiveness, and capital expenditure plan of the Company from the current environment pollution and expected substantial capital expenditure for environmental protection over next two years:

None

5. Employee Welfare

5.1. Current Agreements with Employees and Employee Welfare

5.1.1. Employee welfare procedures

- a. The company has an employee welfare committee that, in compliance with laws and regulations, appropriates welfare funds, and manages various welfare activities for employees. The said activities include, but are not limited to, employee domestic and overseas travelling trips. The Company also organizes a variety of clubs and games on periodical basis. In addition, the Company provides subsidy to individual employee for vacation travelling.
- b. The company provides holiday bonuses for traditional festival holidays, birthdays, weddings, and funerals for its employees.
- c. The company organizes and holds training program for its employees on periodical basis.
- d. The company provides free health checkup, labor insurance program, health insurance program, and a variety of group insurance programs for employees to choose among from.
- e. The company organizes year-end party on annual basis.
- f. The company has an employee bonus system, allowing employees to participate in the sharing of management results.
- g. The company had issued employee stock option certificates.

5.1.2. Employee training programs

The company provides its employees training programs designed and organized both internally and externally. A study report is required to submit for each attendee of the training courses. The training programs are integrated with the promotion system of the company. The cost for employee training in year 2023 was NT\$1,924 thousands. The total training hours amounted to 16,426 hours, and on the average, each employee attended a training program for 15.9 hours.

5.1.3. Pension and retirement plan

In order to encourage employees to provide professional services and stabilize their retirement lives, EMC has set up an "Employee Retirement Scheme" to provide each employee with a labor pension. At the same time, the

"Pension Supervision and Administration Commission" was established in accordance with the law to be responsible for the implementation of the old pension management and retirement measures, and the old pension was deposited to the old pension reserve account of the Bank of Taiwan on a monthly basis at the 2% monthly salary of each senior pensioner with the old pension system. Actuaries are also commissioned annually to submit actuarial reports to ensure full allocation to protect the rights and interests of employees. Pension funds are appropriated monthly, 6% of the monthly salary to individual pension accounts for those who are qualified or voluntarily choose the new pension fund system in accordance with the "Labor Pension Act". If an employee meets the statutory retirement conditions, he or she may apply for retirement, and after completing the procedures, those who have the old system of seniors can receive the pension of the old system, and the pension of the personal special account can also be withdrawn according to law after reaching the age of 60. In 2023, there was 5 person who applied for retirement, and the old system pension was settled according to law.

5.1.4. The agreement between labor and management

All regulations and procedures regarding labor and management relationship are implemented in good condition pursuant to the "Handbook of EMC Employees" and related laws. Since the inception of the Company, there has never been severe dispute between the labor and the management team. In addition, the Company has established an internal communication channel for employees and encourage employees to express their opinions and suggestions to the management team, in order to achieve a better cooperative relationship between labor and the management.

5.1.5. Various measures regarding protection of employees' rights

Each department of the Company has established protocols and procedures to protect employees' rights, especially to ensure a safety working environment. In addition, the Company value the opinions and suggestions from employees, and has dedicated personnel to handle such opinions and suggestions in a way as appropriate as possible.

**5.2. Loss occurs due to labor issues in the latest year until the publishing of this annual report:
None**

6. Information and communication security management:

Information Security Risk Management Framework

The company has set up an information security team, with the general manager being the convener and the head of the finance and accounting department being the deputy convener. The team members include the heads of various departments and the liaison personnel of the information security notification network.

The responsible unit for the company's information security is the MIS Department, which coordinates information security matters, and is responsible for formulating internal information security policies, planning and implementing information security operations, as well as the promotion and implementation of information security policies.

The company's internal audit office is the supervisory unit of information security supervision. The internal audit office is responsible for supervising the implementation of internal information security. If any mistake is found in regular inspections, relevant improvement plans and specific actions will be proposed by the responsible unit, and the improvement effects are regularly tracked in order to reduce internal information security risk.

Information Security Policy

In order to enhance the security and stable operation of the company's information and communication operations, provide secured information and communication services, and ensure the confidentiality, integrity and availability of information assets, the information security policy has been formulated as the highest guideline for the company's information and communication security management.

All employees in the company have obligations and responsibilities to comply with information security rules and regulations, maintain company information security, ensure the safe maintenance of company data, information systems, equipment and networks, and avoid the threat of accidents caused by all kinds of improper use, leakage, tampering, theft, and destruction, to reduce related risks.

Specific Management Plan

The company has not yet been insured under information security protection plan, but has established information security policies and other related operating standards, including physical and environmental security, network and computer security, system access control, sustainable operation of the system, information security promotion and education training, etc. which have all been carried out in accordance with the operating specifications. In 2020, we also reviewed the company's information environment through external consultants, and reported to the Board on the information security risk assessment on December 20, 2023, in an effort to further improve information security operations and ensure the company's business continuity.

Our dedicated cybersecurity unit consists of one cybersecurity manager and one cybersecurity personnel. We hold regular monthly meetings to review cybersecurity policies and implementation details.

7.Important Contracts and Agreements: None

The company's subsidiary, Elite Material (Penang) Sdn. Bhd. signed a construction contract for a new factory in Penang, Malaysia with MASTEQENGINEERING SDN. BHD. The tentative price of the contract is Malaysian Ringgit 419,446,000 (NT\$2,770,441,000)

VI. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. Five-Year Financial Summary

1.1. Condensed Balance Sheet and Statements of Comprehensive Income – IFRS

1.1.1. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet

Unit: NT\$ thousands

8 Item	Year	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	31 Mar 2024
Current assets		18,833,258	19,568,557	25,843,744	26,579,957	33,674,913	38,353,926
Property, plant and equipment		5,857,817	6,531,008	8,468,582	14,679,878	16,654,509	17,837,710
Intangible assets		10,316	671,900	669,410	744,784	712,271	788,337
Other assets		1,002,940	1,085,341	1,583,325	1,377,868	2,384,934	2,297,125
Total assets		25,704,331	27,856,806	36,565,061	43,382,487	53,426,627	59,277,098
Current liabilities	Before distribution	10,321,431	9,613,785	14,485,232	15,760,024	23,073,079	33,269,066
	After distribution	12,239,679	11,944,213	(Note)	18,589,830	26,512,411	29,829,734
Non-current liabilities		1,846,331	1,487,512	2,305,942	5,547,899	3,544,057	3,482,746
Total liabilities	Before distribution	12,167,762	11,101,297	16,791,174	21,307,923	26,617,136	36,715,812
	After distribution	14,086,010	13,431,725	(Note)	24,137,729	30,056,468	33,312,480
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		13,519,931	16,738,630	19,752,846	22,074,564	26,809,491	25,964,618
Common stock		3,197,080	3,329,183	3,329,183	3,329,183	3,431,793	3,442,781
Capital surplus		628,858	1,868,661	1,868,661	2,076,279	4,361,746	4,605,618
Retained earnings	Before distribution	10,526,386	12,297,677	15,458,911	17,218,392	19,875,105	21,825,689
	After distribution	8,608,138	9,967,249	(Note)	14,388,586	16,435,773	18,386,357
Other equity		(832,393)	(756,891)	(903,909)	(549,290)	(859,153)	(463,289)
Treasury stocks		0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-controlling interests		16,638	16,879	21,041	0	0	(6,849)
Total equity	Before distribution	13,536,569	16,755,509	19,773,887	22,074,564	26,809,491	29,403,950
	After distribution	11,618,321	14,425,081	(Note)	19,244,758	23,370,159	25,964,618

1.1.2. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

Unit: NT\$ thousands, except earnings per share

Item \ Year	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	31 Mar 2024
Operating revenues	24,865,522	27,200,786	38,500,026	38,672,549	41,296,217	12,902,460
Gross profit	6,100,303	7,040,029	10,068,554	9,710,062	11,332,715	3,738,144
Operating income (losses)	4,079,550	4,683,451	6,922,620	6,225,247	7,345,991	2,535,753
Non-operating income (expenses)	124,276	160,112	(10,724)	70,808	73,557	77,818
Income before tax	4,203,826	4,843,563	6,911,896	6,296,055	7,419,548	2,613,571
Income from continuing operations	4,203,826	4,843,563	6,911,896	6,296,055	7,419,548	2,613,571
Loss from discontinued operations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net income	3,245,301	3,694,270	5,500,157	5,076,240	5,488,309	1,977,045
Other comprehensive income, net	(412,750)	76,198	(148,742)	371,065	(311,653)	395,414
Total comprehensive income	2,832,551	3,770,468	5,351,415	5,447,305	5,176,656	2,372,459
Net income attributable to the owner of the Company	3,240,845	3,688,999	5,493,218	5,072,874	5,488,309	1,978,282
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	4,456	5,271	6,939	3,366	0	(1,237)
Total comprehensive income attributable to the owner of the Company	2,828,721	3,765,041	5,344,644	5,443,283	5,176,656	2,374,146
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	3,830	5,427	6,771	4,022	0	(1,687)
Earnings per share (NT\$/share)	10.14	11.33	16.50	15.24	16.35	5.76

1.2. Condensed Balance Sheet and Statements of Comprehensive Income – IFRS (Stand-alone basis)

1.2.1. Condensed Stand-Alone Balance Sheet - IFRS

Unit: NT\$ thousands

Year		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Item						
Current assets		4,518,871	4,816,937	6,066,071	5,747,916	7,537,097
Property, plant and equipment		2,015,030	2,007,189	1,957,319	4,252,687	4,172,452
Intangible assets		5,844	18,019	41,094	40,676	28,299
Other assets		13,722,965	15,084,715	18,221,193	19,914,343	23,686,784
Total assets		20,262,710	21,926,860	26,285,677	29,955,622	35,424,632
Current liabilities	Before distribution	5,441,993	3,968,647	4,938,265	4,023,300	7,012,878
	After distribution	7,360,241	6,299,075	7,268,693	6,853,106	10,452,210
Non-current liabilities		1,300,786	1,219,583	1,594,566	3,857,758	1,602,263
Total liabilities	Before distribution	6,742,779	5,188,230	6,532,831	7,881,058	8,615,141
	After distribution	8,661,027	7,518,658	8,863,2589	10,710,864	12,054,473
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		13,519,931	16,738,630	19,752,846	22,074,564	26,809,491
Common stock		3,197,080	3,329,183	3,329,183	3,329,183	3,431,793
Capital surplus		628,858	1,868,661	1,868,661	2,076,279	4,361,746
Retained earnings	Before distribution	10,526,386	12,297,677	15,458,911	17,218,392	19,875,105
	After distribution	8,608,138	9,967,249	13,128,483	14,388,586	16,435,773
Other equity		(832,393)	(756,891)	(903,909)	(549,290)	(859,153)
Treasury stocks		0	0	0	0	0
Non-controlling interests		0	0	0	0	0
Total equity	Before distribution	13,519,931	16,738,630	19,752,846	22,074,564	26,809,491
	After distribution	11,601,683	14,408,202	17,422,418	19,244,758	23,370,159

1.2.2. Condensed Stand-Alone Statements of Comprehensive Income - IFRS

Unit: NT\$ thousands, except earnings per share

Year	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Item					
Operating revenues	7,186,702	6,930,636	9,189,939	9,202,695	10,663,801
Gross profit	1,316,362	1,368,523	2,085,543	2,195,683	2,489,807
Operating income (losses)	591,708	383,753	739,685	784,566	998,457
Non-operating income (expenses)	3,062,813	3,800,791	5,312,153	4,768,911	5,134,121
Income before tax	3,654,521	4,184,544	6,051,838	5,553,477	6,132,578
Income from continuing operations	3,654,521	4,184,544	6,051,838	5,553,477	6,132,578
Loss from discontinued operations	0	0	0	0	0
Net income	3,240,845	3,688,999	5,493,218	5,072,874	5,488,309
Other comprehensive income, net	(412,124)	76,042	(148,574)	370,409	(311,653)
Total comprehensive income	2,828,721	3,765,041	5,344,644	5,443,283	5,176,656
Earnings per share (NT\$/share)	10.14	11.33	16.50	15.24	16.35

1.3. Names and Opinions of Independent Auditors in Recent Five Years

Year	Name of CPA	Auditing opinion
2019	Calvin C. Y. Chiang & Yi-Chun, Chen	Unqualified opinion
2020	Yi-Chun, Chen & Calvin C. Y. Chiang	Unqualified opinion
2021	Yi-Chun, Chen & Calvin C. Y. Chiang	Unqualified opinion
2022	Yi-Chun, Chen & Hsiao-Ling Chiang	Unqualified opinion
2023	Yi-Chun, Chen & Hsiao-Ling Chiang	Unqualified opinion

Should the CPA change in recent five years, the reason for such change: Due to the internal job rotation of the auditing firm KPMG, the CPA changed in year 2019 and year 2022.

2. Financial Ratio Analysis for Recent Five Years

2.1. Financial Ratio Analysis (consolidated)

Item \ Year		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	31 Mar 24
Financial structure	Ratio of liabilities to assets (%)	47.34	39.85	45.92	49.12	49.82	56.20
	Ratio of long-term capital to property, plant and equipment (%)	242.24	265.38	247.13	188.17	182.25	165.08
Liquidity analysis	Current ratio (%)	182.47	203.55	178.41	168.65	145.95	128.58
	Quick ratio (%)	154.33	165.04	140.68	141.78	119.36	106.22
	Interest coverage ratio (times)	90.31	80.76	91.56	40.44	26.68	27.43
Operating ability	Receivables turnover (times)	2.96	2.84	3.32	3.10	2.85	2.92
	Average collection period (days)	123.31	128.52	109.93	117.74	128.07	125.00
	Inventory turnover (times)	7.34	6.10	6.20	5.97	5.78	5.73
	Payables turnover (times)	3.53	3.50	4.07	3.96	3.52	3.47
	Averages sales days (days)	49.72	59.83	58.87	61.13	63.14	63.69
	Property, plant and equipment turnover (times)	4.24	4.16	4.55	3.34	2.64	0.75
	Total assets turnover (times)	0.97	0.98	1.05	0.97	0.85	0.23
Profitability analysis	Return on total assets (%)	13.77	13.98	17.26	12.70	11.34	3.51
	Return on shareholders' equity (%)	25.50	24.39	30.11	24.26	22.45	7.49
	Ratio of pre-tax income to paid-in capital (%)	131.49	145.49	207.62	189.12	216.20	75.91
	Ratio of net income to sales (%)	13.05	13.58	14.29	13.13	13.29	15.32
	Earnings per share (NT\$/share)	10.14	11.33	16.50	15.24	16.35	5.76
Cash flow	Cash flow ratio (%)	23.89	36.59	27.76	47.58	12.52	6.00
	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	120.47	92.09	78.25	73.62	62.33	63.59
	Cash reinvestment ratio (%)	5.91	6.62	6.03	12.18	0.16	4.98
Leverage	Operating leverage	1.78	1.81	1.73	1.89	1.91	1.78
	Financial leverage	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.03	1.04	1.04

2.2. Financial Ratio Analysis (Stand-Alone)

Year		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Item						
Financial Structure	Ratio of liabilities to assets (%)	33.28	23.66	24.85	26.31	24.32
	Ratio of long-term capital to property, plant and equipment (%)	676.30	849.31	1,046.71	597.01	665.00
Liquidity Analysis	Current ratio (%)	83.04	121.37	122.84	142.87	107.48
	Quick ratio (%)	68.19	94.10	98.41	116.39	86.95
	Interest coverage ratio (times)	96.85	181.48	670.38	699.29	659.92
Operating Ability	Receivables turnover (times)	2.95	2.87	3.65	3.44	3.31
	Average collection period (days)	123.72	127.17	100.00	106.10	110.27
	Inventory turnover (times)	8.12	5.88	6.21	6.17	6.52
	Payables turnover (times)	3.36	3.14	3.66	3.52	3.34
	Averages sales days (days)	44.95	62.07	58.77	59.15	55.98
	Property, plant and equipment turnover (times)	3.57	3.45	4.70	2.16	2.56
	Total assets turnover (times)	0.35	0.32	0.35	0.31	0.30
Profitability Analysis	Return on total assets (%)	17.24	17.58	22.82	18.06	16.81
	Return on shareholders' equity (%)	25.50	24.38	30.11	24.26	22.45
	Ratio of pre-tax income to paid-in capital (%)	114.31	125.69	181.78	166.81	178.70
	Ratio of net income to sales (%)	45.10	53.23	59.77	55.12	51.47
	Earnings per share (NT\$/share)	10.14	11.33	16.50	15.24	16.35
Cash Flow	Cash flow ratio (%)	34.96	80.04	49.09	95.60	12.96
	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	86.83	86.05	84.08	71.71	71.41
	Cash reinvestment ratio (%)	3.96	6.09	0.39	1.79	-6.22
Leverage	Operating leverage	3.08	5.07	3.67	3.58	3.24
	Financial leverage	1.07	1.06	1.01	1.01	1.01

The Formula used for the Calculation of Numbers in the Table Above:

1. Financial Structure

- (1) Liabilities to assets ratio = Total liabilities / Total assets
- (2) Long-term capital to property, plant and equipment ratio = (Net shareholders' equity + Long-term liabilities) / Net value of property, plant and equipment

2. Liquidity Analysis

- (1) Current ratio = Current assets / Current liabilities
- (2) Quick ratio = (Current assets - Inventory - Prepaid expenses) / Current liabilities
- (3) Interest coverage ratio = Net income before income tax and interest expenses / Interest expenses

3. Operating Ability

- (1) Receivables turnover (including accounts and notes receivable) = Net sales / Average receivables (including accounts and notes receivable)
- (2) Average collection days = 365 / Receivables turnover
- (3) Inventory turnover = Costs of goods sold / Average inventory
- (4) Average sales days = 365 / Inventory turnover
- (5) Payables turnover (including accounts and notes payable) = Costs of goods sold / Average payables (including accounts and notes payable)
- (6) Property, plant and equipment turnover ratio = Net sales / Net value of property, plant and equipment
- (7) Total assets turnover ratio = Net sales / Total assets

4. Profitability Analysis

- (1) Return on assets = [Net income + Interest expenses \times (1 - Tax rate)] / Average total assets
- (2) Return on shareholders' equity = Net income / Average shareholders' equity
- (3) Net income to sales ratio = Net income / Net sales
- (4) Earnings per share = (Net income attributable to owner of the Company - Preferred stock dividend) / Weighted average number of outstanding shares

5. Cash Flow

- (1) Cash flow ratio = Cash flows from operating activities / Current liabilities
- (2) Cash flow adequacy ratio = Net cash flow from operating activities for the past 5 years / (Capital expenditures + Increase in inventory + Cash dividends) for the past 5 years
- (3) Cash reinvestment ratio = (Net cash flow from operating activities - Cash dividends) / (Gross value of property, plant and equipment + Long-term Investment + Other noncurrent assets + Working capital)

6. Leverage

- (1) Operating leverage = (Net sales - Variable operating costs and expenses) / Operating income
- (2) Financial leverage = Operating income / (Operating income - Interest expenses)

3. Review Report of the Audit Committee

To the 2024 General Shareholders' Meeting of Elite Material Co., Ltd.,

In accordance with Article 219 of the Company Act, we have examined the Business Report, the Resolution for Allocation of Surplus Profit, the Financial Statements submitted by the Board of Directors for the year ending 2023 which had been audited by independent auditors, Ms. Chen, Yi-Chun and Ms. Chiang, Hsiao-Ling of KPMG, and the auditing report signed by the said independent auditors, and found them in order. We thereby submit the report.



Cheng, Duen-Chian

Convener of the Audit Committee of Elite Material Co., Ltd.

29 February 2024

4. Year 2023 Stand-Alone Financial Report:

Please refer to ANNEX I

5. Year 2023 Consolidated Financial Report Reviewed and Attested by CPA:

Please refer to ANNEX II

6. Impact of the Financial Distress Occurred to the Company and Affiliates in Recent Years until the Annual Report Being Published:

None

VII. REVIEW AND ANALYSIS OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION, PERFORMANCE, AND RISK MANAGEMENT

1. Review and Analysis of Financial Condition

Unit: NT\$ thousands

Item \ Year	2023	2022	Difference	
			Dollar Amount	%
Current asset	33,674,913	26,579,957	7,094,956	26.69
Property, plant and equipment	16,654,509	14,679,878	1,974,631	13.45
Intangible assets	712,271	744,784	(32,513)	(4.37)
Other assets	2,384,934	1,377,868	1,007,066	73.09
Total assets	53,426,627	43,382,487	10,044,140	23.15
Current liabilities	23,073,079	15,760,024	7,313,055	46.40
Non-current liabilities	3,544,057	5,547,899	(2,003,842)	(36.12)
Total liabilities	26,617,136	21,307,923	5,309,213	24.92
Common stock	3,431,793	3,329,183	102,610	3.08
Capital surplus	4,361,746	2,076,279	2,285,467	110.08
Retained earnings	19,875,105	17,218,392	2,656,713	15.43
Other equities	(859,153)	(549,290)	(309,863)	(56.41)
Non-controlling interests	0	0	0	0
Total equities	26,809,491	22,074,564	4,734,927	21.45

Analysis and explanation of changes in the increase and decrease ratios in the last two years (if the change ratio in the previous and later periods is more than 20%, and the change amount reaches NT\$10 million):

1. Current assets and total assets: Mainly due to the increase in accounts receivable and inventory due to continued sales growth.
2. Other assets: Mainly due to the increase in right-of-use assets.
3. Current liabilities and total liabilities: Mainly due to the increase in accounts payable due to continued sales growth.
4. Non-current liabilities, capital reserves, and total equity: Mainly due to the conversion of convertible corporate bonds.
5. Other equity: Adjust the exchange differences in the financial statements of foreign operating institutions based on exchange rate changes.

2. Review and Analysis of Financial Performance

Unit: NT\$ thousands

Item \ Year	2023	2022	Difference	
			Dollar Amount	%
Operating revenues – net	41,296,217	38,672,549	2,623,668	6.78
Cost of goods sold	29,963,502	28,962,487	1,001,015	3.46
Gross profit	11,332,715	9,710,062	1,622,653	16.71
Operating expenses	3,986,724	3,484,815	501,909	14.40
Operating profit (losses)	7,345,991	6,225,247	1,120,744	18.00
Non-operating gain (expenses)	73,557	70,808	2,749	3.88
Pre-tax profit from continuing operation	7,419,548	6,296,055	1,123,493	17.84
Net income (losses)	5,488,309	5,076,240	412,069	8.12
Other comprehensive income – net	(311,653)	371,065	(682,718)	(183.99)
Total comprehensive income	5,176,656	5,447,305	(270,649)	(4.97)
Net income attributable to the owner of the Company	5,488,309	5,072,874	415,435	8.19
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	0	3,366	(3,366)	(100.00)
Total comprehensive income attributable to the owner of the Company	5,176,656	5,443,283	(266,627)	(4.90)
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	0	4,022	(4,022)	(100.00)
<p>Analysis and explanation of changes in the increase and decrease ratios in the last two years (if the change ratio in the previous and later periods is more than 20%, and the change amount reaches NT\$10 million):</p> <p>Other comprehensive gains and losses for the current period (net after tax): caused by adjusting the exchange differences in the financial statements of foreign operating institutions based on exchange rate changes.</p>				

3. Review and Analysis of Cash Flow

3.1. Liquidity Analysis in Recent Two Years

Unit: NT\$ thousands

Item \ Year	2023	2022	Difference	
			Dollar amount	%
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	2,889,727	7,498,208	(4,608,481)	(61.46)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	4,057,023	6,595,595	(2,538,572)	(38.49)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	108,640	2,687,468	(2,578,828)	(95.96)
Analysis of variations between two years (should the variation exceed 20% of the numbers in previous year and the dollar):				
1. Cash flows from operating activities: Net inflow is due to the profit is increasing.				
2. Cash flows from investing activities: Net outflow is due to land acquisition				
3. Cash flows from financing activities: Net inflow is due to the issuance of convertible corporate bond.				

3.2. Liquidity Analysis for the Coming One Year

Unit: NT\$ thousands

Cash and Cash Equivalents – beginning balance	Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Cash Flows from Investing and Financing Activities	Cash and Cash Equivalents – Ending Balance	Remedy Plans for Negative Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents	
				Investment Plan	Financing Plan
9,258,881	7,862,931	(6,598,095)	10,523,717	-	-

3.2.1. Liquidity analysis for 2023:

- A. Operating activity: Cash net inflow from operating activities is expected to derive mainly from the cash payment from accounts receivables made by customers.
- B. Investment activity: It is expected that the investing activity will lead a net cash outflow, as the company plans to increase the acquisition of property, plant, and equipment.
- C. Financing activities: It is expected that the dividends paid will result in a net cash outflow from financing activities.

3.2.2. Remedy plans for negative balance of cash and cash equivalents:

It is expected that the ending balance of cash and cash equivalents will be positive in the coming year.

4. Major Capital Expenditures in Recent Years and Impacts on Financial and Operational Situations:

In recent years, benefiting from the rise of applications such as 5G communication and high-performance computing, with the continuous growth of server and high-end switch material shipments and the increase in the structural demand of the semiconductor industry, the demand for high-end substrate has been synchronously driven. The company's subsidiary EMC (Huangshi) Co., Ltd. expands its production capacity through local construction to meet the needs of the company's group operating growth, in addition, another subsidiary, EMC (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. cooperates with the local government's factory relocation plan to build and purchase related equipment locally, which will have a positive impact on future financial business.

5. Investment Policies in Recent Years

Reasons for Profit/Loss in Recent Years and Plans for Improvement

1. Reinvestment policy for the most recent year:

The main strategy of the company's reinvestment is to expand production capacity in order to increase production capacity and make profits.

2. The main reasons for the profit of the reinvestment:

The company's year 2023 investment income recognized by the equity method was NT\$5,089,242,000, mainly due to the good operating conditions of overseas reinvestment companies and profits.

3. Investment plan for the coming year:

The company will carefully evaluate the investment plan from a long-term strategic perspective, in order to meet the needs of future market and production capacity expansion, and continue to strengthen global competitiveness.

6. Sources of Risks and Management

6.1. Impacts from fluctuations of interest rate and currency exchange rate and inflation on the Company in recent years, and measures the Company undertake to manage the risks

6.1.1. Interest Rate

The Company's borrowings were on the basis of floating interest rate. The Company is not involved in the situation of changing floating interest rate into fixed rate with interest rate swap agreement. The Company periodically assessed the borrowing rates of the banks and every currency to make provisions for interest-changed rate risk. In addition, the Company creates favorable relationship with banks to get lower financial costs from borrowings in order for it to strengthen its working capital to lower its dependency on bank borrowings, as well as situation of changing floating interest rate and scatter interest-changed rate risk.

6.1.2. Foreign Currency Exchange Rate

The Company is exposed to currency risk on sales, purchases, and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of each entity owned by the Company, primarily the New Taiwan Dollar (TWD), US Dollar (USD), and China Yuan (CNY). Besides, the Company uses natural hedging principle to hedge by controlling the net amount of each currency of the Company in accordance with the condition of the exchange rate market. The Company hedges the currency risk with forward foreign currency whose mature date is in a year from report date.

The interest is denominated in the currency used in the borrowings. Generally, borrowings are denominated in currencies that match the cash flows generated by the underlying operations of the Company, primarily the TWD, USD, and CNY. This provides an economic hedge without derivatives being entered into, and therefore, hedge accounting is not applied in these circumstances.

In respect of other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Company ensures that its net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates when necessary to address short-term imbalances.

6.1.3. Inflation and Inflationary Expectations

The Company's profit/loss was little affected by the inflation and inflationary expectations.

6.2. Major reasons for transaction policies, gain or loss from engaging in high-risk and hyper-leveraged investments, fund lending to others, endorsement/ guarantee and derivatives and correspondent procedures

The Company and subsidiaries did not engage in any high-risk or hyper-leveraged investments. The trading of derivative products is to hedge the risks from fluctuations stemming from our exposure to interest and currency exchange rates. Under this policy, all positions of derivative products are covered by physical holdings of assets and liabilities owned by the Company and subsidiaries; in other words, these positions are not naked positions. Therefore, the risks of trading derivatives are minimized and can be effectively controlled. Gains or losses, if occurred, often resulting from reasons such as investment horizon miss-matches, are therefore, little and negligible. The Company and subsidiaries will maintain this policy, and will not proactively engage in naked positions of high-risk or hyper-leveraged derivative products. All trading of derivative products will be managed in accordance with the “Procedures for Acquisition and Disposition of Assets”, “Procedures of Capital Lending to Others”, “Procedures of Endorsements and Guarantees”, and “Procedures for Handling Transactions of Derivative Products” approved by the Board of Directors and Shareholders’ Meeting.

6.3. R&D Plans and Estimated Expenses in Coming Years

The Company believes that eco-friendly material is an irreversible trend in the laminate industry. Therefore, the R&D plans in the future will continue to focus on the development of eco-friendly materials.

Products and Items under R&D	Expected R&D Expenditure	Expected Time for Commercial Operation and Promotion	Major Factors Affect the R&D Results
Ultra-high-speed switches and materials for AI applications	NT\$1,322,000Thousand Dollars	The 2nd Quarter of 2024	Qualifications obtained for each product and the market demand
Low loss/high-end antenna packaging material.		The 3th Quarter of 2024	
High-end substrate material		The 4th Quarter of 2024	

6.4. Impacts and responses of the company in regard to material changes of policies and regulations in Taiwan and foreign countries

The company and its subsidiaries have always complied with relevant current domestic laws and regulations, and relevant personnel also pay attention to changes in laws and regulations at any time for reference by the management. Therefore, the company and its subsidiaries can immediately grasp and effectively respond to important domestic policy and legal changes. No special effects.

6.5. Technology Developments and Impacts on the Company

The company and its subsidiaries always pay attention to the changes in technology and industry changes in the industry in which they are located, and assign special personnel or special teams to evaluate and study the impact on the company's future development and financial business and the corresponding measures. So far, there have been no major technological changes or industrial changes that have a major impact on the company's financial business.

6.6. Changes of Corporate Image and Impacts on the Company's Crisis Management:

The company operates with integrity, and there has been no image change that has caused a crisis to corporate management in recent years.

6.7. Expected Benefits and Risks from Mergers and Acquisitions:

None

6.8. Expected Benefits and Risks from Plant Expansion:

In response to the growth needs of the company group, EMC (Huangshi) Co., Ltd. has contracted and completed the project according to the schedule. The relocation of EMC (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. is currently in progress, which will help the company's business promotion.

6.9. Risks from concentration in supply and sales and measures the Company undertake:

The company and its subsidiaries are mainly engaged in the manufacturing, processing and sales of key materials for printed circuit boards. The main products are copper foil substrates, adhesive sheets and multi-layer laminated boards. The sales customers are mainly domestic and foreign PCB manufacturers, and they have maintained good relations with the purchase manufacturers. Judging from the purchase and sales situation in the most recent year and as of the date of publication of the annual report, there is no concentration of purchases and sales

6.10. Impacts and risks from changes in Directors, Supervisors and shareholders with greater than 10% shareholding or their selling of a large number of shares in recent years until the annual report being published:

None

6.11. Impact and risks from change of ownership in recent year until the annual report being published:

None

6.12. Litigations, Non-litigations, and Administrative Actions:

6.12.1. Material Impacts on shareholders' equity or share price from litigations, non-litigations or administrative actions in recent year until the annual report being published:

None

6.12.2. Material Impacts on shareholders' equity or share price from litigations, non-litigations or administrative actions in Directors, Supervisors, Chairman, President, shareholders with greater than 10% shareholding and subsidiaries in recent year until the annual report being published:

None

6.12.3. Violations of Article 157 of Stock Exchange Act Directors, Supervisors, Chairman, President, managers, and shareholders with greater than 10% shareholding and subsidiaries in recent year until the annual report being published:

None

6.13. Other major risks:

None

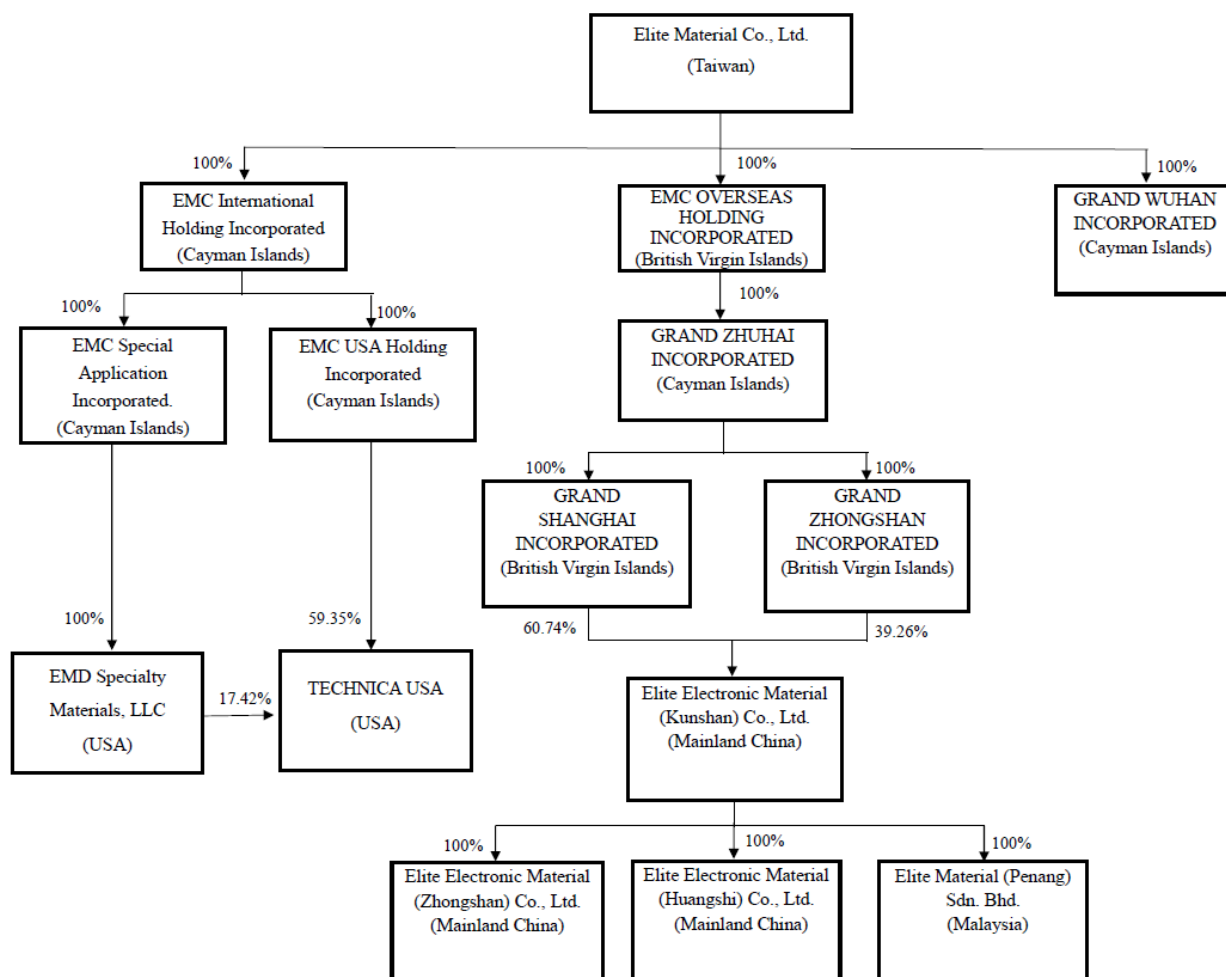
7. Other Important Matters:

None

VIII. SPECIAL DISCLOSURE

1. Affiliated Companies

1.1. Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies in the Consolidated Financial Report



1.2. Information of Subsidiaries and Affiliates

Company Name	Date of Incorporation	Address	Paid-in Capital	Major Business Activities
EMC Overseas Holding Inc.	July 1996	P.O. Box 957, Offshore Incorporations Center, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	US\$36,256,950	Investment
Grand Wuhan Incorporated	Jan 2018	P.O. Box 31119, Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman, KY1-1205 Cayman Islands	US\$20,020,000	Investment
EMC International Holding Incorporated	July 2020	P. O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman, KY1-1205 Cayman	US \$ 27,042,000	Investment

		Islands		
Grand Zhuhai Incorporated	April 2004	Scotia Center, 4 th Floor, P.O. Box 2804, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands	US\$34,618,060	Investment
Grand Shanghai Incorporated	May 1997	P.O. Box 957, Offshore Incorporations Center, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	US\$18,200,000	Investment
Grand Zhongshan Incorporated	May 2004	P.O. Box 957, Offshore Incorporations Center, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	US\$16,437,000	Investment
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Sep 1997	No. 985, Jinmao Road, Zhoushi Town, Kunshan City, Suzhou City, Jiangsu Province	US\$124,046,000	Production and sales of CCLs and prepreg
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	July 2004	No. 7, Technology Avenue, Huo-Ju Development Zone, Zhongshan City, Guangdong Province, China	RMB\$802,500,000	Production and sales of CCLs and prepreg
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Mar 2018	No. 189, Jingshan Avenue, Economic and Technology Development Zone, Huangshi City, Hubei Province, China	RMB\$641,762,000	Production and sales of CCLs and prepreg
ELITE MATERIAL (PENANG) SDN. BHD.	July 2023	Level 13A-6, Menara Milenium, jalan damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, Kuala Lumpur Wilayah Persekutuan	MYR \$ 182,727,001	Production and sales of CCLs and prepreg
EMC Special Application Incorporated	Aug 2020	P. O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman, KY1-1205 Cayman Islands	US \$ 26,255,000	Investment
EMC USA Holding Incorporated	Nov 2021	P. O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman, KY1-1205 Cayman Islands	US\$732,000	Investment
EMD Specialty Materials, LLC	Dec 2020	9433 Hyssop Drive Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730-USA	-	Production and sales of CCLs and prepreg
Technica USA	July 1986	2431 ZANKER RD SAN JOSE, CA 95131-USA	US\$3,444,000	General import and export services

1.3. Companies presumed to have a relationship of control and subordination with Elite Material Co., Ltd. under Article 369-3 of the R.O.C. Company Act:

None

1.4. Industries Covered by the Business Operated by the Affiliates:

Please refer to the table mentioned above.

1.5. Information about the Directors, Supervisors, and Managers at Each Subsidiary and Affiliate:

31 March 2024

Company	Title	Name or representative	Registered shares owned
EMC Overseas Holding Incorporated	Director	Representative of Elite Material Co., Ltd.: Dong, Ding-Yu	100%
Grand Wuhan Incorporated	Director	Representative of Elite Material Co., Ltd.: Dong, Ding-Yu	100%

EMC International Holding Incorporated	Director	Representative of Elite Material Co., Ltd.: Dong, Ding-Yu	100%
Grand Zhuhai Incorporated	Director	Representative of EMC Overseas Holding Incorporated: Dong, Ding-Yu	100%
Grand Shanghai Incorporated	Director	Representative of Grand Zhuhai Incorporated: Dong, Ding-Yu	100%
Grand Zhongshan Incorporated	Director	Representative of Grand Zhuhai Incorporated: Dong, Ding-Yu	100%
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Director	Representatives of Grand Shanghai Incorporated: Dong, Ding-Yu Tsai, Fei-Liang Guan, En-Xiang,	100%
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Director	Representatives of Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Dong, Ding-Yu Tsai, Fei-Liang Guan, En-Xiang	100%
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Director	Representatives of Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Dong, Ding-Yu Tsai, Fei-Liang Guan, En-Xiang	100%
EMC Special Application Incorporated	Director	Representative of EMC International Holding Incorporated: Dong, Ding-Yu	100%
EMC USA Holding Incorporated	Director	Representative of EMC International Holding Incorporated: Dong, Ding-Yu	100%
EMD Specialty Materials, LLC	President	Brad Foster	100%
Technica USA	Director	Alain Kahn 、Albert Tung 、Frank Medina	76.77%
Elite Material (Penang) Sdn. Bhd	Director	Monica Lin 、Ken Wang 、Kamarulazam Bin Hamzah	100%

1.6. Operating Results of Each Subsidiary and Affiliate:

31 Dec 2023 / Unit: NT\$ thousands

Company	Paid-in Capital	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Total Equity	Operating Revenue	Operating Profit	Net Income
EMC OVERSEAS HOLDING INC.	1,113,270	22,083,355	49	22,080,915	0	(195)	5,116,084
Grand Shanghai Incorporated	558,831	13,390,081	49	13,390,032	0	(195)	3,315,269
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	3,230,698	32,902,459	10,882,360	22,020,100	18,326,013	3,758,598	5,237,308
Grand Zhuhai Incorporated	1,062,948	22,046,145	49	22,046,096	0	(331)	5,114,595
Grand Zhongshan Incorporated	504,698	8,654,905	49	8,654,856	0	(1,774)	1,799,587
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	3,472,418	11,939,622	4,355,542	7,584,081	12,608,027	2,045,223	1,778,171
Grand Wuhan Incorporated	614,714	731,562	49	731,513	0	(689)	150,136
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	570,139	9,443,700	8,193,873	1,249,827	6,505,409	759,778	496,408
EMC International Holding Incorporated	830,325	579,134	49	570,984	0	(577)	(176,978)

EMC Special Application Incorporated	806,160	578,595	49	578,546	0	(315)	(176,364)
EMD Specialty Materials, LLC	0	1,104,153	1,156,676	577,688	884,832	(177,319)	(160,617)
EMC USA Holding Incorporated	22,476	24	49	(26)	0	(50)	(48)
Elite Material (Penang) Sdn. Bhd.(RMB)	308,232	303,147	713	302,434	0	(1,132)	(272)

1.7. Consolidated Financial Statements of Subsidiaries and Affiliates:

The affiliates that should be included in the combined financial statements of Elite Material Co., Ltd. as of and for the year ended 31 December 2018 in accordance with the “Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises” in the Republic of China (ROC) are the same as those already included in the consolidated financial report of Elite Material Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of and for the year ended 31 December 2018. The consolidated financial report has been prepared under the International Accounting Standard 27 - “Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements.” The information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements has already been disclosed in the consolidated financial report. Therefore, Elite Material Co. Ltd. and its subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

2. Private Placement in the Latest Year till the Publishing of the Annual Report:

None

3. The Company’s Shares Held or Disposed by Subsidiaries in the Latest Year till the Publishing of the Annual Report:

None

4. Other Supplementary Information:

None

5. Pursuant to the Article 36-3-2 of Security Exchange Act, event having material impact on shareholders' equity or share price in the latest year until the annual report being published

None

ANNEX I

Year 2023 Stand-Alone Financial Reports Audited by CPA

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)

ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**With Independent Auditors' Report
For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022**

Address: No.18, Datong 1st Rd., Guanyin Dist., Taoyuan City 328, Taiwan (R.O.C.)
Telephone: (03)483-7937

The independent auditors' report and the accompanying parent company only financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and parent company only financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Elite Material Co., Ltd.:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Elite Material Co., Ltd. ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the statement of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

1. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note (4)(n) "Revenue" and Note (6)(n) "Revenue" of the financial statements.

Description of key audit matter:

Revenue is the main indicator for investors and the management to evaluate the company's financial statements or business performance. The accuracy of the timing of revenue recognition significantly impacts the financial statement.

Therefore, the recognition of revenue was considered to be one of the key audit matters in the audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

In relation to the key audit matter above, we have performed certain key audit procedures that included: assessing the accounting policies on the recognition timing of sales revenue and the appropriateness of related internal controls; testing the effectiveness of implementation of internal controls ; performing cut-off test for recognition of revenue on the certain period before and after the reporting date to assess the reasonableness to the recognition timing of sales revenue.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, interpretation as well as related guidance endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the investment in other entities accounted for using the equity method to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. The accountant is responsible for the guidance, supervision and implementation of the audit cases of these investee companies, and is responsible for the formation of ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD..

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Chen, Yi-Chun and Chiang, Hsiao-Ling.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China)
February 29, 2024

Notes to Readers

The accompanying parent company only financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such parent company only financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' audit report and the accompanying parent company only financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' audit report and parent company only financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)
ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS		2023.12.31		2022.12.31				LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		2023.12.31		2022.12.31	
		Amount	%	Amount	%					Amount	%	Amount	%
Current Assets:								Current Liabilities:					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Note (6)(a))	\$ 778,780	2	1,220,983	4	2100		Short-term borrowings (Note (6)(g))	\$ 1,100,000	3	34,803	-	
1150	Notes receivable, net (Note (6)(b))	59,252	-	88,262	-	2170		Accounts payable (Note (7))	3,112,792	9	1,774,373	6	
1170	Accounts receivable, net (Note (6)(b))	3,495,308	10	2,231,849	8	2200		Other payables	1,372,334	4	1,214,538	4	
1181	Accounts receivable due from related parties (Note (6)(b) and (7))	324,901	1	235,947	1	2220		Other payables to related parties (Note (7))	715,981	2	646,396	2	
1200	Other receivables, net (Note (6)(c))	1,145,420	3	713,734	2	2230		Current tax liabilities	80,293	-	339,991	1	
1210	Other receivables due from related parties, net (Note (6)(c) and (7))	149,678	1	144,119	-	2322		Long-term borrowings, current portion (Note (6)(h))	600,000	2	-	-	
1310	Inventories (Note (6)(d))	1,439,632	4	1,065,204	4	2399		Other current liabilities	31,478	-	13,199	-	
1470	Other current assets	144,126	-	47,818	-				7,012,878	20	4,023,300	13	
		7,537,097	21	5,747,916	19			Non-Current liabilities:					
Non-Current Assets:						2500		Non-current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	23,564	-	
1510	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, non-current (Note(6)(i))	5,504	-	-	-			(Note (6)(i))					
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method, net (Note (6)(e))	23,383,412	66	19,626,861	66	2530		Bonds payable (Note (6)(i))	930,543	2	3,302,140	11	
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Note (6)(f))	4,172,452	12	4,252,687	14	2570		Deferred tax liabilities (Note (6)(k))	664,782	2	519,997	2	
1780	Intangible assets	28,299	-	40,676	-	2645		Guarantee deposits received	6,938	-	12,057	-	
1840	Deferred tax assets (Note (6)(k))	207,104	1	132,957	1				1,602,263	4	3,857,758	13	
1900	Other non-current assets	40,926	-	103,027	-			Total liabilities	8,615,141	24	7,881,058	26	
1920	Guarantee deposits paid (Note (8))	8,636	-	8,656	-								
1975	Net defined benefit asset, non-current (Note (6)(j))	41,202	-	42,842	-			Equity (Note (6)(l)):					
		27,887,535	79	24,207,706	81	3100		Capital stock	3,431,793	10	3,329,183	11	
						3200		Capital surplus	4,361,746	12	2,076,279	7	
								Retained earnings:					
						3310		Legal reserve	3,462,000	10	2,953,134	10	
						3320		Special reserve	549,290	2	903,909	3	
						3351		Accumulated profit and loss	15,863,815	45	13,361,349	45	
						3400		Other equity interest	(859,153)	(3)	(549,290)	(2)	
								Total equity	26,809,491	76	22,074,564	74	
Total assets		<u>\$ 35,424,632</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>29,955,622</u>	<u>100</u>			Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 35,424,632</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>29,955,622</u>	<u>100</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)
ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD.

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2023		2022	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue (Note (6)(n) and (7))	\$ 10,663,801	100	9,202,695	100
5000	Operating costs (Note (6)(d) and (7))	(8,171,894)	(77)	(7,007,937)	(76)
	Gross profit (loss) from operations	2,491,907	23	2,194,758	24
5910	Less: Unrealized profit from sales	(10,491)	-	(8,391)	-
5920	Add: Realized profit on from sales	8,391	-	9,316	-
		2,489,807	23	2,195,683	24
	Operating expenses (Note (7)):				
6100	Total selling expenses	(331,040)	(3)	(380,669)	(4)
6200	Total administrative expenses	(667,545)	(6)	(618,693)	(7)
6300	Total research and development expenses	(492,765)	(5)	(411,425)	(4)
6450	Expected credit loss	-	-	(330)	-
6300	Total operating expenses	(1,491,350)	(14)	(1,411,117)	(15)
	Net operating income	998,457	9	784,566	9
	Non-operating income and expenses:				
7100	Total interest income (Note (6)(p))	14,236	-	3,520	-
7020	Other gains and losses, net (Note (6)(p))	67,819	-	168,832	2
7370	Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	5,091,075	48	4,629,006	50
7050	Finance costs (Note (6)(i) and (p))	(39,009)	-	(32,447)	-
	Total non-operating income and expenses	5,134,121	48	4,768,911	52
	Profit from continuing operations before tax	6,132,578	57	5,553,477	61
7950	Income tax expenses (Note (6)(k))	(644,269)	(6)	(480,603)	(5)
	Profit	5,488,309	51	5,072,874	56
	Other comprehensive income:				
8310	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(2,238)	-	19,737	-
8316	Unrealized losses from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	(22,173)	-
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	448	-	(3,947)	-
	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(1,790)	-	(6,383)	-
8360	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	(387,329)	(4)	470,990	5
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	77,466	1	(94,198)	(1)
	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	(309,863)	(3)	376,792	4
	Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	(311,653)	(3)	370,409	4
	Total comprehensive income	\$ 5,176,656	48	\$ 5,443,283	60
9750	Basic earnings per share (Note (6)(m))(dollars)	\$ 16.35		\$ 15.24	
9850	Diluted earnings per share (Note (6)(m))(dollars)	\$ 15.75		\$ 14.86	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)
ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	<u>Share capital</u>		<u>Retained earnings</u>			<u>Total other equity interest</u>		<u>Total equity</u>
	<u>Ordinary Shares</u>	<u>Capital Surplus</u>	<u>Legal Reserve</u>	<u>Special Reserve</u>	<u>Unappropriated Retained Earnings</u>	<u>Exchange Differences on Translation of Foreign Statements</u>	<u>Unrealized gains (losses) on available for sale financial assets</u>	
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 3,329,183	1,868,661	2,403,968	756,891	12,298,052	(888,136)	(15,773)	19,752,846
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	5,072,874	-	-	5,072,874
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	15,790	376,792	(22,173)	370,409
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	5,088,664	376,792	(22,173)	5,443,283
Earnings distribution:								
Legal reserve	-	-	549,166	-	(549,166)	-	-	-
Special reserve reversal	-	-	-	147,018	(147,018)	-	-	-
Cash dividends on ordinary share	-	-	-	-	(3,329,183)	-	-	(3,329,183)
Equity component of convertible bonds issued by the Company - arise from stock option	-	207,618	-	-	-	-	-	207,618
Balance at December 31, 2022	3,329,183	2,076,279	2,953,134	903,909	13,361,349	(511,344)	(37,946)	22,074,564
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	5,488,309	-	-	5,488,309
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	(1,790)	(309,863)	-	(311,653)
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	5,486,519	(309,863)	-	5,176,656
Earnings distribution:								
Legal reserve	-	-	508,866	-	(508,866)	-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve	-	-	-	(354,619)	354,619	-	-	-
Cash dividends on ordinary share	-	-	-	-	(2,829,806)	-	-	(2,829,806)
Conversion of convertible bonds	102,610	2,285,467	-	-	-	-	-	2,388,077
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 3,431,793</u>	<u>4,361,746</u>	<u>3,462,000</u>	<u>549,290</u>	<u>15,863,815</u>	<u>(821,207)</u>	<u>(37,946)</u>	<u>26,809,491</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2023	2022
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:		
Profit before tax	\$ 6,132,578	5,553,477
Adjustments:		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):		
Depreciation expense	206,749	205,123
Amortization expense	14,426	15,012
Expected credit loss(gain)	-	330
Net loss (profit) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(42,290)	13,861
Interest expense	9,307	7,953
Interest income	(14,236)	(3,520)
Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	(5,091,075)	(4,629,006)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(619)	-
Amortized discounted corporate bonds payable-interest expense	29,702	24,494
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	(4,888,036)	(4,365,753)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Changes in operating assets:		
Notes receivable	29,010	25,890
Accounts receivable	(1,263,459)	89,290
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable due from related parties	(88,954)	125,630
Other receivable	(81,727)	(172,372)
Decrease (increase) in other receivable due from related parties	(5,559)	36,370
Inventories	(645,950)	141,069
Deferred revenues	2,100	(924)
Other current assets	(96,308)	203
Other operating assets	44,031	33,262
Total changes in operating assets	(2,106,816)	278,418
Changes in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable	1,338,419	(429,908)
Other payable	150,161	(17,333)
Increase (decrease) in other payable to related parties	69,585	193,386
Other current liabilities	18,279	(28,219)
Net defined benefit liability	(598)	(8,486)
Total changes in operating liabilities	1,575,846	(290,560)
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	(530,970)	(12,142)
Total adjustments	(5,419,006)	(4,377,895)
Cash inflow generated from operations	713,572	1,175,582
Interest received	14,236	3,535
Dividends received	945,095	3,295,244
Interest paid	(8,607)	(8,029)
Income taxes paid	(755,415)	(620,080)
Net cash flows from operating activities	908,881	3,846,252
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:		
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method	-	(20,368)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(367,946)	(2,485,690)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	619	-
Refundable deposits	20	(90)
Decrease in other receivables	188,000	-
Acquisition of intangible assets	(2,049)	(14,594)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(181,356)	(2,520,742)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:		
(Decrease) Increase in short-term borrowings	1,065,197	(516,927)
(Decrease) increase in short-term notes payable	-	(200,000)
Proceeds from issuing bonds	-	3,499,953
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	800,000	100,000
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(200,000)	(950,000)
Guarantee deposits received	(5,119)	(1,083)
Cash dividends paid	(2,829,806)	(3,329,183)
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(1,169,728)	(1,397,240)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(442,203)	(71,730)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,220,983	1,292,713
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 778,780	1,220,983

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)
ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)

(1) Organization and Business

ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD. (the "Company") was incorporated on March 24, 1992 as a company limited by shares under the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). The main operating activities are the manufacturing and selling of copper clad laminates, electronic-industrial specialty chemical and raw materials, work-in-process, and finished goods of electronic components. The manufacturing and selling of printed circuit board is the main source of sales revenue.

The Company's common shares were traded on the Taipei Exchange (TPEx) on December 26, 1996, and its shares were publicly listed and traded on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TSE) on November 27, 1998. The Company's registered office is on No.18, Datong 1st Rd., Guanyin Dist., Taoyuan City 328, Taiwan (R.O.C.).

(2) Approval Date and Procedures of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Board of Directors approved and issued the financial statements on February 29, 2024.

(3) New Standards and Interpretations Adopted:

- (a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. which have already been adopted.

The Company has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its financial statements, from January 1, 2023:

- Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"
- Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"
- Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

The Company has initially adopted the new amendment, which do not have a significant impact on its financial statements, from May 23, 2023:

- Amendments to IAS 12 "International Tax Reform—Pillar Two Model Rules"

- (b) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Company assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2024, would not have a significant impact on its financial statements:

- Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"
- Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 "Supplier Finance Arrangements"
- Amendments to IFRS 16 "Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback"

(English Translation of Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)
ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)

- (c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The Company does not expect the following new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 “Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture”
- IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts” and amendments to IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”
- Amendments to IAS21 “Lack of Exchangeability”

(4) Summary of material accounting policies

The material accounting policies presented in the financial statements are summarized follows. The following accounting policies were applied consistently throughout the periods presented in the financial statements.

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (the Guidelines).

(b) Basis of preparation

1. Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the following material items in the statement of financial position:

- 1) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss in fair value measurement;
- 2) The net defined benefit liabilities (or assets) is recognized as the fair value of plan assets, net of aggregation of the present value of the defined benefit obligation, with a limit based on a defined benefit assets as disclosed in Note 4(o).

2. Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Company is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Taiwan Dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(English Translation of Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)
ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)

(c) Foreign Currency

1. Foreign currency transaction

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of Company entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Nonmonetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss.

2. Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the presentation currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

When the Company disposes of any part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interest. When the Company disposes of only part of investment in an associate of a joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

When the settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely in the foreseeable future, Exchange differences arising from such items are considered to form part of a net investment in the foreign operation and are recognized in other comprehensive income, and presented in the translation reserve in equity.

(d) Assets and liabilities classified as current and non-current

An asset is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current.

1. It is expected to be realized, or intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal operating cycle;
2. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
3. It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
4. The asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in IAS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

A liability is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

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An entity shall classify a liability as current when:

1. It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
2. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
3. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
4. The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by issuing equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits which meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes should be recognized as cash equivalents.

(f) Financial instruments

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

1. Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal amount outstanding.

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These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above (e.g. financial assets held for trading and those that are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis) are measured at FVTPL, including derivative financial assets. Trade receivables that the Group intends to sell immediately or in the near term are measured at FVTPL; however they are included in the "trade receivables" line item. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

3) Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, amortized costs, notes and accounts receivable, leases receivable, other receivable, guarantee deposit paid and other financial assets), debt investments measured at FVOCI and contract assets.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss (ECL), except for the following which are measured as 12-month ECL:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowance for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls. The difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. ECL are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

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At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial assets is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;
- the lender of the borrow, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. For corporate customers, the Company individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Company expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

4) Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights of the cash inflow from the assets are terminated, or when the Company transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets or in which the Company neither transfer nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Company enters into a transaction for the transfer of financial assets if it retains all or substantially all of risk and rewards of ownership of the transferred assets, it will continue to be recognized on the balance sheet.

2. Financial liabilities and equity instruments

1) Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

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2) Equity instrument

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued are recognized as the amount of consideration received, less the direct cost of issuing.

3) Compound financial instruments

Compound financial instruments issued by the Group comprise convertible bonds denominated in NTD that can be converted to ordinary shares at the option of the holder, when the number of shares to be issued is fixed and does not vary with changes in fair value.

The liability component of compound financial instruments is initially recognized at the fair value of a similar liability that does not have an equity conversion option. The equity component is initially recognized at the difference between the fair value of the compound financial instrument as a whole and the fair value of the liability component. Any directly attributable transaction costs are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to their initial carrying amounts.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the liability component of a compound financial instrument is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The equity component of a compound financial instrument is not remeasured.

Interest related to the financial liability is recognized in profit or loss, and reported under non-operating income and expenses.

On conversion at maturity, the financial liability is reclassified to equity and no gain or loss is recognized.

4) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

5) Derecognizing of financial liabilities

The company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

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(g) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The cost of inventories consists of all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition. Inventory cost is calculated using the weighted-average-cost formula.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

(h) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over their financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition, less any accumulated impairment losses.

The financial statements include the Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those associates, after adjustments to align their accounting policies with those of the Company, from the date on which significant influence commences until the date on which significant influence ceases. The Company recognizes any changes, of its proportionate share in the investee within capital surplus, when an associate's equity changes due to reasons other than profit and loss or comprehensive income, which did not result in changes in actual significant influence.

Gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Company and an associate are recognized only to the extent of undated Company's interests in the associate.

When the Company's share of losses of an associated equals or exceeds its interests in an associate, it discounts recognizing its share of further losses. After the recognized interest is redacted to zero. Additional losses are provided for and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

(i) Investment in subsidiaries

The subsidiaries in which the Company holds controlling interest are accounted for under equity method in the non-consolidated financial statements. Under equity method, the net income, other comprehensive income and equity in the non-consolidated financial statement are the same as those attributable to the owners of parent in the consolidated financial statements.

The changes in ownership of the subsidiaries are recognized as equity transaction.

(j) Property, plant, and equipment

1. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

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Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

2. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

3. Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

1) Buildings	2 years~ 41 years
2) Machineries	2 years~ 14 years
3) Miscellaneous equipment	3 years~ 19 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(k) Intangible assets

1. Recognition and measurement

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is measured at cost, less accumulated impairment losses.

Other intangible assets that are acquired by the company and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

2. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

3. Amortization

Amortization is calculated over the cost of the asset, less its residual value, and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use.

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The estimated useful lives for current and comparative periods are as follows:

- | | |
|--------------|-------------------|
| 1) Softwares | 2 years~ 10 years |
|--------------|-------------------|

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(l) Impairment – non financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets and investment properties and biological assets, measured at fair value, less costs) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

(m) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance cost.

The provision of sales discounts from defective products is recognized when selling. The provision is estimated and measured on related probabilities of historical experience data and all possible results.

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(n) Revenue

1. Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer. The accounting policies for the Company's main types of revenue are explained below.

1) Sale of goods-electronic components

The Company manufactures and sells electronic components to computer, automobile, and tele-communication manufacturers. The Company recognizes revenue when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The Company's obligation to provide a refund for faulty products is recognized at the time of sale. Accumulated experience is used to estimate such returns at the time of sale. The amount estimated is recognized as a provision for warranty at reporting date.

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Company has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

(o) Employee benefits

1. Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

2. Defined benefit plans

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each the plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

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Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings within equity. The Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Company recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

3. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(p) Income taxes

Income taxes expenses include current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases. Deferred taxes are recognized except for the following:

1. temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither (i) accounting nor (ii) taxable profits (losses) at the time of the transaction;
2. temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
3. taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflect uncertainty related to income taxes, if any.

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Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the following criteria are met:

1. the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
2. the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - 1) the same taxable entity; or
 - 2) different taxable entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

(q) Earnings per share

The Company discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary equity holders. The basic earnings per share are calculated as the profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, after adjustment for the effects of all potential dilutive ordinary shares, such as convertible bonds.

(r) Operating segments

Please refer to the consolidated financial report of Elite Material Co., Ltd. for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 for operating segments information.

(5) Major Sources of Accounting Assumptions, Judgments and Estimation Uncertainty

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management has made judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The management continues to monitor the accounting estimates and assumptions. The management recognizes any changes in accounting estimates during the period and the impact of those changes in accounting estimates in the next period.

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year is as follows:

(a) Valuation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Company estimates the net realizable value of inventories for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of the reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions as to future demand within a specific time horizon. Due to the rapid industrial transformation, there may be significant changes in the net realizable value of inventories. Refer to note (6)(d) for further description of the valuation of inventories.

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(6) Summary of Major Accounts

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Cash on hand	\$ 429	372
Savings accounts	728,351	1,170,611
Time deposits	50,000	50,000
	\$ 778,780	1,220,983

Please refer to Note (6)(q) for the interest analysis of financial assets and liabilities.

(b) Notes and accounts receivable

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Note receivables from operating activities	\$ 59,660	88,670
Accounts receivables-measured as amortized cost	3,821,528	2,469,115
Less: Loss allowance	(1,727)	(1,727)
	\$ 3,879,461	2,556,058

The Company applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due, as well as incorporated forward looking information, including macroeconomic and relevant industry information. The loss allowance provision in Taiwan were determined as follows:

	2023.12.31		
	Gross carrying amount	Weighted- average	Loss allowance provision
Current	\$ 3,861,971	0.04%	1,727
1 to 30 days past due	18,934	0.00%	-
31 to 120 days past due	283	0.00%	-
	\$ 3,881,188		1,727

	2022.12.31		
	Gross carrying amount	Weighted- average	Loss allowance provision
Current	\$ 2,531,896	0.04%	1,110
1 to 30 days past due	19,739	0.01%	2
31 to 120 days past due	6,150	9.98%	615
	\$ 2,557,785		1,727

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The movement in the allowance for notes and trade receivable were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Balance at January 1	\$ 1,727	1,397
Impairment losses recognized	-	330
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 1,727</u>	<u>1,727</u>

(c) Other receivables

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Claims receivable	\$ 349,959	-
Other receivables	796,629	713,734
Other receivables due related parties, net	149,678	144,119
Less: Loss allowance	<u>(1,168)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 1,295,098</u>	<u>857,853</u>

On January 15, 2023, the company had a fire accident, refer to Note (6)(p) and Note 10 for further information.

(d) Inventories

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Materials	\$ 944,603	784,844
Work-in-process	91,950	61,478
Finished goods	<u>403,079</u>	<u>218,882</u>
	<u>\$ 1,439,632</u>	<u>1,065,204</u>

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the details of operating cost were as follows:

	2023	2022
Cost of goods sold	\$ 8,207,124	7,072,037
Loss on physical inventory	-	680
Loss on disposal of scrap	14,511	1,525
Gains inventory valuation and obsolescence	(13,181)	(24,439)
Revenue from sales of scraps	<u>(36,560)</u>	<u>(41,866)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 8,171,894</u>	<u>7,007,937</u>

Gain on inventory valuation and obsolescence are due to the disappearance of factors that had previously caused, which results in net realizable value being lower than historical cost. Therefore, it's classified as operating cost.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company's inventories were not pledged as collateral.

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On January 15, 2023, due to the fire accident, the Company disposed its inventories, amounting to \$271,522 thousand, which was report under non-operating income and expenses - other gains and losses, net, refer to Note (6)(p) and Note (10) for further information.

(e) Investments accounted for using equity method

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Subsidiaries	\$ <u>23,383,412</u>	<u>19,626,861</u>

Subsidiaries please refer to the financial statements of the year ended 2023.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

The cost and depreciation of the property, plant and equipment of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

	Land	Buildings	Machineries	Other equipment	Equipment under installation and construction in progress	Total
Cost:						
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 2,537,243	902,645	2,846,216	787,617	371,264	7,444,985
Additions	-	-	-	-	374,881	374,881
Disposals	-	(143,564)	(586,974)	(58,118)	(105,812)	(894,468)
Reclassification	-	68,069	98,974	54,521	(221,564)	-
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ <u>2,537,243</u>	<u>827,150</u>	<u>2,358,216</u>	<u>784,020</u>	<u>418,769</u>	<u>6,925,398</u>
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 470,621	874,993	2,780,781	759,005	117,772	5,003,172
Additions	2,066,622	-	-	-	433,869	2,500,491
Disposals	-	(483)	(55,132)	(3,063)	-	(58,678)
Reclassification	-	28,135	120,567	31,675	(180,377)	-
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ <u>2,537,243</u>	<u>902,645</u>	<u>2,846,216</u>	<u>787,617</u>	<u>371,264</u>	<u>7,444,985</u>
Depreciation:						
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ -	478,420	2,162,401	551,477	-	3,192,298
Depreciation for the year	-	33,254	120,578	52,917	-	206,749
Disposals	-	(89,627)	(510,631)	(45,843)	-	(646,101)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>422,047</u>	<u>1,772,348</u>	<u>558,551</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,752,946</u>
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ -	447,191	2,098,852	499,810	-	3,045,853
Depreciation for the year	-	31,712	118,681	54,730	-	205,123
Disposals	-	(483)	(55,132)	(3,063)	-	(58,678)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>478,420</u>	<u>2,162,401</u>	<u>551,477</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,192,298</u>
Carrying amounts:						
At December 31, 2023	\$ <u>2,537,243</u>	<u>405,103</u>	<u>585,868</u>	<u>225,469</u>	<u>418,769</u>	<u>4,172,452</u>
At January 1, 2022	\$ <u>470,621</u>	<u>427,802</u>	<u>681,929</u>	<u>259,195</u>	<u>117,772</u>	<u>1,957,319</u>
At December 31, 2022	\$ <u>2,537,243</u>	<u>424,225</u>	<u>683,815</u>	<u>236,140</u>	<u>371,264</u>	<u>4,252,687</u>

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As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the property, plant and equipment were not pledged as collateral for long-term debt and financing.

Due to operational needs, the Company purchased a parcel of industrial land at a total contract price of \$2,160,000 in 2022. As of December 31, 2023, the price had been paid in full, and the transfer was completed on May 20, 2022.

On January 15, 2023, due to the fire accident, the Company derecognized some of the buildings, equipment and construction in progress, amounting to \$248,367 thousand, which was report under non-operating income and expenses - other gains and losses, net, refer to Note (6)(p) and Note (10) for further information.

(g) Short-term borrowings

The short-term borrowings were summarized as follows:

	<u>2023.12.31</u>	<u>2022.12.31</u>
Unsecured bank loans	\$ <u>1,100,000</u>	<u>34,803</u>
Unused short-term credit lines	\$ <u>3,520,813</u>	<u>5,229,521</u>
Range of interest rates	<u>1.68%~1.87%</u>	<u>5.40%~5.81%</u>

Please refer to Note (6)(q) for information on exposure to interest rate, foreign currency and liquidity risks of the Company.

(h) Long-term borrowings

	<u>2023.12.31</u>	<u>2022.12.31</u>
Unsecured bank loans	\$ 600,000	-
Less: current portion	<u>(600,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Unused long-term credit lines	\$ <u>3,640,000</u>	<u>4,525,000</u>
Range of interest rates	<u>1.85%~1.88%</u>	<u>-</u>
Due year	<u>113</u>	<u>-</u>

For the exposure information of the Company's rate, foreign currency and liquidity risk, please refer to Note (6)(t).

The Company signed a loan contract with the financial institution. According to the provisions of the contract, the Company's financial statements must maintain specific current ratios, debt ratios, net tangible assets, and interest coverage ratios on the balance sheet date during the loan period. If such financial ratios breached specific conditions of the loan contract, they shall be improved by means of cash capital increase or other means in accordance with the agreement. As of December 31, 2022, the Company did not violate any of the above financial ratio restrictions.

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(i) Unsecured convertible bonds

The detail of unsecured convertible bonds were as follow:

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Total convertible corporate bonds issued	\$ 3,465,300	3,465,300
Unamortized discounted corporate bonds payable	(35,157)	(163,160)
Cumulative converted amount	(2,499,600)	-
Corporate bonds issued balance at year-end	<u>\$ 930,543</u>	<u>3,302,140</u>
Embedded derivative — call and put options, included in financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss	<u>\$ 5,504</u>	<u>(23,564)</u>
Equity component – conversion options (included in capital surplus – stock options)	<u>\$ 57,858</u>	<u>207,618</u>
	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2023
Embedded derivative instruments-call and put rights, included in financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss	<u>\$ 42,290</u>	<u>(13,861)</u>
Interest expense	<u>\$ 29,702</u>	<u>24,494</u>

The Company issued 5th 5-year unsecured convertible bonds with a coupon rate of 0% on April 25, 2022, with a total amount of NTD 3,465,300 thousand, issued at 101% of the face value. The actual debt amount was NTD 3,499,953 thousand. The maturity date is April 25, 2027, and the bond discount rate is 1.3057%. Thirty days before the 3-year issuance date, the creditor may request the Company to redeem the convertible bonds held by the Company in cash at the denomination of the bond. The conversion price of convertible bonds shall be handled in accordance with the Company's issuance agreement.

1. Repayment date and method:

Except for those that are converted into common shares of the Company in advance, or called-back by the Company or repurchased by bond holders in advance, the principal will be repaid in cash in one lump sum upon maturity.

2. Conversion prices and the adjustments:

The conversion price at the time of issuance is set at NTD263 per share. In the events of a change in the total number of common shares of the Company, allotment of cash dividends on common shares, a conversion price lower than the current price per share, or reissue of common shares conversion rights, adjustment shall be made. As the Company takes September 1, 2023 and September 2, 2022 as the base date for dividend distribution, according to the provisions of Article 11 of the Company's 5th domestic unsecured convertible corporate bond issuance and conversion methods, the adjustment conversion price is adjusted from NTD246.8 to NTD241.8 and NTD263 to NTD246.8. This bond does not have reset feature.

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3. The call-back right of the Company for the convertible corporate bonds:

- 1) From the day after the issuance of the convertible corporate bonds for three months to 40 days before the maturity date:

A.If the closing price of the Company's common shares exceeds 30% of the current conversion price for 30 consecutive business days;

B.If the outstanding balance of the convertible corporate bonds converted by the Company per the requests of the bond holders is less than 10% of total initial issue amount;

The Company may delivery a "Notice to call back bonds" due in 30 days through registered mails (the aforesaid period starts from the date when the Company sends the notice, and the expiry date of the period is the base date for bond call back), and send a letter to TPEX for announcement and call back the current convertible corporate bonds in cash at face value within five business days after the bond call back base date which shall not fall within the period in which the conversion of the convertible corporate bonds is suspended.

- 2) The Yield to Call are as follows:

From the day after the issuance of the convertible corporate bonds for three months to 40 days before the maturity date, call back by cash at par value.

- 3) If the bond holders fails to provide a written response to the Company's agency before the bond call-back date stated in the "Notice to call back bonds" (which takes effect when it is served, and the postmark date for registered mail shall be used as the basis for call-back date), the Company will call-back the bonds in cash within five business days after the bond call back date.

4. The bond holders' right of repurchase:

30 days before the 3-year issuance date, the bond holder may request the Company to call-back the convertible bonds held by the Company in cash at par value. The conversion price of convertible bonds shall be handled in accordance with the Company's issuance agreement. The Company accepts the repurchase request and shall call-back the convertible bonds in cash within five business days after the repurchase date.

Please refer to Note (6)(q) for information on exposure to interest rate, foreign currency and liquidity risks of the Company.

(j) Employee benefits

1. Defined benefit plans

The Company determined the movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets as follows:

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Present value of defined benefit obligation	\$ 86,799	88,670
Fair value of plan assets	(128,001)	(131,512)
Net defined benefit (assets) liabilities	<u><u>\$ (41,202)</u></u>	<u><u>(42,842)</u></u>

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The Company makes defines benefit plan contributions to the pension fund account at Bank of Taiwan that provides pensions for employees upon retirement. The plans (covered by the Labor Standards Law) entitle a retired employee to receive an annual payment based on years or service and average salary for the six months prior to retirement.

1) Composition of plan assets

The Company sets aside pension funds in accordance with the regulations of the Council of Labor Affairs, and the pension funds are managed by the Pension Supervisory Committee. The annual budget for the allocation of the minimum income cannot be lower than the income calculated based on the interest rate of the banks' two-year time deposit in accordance with the Management and Utilization of Labor Pension Funds regulations.

The Company's Bank of Taiwan pension reserve account balance amounted to \$128,001 at the end of the reporting period. The information used to calculate pension fund assets includes the asset allocation and yield of the fund. Please refer to the information published on the website of the Council of Labor Affairs and the Labor Pension Supervisory Committee.

2) Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

The movements in present value of defined benefit obligations for the Company were as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Defined benefit obligation at January 1	\$ 88,670	99,666
Current service costs and interest	1,681	922
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liabilities		
— Actuarial (gains) losses arising from experience adjustments	1,739	(411)
— Actuarial (gains) losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	963	(10,556)
Benefit pay under the plan	(6,254)	(951)
Defined benefit obligation at December 31	<u>\$ 86,799</u>	<u>88,670</u>

3) Movements of defined benefit plan assets

The movements in the present value of the defined benefit plan assets for the Company were as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Fair value of plan assets at January 1	\$ 131,512	114,285
Interest income	2,279	749
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liabilities		
— Return on plan assets (excluding current interest)	464	8,770
Contribution paid by the employer	-	8,659
Benefit paid	(6,254)	(951)
Fair value of plan assets at December 31	<u>\$ 128,001</u>	<u>131,512</u>

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4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in profit or loss for the Company were as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Current service costs	\$ 152	306
Net interest of net defined benefit liabilities	<u>(750)</u>	<u>(133)</u>
	<u>\$ (598)</u>	<u>173</u>

5) Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liabilities recognized in other comprehensive income

The Company's remeasurement on the net defined benefit liabilities recognized in other comprehensive income as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Cumulative amount at January 1	\$ 2,021	21,758
Recognized during the period	<u>2,238</u>	<u>(19,737)</u>
Cumulative amount at December 31	<u>\$ 4,259</u>	<u>2,021</u>

6) Actuarial assumptions

The following are the Company's principal actuarial assumptions of Present Value of defined benefit obligations:

	<u>2023.12.31</u>	<u>2022.12.31</u>
Discount rate	1.63 %	1.75 %
Future salary increases	2.00 %	2.00 %

The expected allocation payment to be made by the Company to the defined benefit plans for the one-year period after the reporting date is \$0.

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 12.59 years.

7) Sensitivity analysis

When calculating the present value of the defined benefit obligations, the Group uses judgments and estimations to determine the actuarial assumptions, including discount rate and future salary changes, as of the financial statement date. Any changes in the actuarial assumptions may significantly impact the amount of the defined benefit obligations.

If the actuarial assumptions had changed, the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligation shall be as follows:

	<u>Influences of defined benefit obligations</u>	
	<u>Increased</u>	<u>Decreased</u>
December 31, 2023		
Discount rate (Change 0.25%)	(1,910)	1,979
Future salary increasing rate (Change 0.25%)	1,931	(1,873)

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	Influences of defined benefit obligations	
	Increased	Decreased
December 31, 2022		
Discount rate (Change 0.25%)	(2,118)	2,197
Future salary increasing rate (Change 0.25%)	2,146	(2,080)

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions remain constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown above. The method used in the sensitivity analysis is consistent with the calculation of pension liabilities in the balance sheets.

There is no change in the method and assumptions used in the preparation of sensitivity analysis for 2023 and 2022, respectively.

2. Defined contribution plans

The Company set aside 6% of the employees' monthly wages to the Labor Pension personal accounts at the Bureau of the Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act.

The Company set aside a fixed amount to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance without the payment of additional legal or constructive obligations.

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company set aside \$39,617 and \$39,316, respectively, under the pension plan to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance.

(k) Income taxes

1. Income tax expense recognized in profits or losses

The components of income tax in the years 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	2023	2022
Current income tax expense:		
Current period	\$ 495,717	911,381
Adjustment for prior periods	-	(98,405)
	<u>495,717</u>	<u>812,976</u>
Deferred tax expense:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	<u>148,552</u>	<u>(332,373)</u>
Income tax expense	<u><u>\$ 644,269</u></u>	<u><u>480,603</u></u>

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The amount of income tax recognized directly in equity for 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Actuarial losses and gains on defined benefit plans	\$ <u>448</u>	<u>(3,947)</u>
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	\$ <u>77,466</u>	<u>(94,198)</u>

Reconciliation of income tax (profit) and profit before tax for 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Profit excluding income tax	\$ <u>6,132,578</u>	<u>5,553,477</u>
Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	\$ 1,226,516	1,110,695
Non-deductible expenses	(2,869)	6,907
Deductible temporary differences	(684,609)	(611,909)
Prior (overestimate) underestimate	-	(98,405)
Undistributed earnings additional tax	<u>105,231</u>	<u>73,315</u>
Income tax expense	\$ <u>644,269</u>	<u>480,603</u>

2. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

1) Unrecognized Deferred Tax Liabilities

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. The relevant amounts are as follow:

	<u>2023.12.31</u>	<u>2022.12.31</u>
Consolidated amount of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries	\$ <u>18,479,324</u>	<u>15,056,281</u>
Amounts are not recognized as deferred tax liabilities	\$ <u>3,695,865</u>	<u>3,011,256</u>

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2) Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

Changes in the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities for 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		Unrealized gain on investment income	Defined Benefit Plans	Others	Total	
Deferred Tax Liabilities:						
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$	(512,970)	(7,027)	-	(519,997)	
Debited (Credited) in income statement		(144,221)	(119)	(893)	(145,233)	
Debited (Credited) in equity		-	448	-	448	
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	<u>(657,191)</u>	<u>(6,698)</u>	<u>(893)</u>	<u>(664,782)</u>	
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	(858,615)	(1,382)	-	(859,997)	
Debited (Credited) in income statement		345,645	(1,698)	-	343,947	
Debited (Credited) in equity		-	(3,947)	-	(3,947)	
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	<u>(512,970)</u>	<u>(7,027)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(519,997)</u>	
		Current provisions	Unrealized losses on inventories	Cumulative translation adjustment	Others	Total
Deferred Tax Assets:						
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$	562	5,749	124,139	2,507	132,957
Debited (Credited) in income statement		1,824	(2,636)	-	(2,507)	(3,319)
Debited (Credited) in equity		-	-	77,466	-	77,466
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	<u>2,386</u>	<u>3,113</u>	<u>201,605</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>207,104</u>
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	6,632	10,637	218,337	3,123	238,729
Debited (Credited) in income statement		(6,070)	(4,888)	-	(616)	(11,574)
Debited (Credited) in equity		-	-	(94,198)	-	(94,198)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	<u>562</u>	<u>5,749</u>	<u>124,139</u>	<u>2,507</u>	<u>132,957</u>

3. Assessment of tax

The Company's tax returns for the years through 2020 were assessed by the Taipei National Tax Administration.

(I) Capital and other equity

1. Issuance of ordinary shares

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the total value of nominal ordinary shares amounted to \$6,000,000. The par value of each share is \$10. In total, there were 343,179 and 332,918 in thousands of ordinary shares, issued. All issued shares were paid up upon issuance.

On December 31, 2023, the Company issued 1,568 new shares in respect of the exercise of the conversion right by the holders of the convertible company, with a total amount of \$370,200 thousand at par amount, and the statutory registration procedure is in progress.

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2. Capital surplus

The balance of capital surplus was as follows:

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Share capital	\$ 95,627	95,627
Premium from convertible bonds	4,208,261	1,773,034
Convertible option	57,858	207,618
	\$ 4,361,746	2,076,279

According to the R.O.C company Act, capital reserves can only be reclassified as share capital or be distributed as cash dividends after offsetting against losses. The aforementioned capital reserves include share premiums and donation gains. In accordance with the Securities Offering and Issuance Guidelines, the amount of capital reserves to be reclassified under share capital shall not exceed 10 percent of the actual share capital amount.

3. Retained earnings

The Company's article of incorporation stipulates that Company's net earnings should first be used to offset the prior years' deficits, if any, before paying any income taxes. Of the remaining balance, 10% is to be appropriated as legal reserve, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be distributed according to the distribution plan proposed by the Board of Directors and submitted to the stockholders' meeting for approval. The earning distribution shall be appropriated with adding 10%-70% of the distributable earnings after accumulating the undistributed earnings in the past after setting aside various reserves.

To consider the characteristics of industrial growth and improve the Company's financial structure, the annual earnings distribution may not be made if the year in which the loss occurs, and the dividend policy will give priority to the Company's future development, financial status, and shareholders' remuneration where stock dividends will be distributed in consideration of the Company's future capital expenditure budget to retain the required cash. The rest will be distributed to shareholders in the form of cash dividends, provided that the distribution of cash dividends shall not be less than 20% of the total distributed dividends.

Dividends and bonuses distributed by the Company in whole or in part of the legal reserve and capital surplus are distributed in cash shall be authorized by the Board of Directors meeting attended by more than 2/3 of the Directors with a simple majority of the Directors in session and reported to the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The rest is the same as the undistributed earnings in previous years, and the Board of Directors will formulate a distribution proposal and submit it to the shareholders' meeting for resolution.

1) Legal reserve

When there is a surplus in the annual general accounts, the income tax shall be paid first and the past losses shall be compensated, and 10% of the statutory reserve shall be withdrawn in accordance with the law.

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2) Special reserve

In accordance with Article 41 of the Securities and Exchange Act, it is necessary to set aside special surplus reserves or retain a portion of earnings as decided by the shareholders' meeting. Special surplus reserves shall be provisioned in accordance with the law. In the event of changes in laws and regulations or the elimination of the reasons for setting aside special surplus reserves due to the application of laws and regulations, they may be reversed and distributed to retained earnings.

3) Earnings distribution

The earnings distribution for 2022 and 2021 was decided by the general meeting of shareholders held on May 31, 2023, and May 26, 2022.

The relevant dividend distribution to shareholders is as follows:

	2022		2021	
	Dividend per Share (TWDS)	Amount	Dividend per Share (TWDS)	Amount
Dividends distributed to common shareholders				
Cash	\$ 8.50	<u>2,829,806</u>	10.00	<u>3,329,183</u>

4. Other equity

	Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations	Losses on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ (511,344)	(37,946)	(549,290)
Exchange difference on translation of foreign financial statements	(309,863)	-	(309,863)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ (821,207)</u>	<u>(37,946)</u>	<u>(859,153)</u>
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ (888,136)	(15,773)	(903,909)
Exchange difference on translation of foreign financial statements	376,792	-	376,792
Losses on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	(22,173)	(22,173)
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ (511,344)</u>	<u>(37,946)</u>	<u>(549,290)</u>

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(m) Earnings per share

1. Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, were based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding, calculated as follows:

1) Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	\$ <u>5,488,309</u>	<u>5,072,874</u>

2) Weighted-average number of ordinary shares

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Issued ordinary shares at January 1	332,918	332,918
Effect of conversion of convertible notes	2,789	-
Weight average number of ordinary shares at December 13	<u>335,707</u>	<u>332,918</u>

2. Diluted earnings per share

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, were based on profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, calculated as follows:

1) Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (diluted)

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (basic)	\$ 5,488,309	5,072,874
Interest expense on convertible bonds, net of tax	<u>(10,071)</u>	<u>30,684</u>
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (diluted)	<u>\$ 5,478,238</u>	<u>5,103,558</u>

2) Weighted-average number of ordinary shares (diluted)

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares (basic)	335,707	332,918
Effect of convertible bond	11,466	9,361
Effect of employee stock compensation	<u>638</u>	<u>1,111</u>
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares (diluted) at December 31	<u>347,811</u>	<u>343,390</u>

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For calculation of the dilutive effect of the stock option, the average market value is assessed based on the quoted market price where the Company's option is outstanding.

3. Earnings per share were as follow:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Basic earnings per share	\$ <u>16.35</u>	<u>15.24</u>
Diluted earnings per share	\$ <u>15.75</u>	<u>14.86</u>

(n) Revenue from contracts with customers

1. Disaggregation of revenue

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Primary geographical markets		
Taiwan	\$ 6,550,605	5,810,944
China	1,558,289	1,113,792
Other	<u>2,554,907</u>	<u>2,277,959</u>
	<u>\$ 10,663,801</u>	<u>9,202,695</u>
Major products		
Prepare	\$ 3,926,917	3,892,850
Copper clad laminate	4,794,821	3,770,362
Mass lam foundry	398,399	574,143
Other	<u>1,543,664</u>	<u>965,340</u>
	<u>\$ 10,663,801</u>	<u>9,202,695</u>

(o) Rewards of employees, directors and supervisors

In accordance with the Company's article, which was approved by the shareholders, the Company shall assign 3% as rewards to employees, and less than 1.2% as rewards to directors and supervisors, if there are earnings during the year. However, the Company has to retain the amount while there are accumulated loss.

The employees mentioned before include the employees in the subsidiaries who meet the specific conditions.

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, rewards of employees of \$190,947 and \$172,916, and directors of \$41,372 and \$37,465, respectively, were estimated and recognized as current expense. These amounts were calculated using the Company's profit before tax before rewards of employees and directors for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and using the earnings allocation method which was stated under the Company's article. These rewards were charged to profit or loss under operating costs or operating expenses for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

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Related information of distributions of remuneration to employees and directors can be accessed from the Market Observation Post System on the website.

There is no difference between the rewards of employees and directors that was decided by the Board of Directors and the financial report's estimated amounts in 2023 and 2022.

(p) Non-operating income and expenses

1. Interest income

The details of interest income were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Interest income	\$ <u>14,236</u>	<u>3,520</u>

2. Other gains and losses

The details of other gains and losses were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	\$ 22,785	73,011
Gain (losses) on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	42,290	(13,861)
Disaster losses	(537,959)	-
Claims income	537,959	-
Expected credit loss	(1,168)	-
Other profits	3,912	109,682
Other gains (loss), net	\$ <u>67,819</u>	<u>168,832</u>

Pisaster losses and claims income, please refer to Note (10).

3. Finance costs

The details of finance cost were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Interest expense	\$ <u>39,009</u>	<u>32,447</u>

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(q) Financial instruments

1. Credit risk

1) Credit risks exposure

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the maximum exposure to credit risk arising from failure of performance of the counter-party and from financial guarantee made by the Company were as follows:

- The carrying amount of financial assets recognized in the financial statements;
- Financial guarantee made by the Company amounting to USD 42,203 thousands, 14,000 thousands, and USD 15,600 thousands, 12,286 thousands, respectively.

2. Liquidity risk

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities of the Company, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting arrangements:

	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Contractual cash flows</u>	<u>Within 6 months</u>	<u>6-12 months</u>	<u>1-2 years</u>	<u>More than 2 years</u>
Balance at December 31, 2023						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Unsecured bank loans	\$ 1,700,000	1,706,706	1,706,706	-	-	-
Accounts payable	3,112,792	3,112,792	3,112,792	-	-	-
Other payables	2,088,315	2,088,315	2,088,315	-	-	-
bond payable	930,543	965,700	-	-	-	965,700
	<u>\$ 7,831,650</u>	<u>7,873,513</u>	<u>6,907,813</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>965,700</u>
Balance at December 31, 2022						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Unsecured bank loans	\$ 34,803	35,187	35,187	-	-	-
Accounts payable	1,774,373	1,774,373	1,774,373	-	-	-
Other payable	1,860,934	1,860,934	1,860,934	-	-	-
bond payable	3,302,140	3,465,300	-	-	-	3,465,300
	<u>\$ 6,972,250</u>	<u>7,135,794</u>	<u>3,670,494</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,465,300</u>

The Company does not expect that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier or in significantly different amounts.

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3. Currency risk

1) Currency risk exposure

The Company's significant exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows:

	2023.12.31			2022.12.31		
	Foreign currency (thousands of dollars)	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency (thousands of dollars)	Exchange rate	TWD
<u>Financial assets</u>						
<u>Monetary items</u>						
USD	\$ 135,244	30.705	4,152,667	95,464	30.710	2,931,700
<u>Financial liabilities</u>						
<u>Monetary items</u>						
USD	121,708	30.705	3,737,644	64,635	30.710	1,984,934

2) Sensitivity analysis

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, bank loans, accounts payable and other payable that are denominated in foreign currency.

A 1% appreciation or depreciation of the TWD against the USD as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, would have increased or decreased net income by \$3,437 and \$7,615, respectively. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

3) Foreign exchange gain and loss on monetary items

The foreign exchange gains (losses) of Company monetary items converted into the functional currency amount and converted to parent Company's functional currency Taiwan Dollar exchange rate information were as follows:

	2023		2022	
	Foreign exchange gains	Average exchange rate	Foreign exchange losses	Average exchange rate
TWD	\$ 22,785	-	73,011	-

4. Interest rate analysis

The interest rate exposure of the Company's financial assets and liabilities is described on liquidity risk management.

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the exposure to interest rate risk of the financial assets and liabilities on the reporting date.

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For variable rate instruments, the sensitivity analysis assumes the variable rate liabilities are outstanding for the whole year on the reporting date. The Company's internal management reported the increases or decreases in the interest rates and the exposure to changes in interest rates of 0.5% is considered by management to be a reasonable change of interest rate.

If the interest rate increases or decreases by 0.5%, the Company's net income will decrease /increase by \$1,874 and \$33 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, assuming all other variable factors remain constant. This is mainly due to the Company's variable rate borrowing.

5. Fair value

1) The kinds of financial instruments and fair value

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is measured on a recurring basis. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities were as follows (including information on fair value hierarchy, but excluding measurements that have similarities to fair value but are not fair value and those fair value cannot be reliably measured or inputs are unobservable in active markets):

	2023.12.31				
	Book Value	Fair Value			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets at fair value through profit of loss					
Redemption and repurchase option of bonds	\$ 5,504	-	-	5,504	5,504
Financial assets measured at amortized cost					
Cash and cash equivalents	778,780	-	-	-	-
Notes and accounts receivable	3,879,461	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	1,295,098	-	-	-	-
Refundable deposits	8,636	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	5,961,975	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 5,967,479</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,504</u>	<u>5,504</u>
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost					
Short term borrowings	\$ 1,700,000	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	3,112,792	-	-	-	-
Other payable	2,088,315	-	-	-	-
Bonds payable	930,543	-	-	-	-
Guarantee deposit received	6,939	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 7,838,589</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

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	2022.12.31				
	Book Value	Fair Value			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets measured at amortized cost					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,220,983	-	-	-	-
Notes and accounts receivable	2,556,058	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	857,853	-	-	-	-
Refundable deposits	8,656	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 4,643,550</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss					
Redemption and repurchase option of bonds	\$ 23,564	-	-	23,564	23,564
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost					
Short term borrowings	34,803	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	1,774,373	-	-	-	-
Other payable	1,860,934	-	-	-	-
Bonds payable	3,302,140	-	-	-	-
Guarantee deposit received	12,057	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	<u>6,984,307</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 7,007,871</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,564</u>	<u>23,564</u>

2) Valuation techniques for financial instruments measured at fair value

2.1) Non-derivative financial instruments

If a financial instrument is regarded as being quoted in an active market, the fair value is based on the quoted price in the active market. The market price announced by the major exchange and the OTC trading center of the central government bond is the basis to the fair value of listed equity instruments and debt instruments with active market.

A financial instrument is regarded as being quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. If a financial instrument does not the above conditions, then it is considered to be without quoted prices in active market. In general, wide bid-ask spreads, significant increase in bid-ask spreads or low trading volume are all indicators of an inactive market.

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The fair value of financial instruments held by the Group, if actively traded in a market, is disclosed by category and nature as follows:

The fair value of financial assets, such as stocks of listed (OTC) companies, which have standard terms and conditions and are actively traded in active markets, is determined based on market quotations.

For financial instruments other than those actively traded in the market, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques or by reference to quoted prices from counterparties. Fair value obtained through valuation techniques may refer to the fair value of other financial instruments with substantially similar terms and characteristics, discounted cash flow methods, or other valuation techniques, including models using market information available at the balance sheet date (such as the OTC reference yield curves, Reuters average quoted commercial paper rates).

The fair value of financial instruments held by the Group, if not actively traded in a market, is disclosed by category and nature as follows:

- Equity instruments without quoted prices:

The fair value is estimated using the market comparable companies method, with the main assumption based on the multiplier of equity derived from the estimated pre tax EBITDA of the investee, as well as the quoted market prices of comparable foreign listed (OTC) companies. This estimate has been adjusted for the discount impact of the lack of market liquidity of the equity securities.

2.2) Derivative financial instruments

Valued using widely accepted valuation models by market participants, such as discounted cash flow and option pricing models.

3) Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2

There was no transfer from Level 1 Level 2 in 2023 and 2022.

4) Quantified information on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in fair value measurement

The Company's financial instruments that use Level 3 inputs to measure fair value include "financial asset (liabilities) measured at fair value through profit or loss - Embedded derivative - call and put options".

Most of the Level 3 fair value attributed to the Company has only a single significant unobservable input, and only non listed (non OTC) equity instrument investments have multiple significant unobservable inputs. Significant unobservable inputs of non listed (non OTC) equity instrument investments are independent of each other, so there is no correlation between them.

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Quantified information of significant unobservable inputs was as follows:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Valuation technique</u>	<u>Significant unobservable inputs</u>	<u>Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement</u>
Financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss / Embedded derivative financial instruments - Call and put options	Binomial tree convertible bond pricing model	· Volatility (2023.12.31 and 2022.12.31 respectively 43.02% and 42.55%)	· The higher the volatility, the higher the fair value

(r) Financial risk management

1. Overview

The Company have exposures to the following risks from its financial instruments:

- 1) credit risk
- 2) liquidity risk
- 3) market risk

The following likewise discusses the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the above mentioned risks. For more disclosures about the quantitative effects of these risks exposures, please refer to the respective notes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

2. Structure of risk management

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of structure of risk management. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Board of Directors of the Company oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of structure of risk management in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The Company Audit Committee is assisted in its oversight role by Internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Board of Directors.

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3. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and investment.

1) Accounts receivable and other receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the demographics of the Company's customer base, including the default risk of the industry in which customers operate, as these factors may have an influence on credit risk.

The management has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analyzed individually for creditworthiness before the Company's standard payment terms are offered. The Company's review includes external ratings, when available, and in some cases bank references. Credit limits are established for each customer, which represent the maximum open amount without requiring approval from the General Manager's office; these limits are reviewed quarterly. Customers that fail to meet the Company's benchmark creditworthiness may transact with the Company only on a cash basis.

In monitoring customer credit risk, customers are grouped according to their credit characteristics, including whether they are an individual or a legal entity, whether they are a wholesale, retail or end-user customer, geographic location, industry, aging profile, maturity and existence of previous financial difficulties. Customers that are graded as "high risk" are placed on a restricted customer list and monitored by the General Manager's office. If customers default, the Company will stop transactions with those customers or trade on a cash basis.

The Company established an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables and investments. The main components of this allowance are a specific loss component that relates to individually significant exposures, and a collective loss incurred but not yet identified. The collective loss allowance is determined based on historical data on payment statistics for similar financial assets.

2) Bank deposit

The credit risk exposure in the bank deposits and transaction contract of foreign derivation instruments is measured and monitored by the General Manager's office. The Company only deals with financial institutions; therefore, there are no significant doubts regarding default on the above financial instruments, and as a result, there is no significant credit risk.

4. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

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The Company uses activity-based costing to cost its products, which assists it in monitoring cash flow requirements. The Company aims to maintain the level of its cash and cash equivalents at an amount in excess of expected cash flows on financial liabilities over the succeeding 90 days. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company's unused credit line were amounted to \$7,160,813 and \$9,754,521, respectively.

5. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices, will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

The Company buys and sells derivatives, and also incurs financial liabilities, in order to manage market risk. All such transactions are carried out within the guidelines set by the Risk Management Committee.

1) Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on sales, purchases, and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of the Company's entities, primarily the New Taiwan Dollar (TWD), and US Dollar (USD). Besides, the Company uses natural hedging principle to hedge by controlling the net amount of each currency of the Company in accordance with the condition of the exchange rate market. The Company hedges the currency risk with forward foreign currency whose mature date is in a year from report date and currency swap contract.

The interest is denominated in the currency used in the borrowings. Generally, borrowings are denominated in currencies that match the cash flows generated by the underlying operations of the Company, primarily the TWD, and USD. This provides an economic hedge without derivatives being entered into, and therefore, hedge accounting is not applied in these circumstances.

2) Interest rate risk

The Company's borrowings were on the basis of floating interest rate. The Company is not involved in the situation of changing floating interest rate into fixed rate with interest rate swap agreement. The Company periodically assessed the borrowing rates of the banks and every currency to make provisions for interest-changed rate risk. In addition, the Company creates favorable relationship with banks to get lower financial costs from borrowings in order for it to strengthen its working capital to lower its dependency on bank borrowings, as well as situation of changing floating interest rate and scatter interest-changed rate risk.

3) Other market price risk

The Company does not enter into any commodity contracts other than to meet the Company's expected usage and sales requirements; such contracts are not settled on a net basis.

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(s) Capital management

The Company maintains and manages its capital to meet the minimum paid-in capital required by the competent authority, and to optimize the balance of liabilities and equity to maximize shareholders' return.

The capital structure of the Company is composed of net debt (i.e. borrowings less cash and cash equivalent) and equity (i.e. share capital, capital reserve, retained earnings and other equity items).

The principal management of the Company reviews the capital structure of the Company on an annual basis, including considering the costs and associated risks of various types of capital. Based on the recommendations of key management, the Company will balance its overall capital structure by borrowing short-term borrowings from financial institutions.

(t) Investing and financing activities not affecting current cash flow

The Company investing and financing activities which did not affect the current flow in the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

	January 1, 2023	Cash flow	Non-cash changes			December 31, 2023
			Acquisition	Foreign exchange movement	Other	
Short-term borrowings	\$ 34,803	1,065,197	-	-	-	1,100,000
Long -term borrowings	-	600,000	-	-	-	600,000
Bonds payable	3,302,140	-	-	-	(2,371,597)	930,543
Total liabilities from financing activities	<u>\$ 3,336,943</u>	<u>1,665,197</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,371,597)</u>	<u>2,630,543</u>

	January 1, 2022	Cash flow	Non-cash changes			December 31, 2022
			Acquisition	Foreign exchange movement	Other	
Short-term borrowings	\$ 551,730	(516,927)	-	-	-	34,803
Long -term borrowings	850,000	(850,000)	-	-	-	-
Short-term notes payables	199,820	(200,000)	-	-	180	-
Bonds payable	-	3,499,953	-	-	(197,813)	3,302,140
Total liabilities from financing activities	<u>\$ 1,601,550</u>	<u>1,933,026</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(197,633)</u>	<u>3,336,943</u>

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(7) Related-Party Transactions

(a) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are entities that have had transactions with related party during the periods covered in the parent company only financial statements.

<u>Name of related party</u>	<u>Relationship with the Company</u>
EMC OVERSEAS HOLDING INCORPORATED	The Company its subsidiaries
Grand Wuhan Incorporated	The Company its subsidiaries
EMC INTERNATIONAL HOLDING INCORPORATED	The Company its subsidiaries
Grand Zhuhai Incorporated	The Company its sub-subsidiaries
Grand Shanghai Incorporated	The Company its sub-subsidiaries
Grand Zhongshan Incorporated	The Company its sub-subsidiaries
EMC SPECIAL APPLICATION INCORPORATED	The Company its sub-subsidiaries
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	The Company its sub-subsidiaries
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	The Company its sub-subsidiaries
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	The Company its sub-subsidiaries
EMD SPECIALTY MATERIALS, LLC	The Company its sub-subsidiaries
EMC USA HOLDING INCORPORATED	The Company its sub-subsidiaries
ELITE MATERIAL(PENANG) SDN. BHD.	The Company its sub-subsidiaries
TECHNICA USA	The Company associates

(b) Significant transactions with related parties

1. Sales

The amounts of significant sales and royalties sales by the Company to related parties were as follows:

	<u>For the years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Sub-Subsidiaries	\$ 1,628,892	1,189,617
Associates	(4,715)	46,974
	<u>\$ 1,624,177</u>	<u>1,236,591</u>

The selling price for related parties and general customers are negotiated by both parties. The credit terms ranged from 90 to 120 days, which approximated those for routine sales transactions; the royalties are negotiated by both parties.

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2. Purchases

The amounts of significant purchases by the Company from related parties were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Sub-Subsidiaries	\$ 988,974	143,273

The terms and pricing of purchase transactions with related parties were not significantly different from those offered by other vendors. The payment terms ranged from 90 to 120 days, which were no different from the payment terms given by other vendors.

3. Receivables from related parties

The receivables from related parties were as follows:

Item	Related party categories	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Accounts receivable	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	\$ 166,088	93,723
Accounts receivable	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	135,443	85,100
Other receivable	Sub-Subsidiaries	23,370	50,707
Other receivable	Associates	-	6,417
Less: Loss allowance	Sub-Subsidiaries	149,678	144,119
		\$ 474,579	380,066

The receivables from related parties were uncollateralized, and no provisions for doubtful debt were required after the assessment by the management.

4. Payables to related parties

The payables to related parties were as follows:

Item	Related party categories	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Accounts payable	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	\$ 141,479	68,803
Accounts payable	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	317,009	3
Accounts payable	Sub-Subsidiaries	31,322	10,414
Other payables	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	410,202	350,663
Other payables	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	304,059	292,585
Other payables	Sub-Subsidiaries	508	881
Other payables	Associates	1,212	2,267
		\$ 1,205,791	725,616

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5. Guarantee

As of December 31, 2023, the Company had provided a guarantee for loans taken out by its subsidiaries, please refer to Note 13(a) for further explanations.

6. Other transactions to related parties

Account	Relationship	2023	2022
Selling expenses	Sub-Subsidiaries	\$ 315	589
Selling expenses	Associates	2,867	4,175
		<u>\$ 3,182</u>	<u>4,764</u>

(c) Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	2023	2022
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 114,272	128,543
Termination benefits	756	1,094
	<u>\$ 115,028</u>	<u>129,637</u>

(8) Pledged Assets

The following assets were restricted in use:

Assets	Purpose of Pledge	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Refundable deposits	Deposits for lease and natural gas, etc.	\$ 8,636	8,656

(9) Significant Contingencies and Commitments

(a) Major Commitments and contingencies were as follows:

1. Unused standby letters of credit

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Unused standby letters of credit		
TWD	\$ -	43,440
USD	13,282	2,702

2. The royalties of eco-material technique treatment with Company A, etc., the paid royalties were as follows:

2023	2022
<u>\$ 154</u>	<u>6,287</u>

3. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the amounts of Performance Letter of Guarantee issued by Mega International Commercial Bank-Zhongli Branch for the purpose of Customs for guaranty of domestic tariff and for guaranty of hiring foreigners to be employed were \$14,000 and \$7,000.

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4. As of December 31, 2022, the Company planned to get a government grant and obtained the performance guarantee letter issued by the bank. The amount of the guarantee letter was \$5,286.

(10) Significant Catastrophic Losses

On January 15, 2023, the Company suffered a major fire accident that caused damage to some of the Company's buildings, equipment, construction in progress, other assets and inventories, and the Company derecognized the damaged buildings, equipment and construction in progress amounting to \$248,367 thousand, other assets amounting to \$18,070 thousand, and inventories amounting to \$271,522 thousand, with a total disaster loss of \$537,959 thousand, which was reported under non operating income and expenses other benefits and losses, please refer to Note 6 (p) for relevant explanations. The amount of disaster compensation is based on the best estimate of the evidence available as of the reporting date, but the actual amount of compensation is subject to subsequent negotiations, and there may still be contingent liabilities that cannot be estimated and have not yet been recorded.

The Company has taken out relevant property insurance and is currently negotiating with the insurance company to handle the claim, the Company confirmed to the insurance company and its notary public that the compensation that is almost certain to be received from the insurance company will be recognized as the claim receivable, and the amount recognized will not exceed the disaster loss of each of the assets, as of December 31, 2023, the claim receivable recognized by the Company is \$ 537,959 thousand , and is reported under the non operating income and expenses other benefits and losses, please refer to Note 6 (p) for relevant explanations. However, the insurance claim involves disaster identification, and the Company has not yet been able to fully confirm the full amount of the insurance claim, and the subsequent increase in insurance claim income will not be recognized until the Company is almost certain to receive the income. As of December 31, 2023, part of the claim payment of \$188,000 thousand (reported under other receivables) has been received.

(11) Significant Subsequent Events: None.

(12) Others

(a) Employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization expenses, categorized as operating cost or expense, were as follows:

Categorized as Nature	For the year ended December 31, 2023			For the year ended December 31, 2022		
	Operating Cost	Operating Expense	Total	Operating Cost	Operating Expense	Total
Employee benefits						
Salary	631,901	675,858	1,307,759	629,217	524,503	1,153,720
Labor and health insurance	53,897	33,903	87,800	54,664	31,422	86,086
Pension	23,780	15,239	39,019	25,155	14,334	39,489
Remuneration of directors	-	41,844	41,844	-	38,002	38,002
Others employee benefits	29,796	13,865	43,661	31,083	13,286	44,369
Depreciation	184,169	22,580	206,749	186,875	18,248	205,123
Amortization	-	14,426	14,426	66	14,946	15,012

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As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the additional information about the numbers of employees and employee benefit were as follows:

	2023	2022
Number of employees	<u>1,021</u>	<u>1,011</u>
Number of directors who were not employees	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>
The average employee benefit	<u>\$ 1,456</u>	<u>1,317</u>
The average salaries and wages	<u>\$ 1,288</u>	<u>1,148</u>
Adjustment of average salaries and wages	<u>12.20 %</u>	
Supervisors' remuneration	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>

1.The Company's salary and remuneration policy (including directors, managers and employees) are as follows:

The remunerations to directors, managers and employees are in accordance with the principles of fairness and competition. In addition, the wages of the employees of the Company are paid based on the grade table set according to the complexity of their work, the degree of their responsibilities, and the professional skills required. Furthermore, the remuneration of the Company' s directors and employees is determined by reference to the Company' s overall operating performance, future risks and development trends of the industry, as well as the individual' s performance achievement rate and contribution to the Company; reasonable remuneration is also taken into consideration.

2.The Company did not have supervisors, therefore, there was no remunerations of supervisors.

(13) Additional Disclosures

(a) Information on significant transactions

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” for the Group for the year ended December 31, 2023:

1. Fund financing to other parties:

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, unless otherwise specified)

No	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account name	Related party	Highest balance of financing to other parties during the period	Ending balance	Actual usage amount during the period	Range of interest rates during the period	Purposes of fund financing for the borrower	Transaction amount for business between two parties	Reasons for short-term financing	Allowance for bad debt	Collateral		Individual funding loan limits	Maximum limit of fund financing
													Item	Value		
0	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	EMD SPECIALTY MATERIALS, LLS	Other receivables-related parties	Y	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	2.00%	2	-	Operating Capital	-		-	8,042,847 (Note 3)	8,042,847 (Note 3)
1	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables-related parties	Y	3,049,270	2,968,322	2,206,770	2.00%	2	-	Operating Capital	-		-	6,606,030 (Note 4)	6,606,030 (Note 4)

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(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)

No	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account name	Related party	Highest balance of financing to other parties during the period	Ending balance	Actual usage amount during the period	Range of interest rates during the period	Purposes of fund financing for the borrower	Transaction amount for business between two parties	Reasons for short-term financing	Allowance for bad debt	Collateral		Individual funding loan limits	Maximum limit of fund financing
													Item	Value		
1	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables-related parties	Y	1,471,756	1,436,564	-	2.00%	2	-	Operating demand	-		-	6,606,030 (Note 4)	6,606,030 (Note 4)
2	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables-related parties	Y	1,955,800	904,343	904,343	2.00%	2	-	Operating Capital	-		-	2,275,224 (Note 5)	2,275,224 (Note 5)

Note 1: The number is filled as follows:

- 0 is the Company.
- Subsidiaries are numbered as 1 sequentially.

Note 2:1. Having dealings with the Company.

- Those who have the needs in short-term financing.

Note 3:The company with business contact, the amount of each fund financing cannot exceed 50% of total amount of purchase (sales) transactions in the recent year and cannot exceed 3% of the Company's net asset value; the total amount of fund financing cannot exceed 30% of the Company's net asset value.

Note 4:The total amount of fund financing could not exceed 30% of the lender's net asset value and the Company's net asset value, while the maximum financing amount for a single company could not exceed 30% of the lender's net asset value .

Note 5:The total maximum financing amount cannot exceed 30% of the lender's net asset value, while the maximum financing amount for a single company cannot exceed 30% of the lender's net value.

Note 6:The total amount cannot exceed 100% of the Company's net worth in its latest financial statements.

2. Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, unless otherwise specified)

No. (Note 1)	Name of company	Counter-party		Limitation on amount of guarantees and endorsements for a specific enterprise (Note 3)	Highest balance for guarantees and endorsements during the period	Balance of guarantees and endorsements as of reporting date	Actual usage amount during the period	Property pledged on guarantees and endorsements (Amount)	Ratio of accumulated amounts of guarantees and endorsements to net worth of the latest financial statements	Maximum amount for guarantees and endorsements (Note 3)	Parent Company endorsement/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of subsidiary	Subsidiary endorsement/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of parent company	Endorsements/guarantees to third parties on behalf of companies in Mainland China
		Name	Relationship with the Company (Note 2)										
0	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	EMD SPECIALTY MATERIALS,LLC	2	13,404,746	1,300,309	1,277,427	1,212,479	-	4.76 %	26,809,491	Y		
0	"	TECHNICA USA	6	13,404,746	19,455	18,423	-	-	0.07 %	26,809,491	Y		
1	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	4	11,010,050	1,776,274	1,733,871	452,564	-	7.87 %	22,020,100			Y
2	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	4	3,792,041	2,225,504	1,384,640	906,428	-	18.26 %	7,584,081			Y

Note 1: 0 is the Company.

- The inrestee company are numbered as 1 sequentially.

Note 2:1. Entities with business relationship with the Company.

- A subsidiary in which the Company directly holds more than 50% of its voting shares.
- A investee in which the Company and subsidiary holds more than 50% of its voting shares.
- A parent company in which the Company directly or Subsidiaries indirectly holds more than 90% of its voting shares.
- Companies in same type of business and providing mutual endorsements/ guarantees in favor of each other in accordance with the contractual obligations in order to fulfill the needs of the construction project.
- Shareholders making endorsements and/or guarantees for their mutually invested company in proportion to their shareholding percentage.
- Companies in same type of business providing guarantees of pre-sale contracts according to the regulation.

Note 3: The total maximum endorsement / guarantee cannot exceed 100% of the Company's net worth in its latest financial statements, while the maximum endorsement / guarantee amount for a single company cannot exceed 50% of the Company's net worth in its latest financial statements.

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3. Information regarding securities held at balance sheet date:

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, unless otherwise specified)

Name of holder	Category and name of security	Category and name of security	Account title	Ending balance				Note
				Number	Book value	Percentage	Market value	
EMC OVERSEAS HOLDING INCORPORATED	PROUD STAR INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	-	Non current at fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets	500,000	-	3.26 %	-	
EMC USA HOLDING INCORPORATED	TECHNICA USA (preference stock)	Associates	"	722,000	-	87.76 %	-	

4. Accumulated buying/selling of the same marketable securities for which the dollar amount reaches \$300 million or 20% or more of paid-in capital:

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, unless otherwise specified)

Company name	Marketable Securities type and name	Financial statement account	Counter -party	Nature of relationship	Beginning balance		Acquisitions (Note 4)		Disposal (Note 4)		Carrying value	Gain (loss) on disposal	Ending balance	
					Units/shares	Amount	Units/shares	Amount	Units/shares	Amount			Units/shares	Amount
Grand Zhongshan Incorporated	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Investments using the equity method	(Note 1)	Subsidiaries	-	-	-	3,911,594	-	-	-	-	-	8,644,589 (Note 5)
"	"	"	(Note 2)	"	-	-	-	3,354,634	-	-	-	-	-	8,644,589 (Note 5)
Grand Wuhan Incorporated	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	"	-	"	-	774,123	-	-	-	709,964	920,264	(210,300) (Note 3 + 5)	-	-
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	"	"	-	"	-	-	-	895,684	-	-	-	-	-	1,249,827 (Note 5)
"	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	"	(Note 1)	"	-	-	-	2,783,125	-	-	-	-	-	7,584,081 (Note 5)
"	"	"	(Note 2)	"	-	-	-	3,237,978	-	-	-	-	-	7,584,081 (Note 5)
"	ELITE MATERIAL(PE NANG) SDN. BHD.	"	(Note 1)	"	-	-	-	310,661	-	-	-	-	-	302,434 (Note 5)

Note 1: Engaged in cash capital increase.

Note 2: Engaged in share capital increase through stock conversion.

Note 3: Realization of gains or losses report under retain earnings.

Note 4: Related purchase and sale transactions, please refer to Note 4(b) notes 1 to notes 3 for further information.

Note 5: The aforementioned transaction of subsidiary have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

5. Acquisition of real estate for which the dollar amount reaches \$300 million or 20% or more of paid-in capital :

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of Company	Name of property	Transaction date	Transaction amount	Status of payment	Counterparty	Relationship with the Company	If the country is a related party, disclose the previous transfer information				References for determining price	Purpose of acquisition and current condition	Others
							Owner	Relationship with the Company	Date of transfer	Amount			
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Land and plant	2023.12.08	947,936	Paid	The natural resources of Zhongshan City	None	-	-	-	-	Professional valuation report	Required for company operations	None

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6. Disposition of real estate for which the dollar amount reaches \$300 million or 20% or more of paid-in capital: None.
7. Buying/selling products with the dollar amount reaches \$100 million or 20% or more of paid-in capital:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of company	Counter-party	Relationship	Transaction details				Reasons why and description of how the transaction conditions differ from general transactions		Account/note receivable (payable)		Notes
			Purchase /Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases /sales	Credit period	Unit price	Credit period	Balance	Percentage of total accounts/notes receivable (payable)	
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Parent and subsidiary companies	Sale	(645,305)	(6)%	Depends on subsidiary's financial condition	-		166,088	4 %	
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	645,305	5 %	"	-		(166,088)	(3)%	
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	(476,585)	(4)%	"	-		135,443	3 %	
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	476,585	6 %	"	-		(135,443)	(5)%	
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	(479,614)	(3)%	"	-		141,479	2 %	
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	479,614	7 %	"	-		(141,479)	(5)%	
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	(131,650)	(1)%	"	-		35,119	- %	
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	131,650	2 %	"	-		(35,119)	(1)%	
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	(136,023)	(1)%	"	-		29,701	1 %	
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	136,023	2 %	"	-		(29,701)	(1)%	
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	(358,645)	(6)%	"	-		317,009	12 %	
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	358,645	5 %	"	-		(317,009)	(10)%	
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	(1,654,455)	(25)%	"	-		596,663	23 %	
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	1,654,455	14 %	"	-		(596,663)	(12)%	

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Name of company	Counter-party	Relationship	Transaction details				Reasons why and description of how the transaction conditions differ from general transactions		Account/note receivable (payable)		Notes
			Purchase /Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases /sales	Credit period	Unit price	Credit period	Balance	Percentage of total accounts/notes receivable (payable)	
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Associates	Sale	(3,243,552)	(50)%	"	-		1,027,527	39 %	
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	3,243,552	38 %	"	-		(1,027,527)	(37)%	

8. Accounts receivable from related parties for which the dollar amount reaches \$100 million or 20% or more of paid-in capital:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of related party	Counter-party	Relationship	Balance of receivables from related party	Turnover days	Past-due receivables from related party		Subsequently received amount of receivables from related party	Allowances for bad debts
					Amount	Action taken		
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Parent and subsidiary companies	166,088	4.97	-		109,746	-
Elite Material Co., Ltd. (note 1)	"	"	86,345	Not applicable	-		86,345	-
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	"	135,443	4.32	-		63,636	-
Elite Material Co., Ltd. (note 1)	"	"	46,018	Not applicable	-		46,018	-
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	141,479	4.56	-		96,689	-
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (Note 1)	"	"	410,202	Not applicable	-		227,069	-
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	"	19,808	4.81	-		15,697	-
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (Note 1)	"	"	2,231,947	Not applicable	-		-	-
Elite Electronic Material (Zhangshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	29,701	6.78	-		27,717	-
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd. (Note 1)	"	"	304,059	Not applicable	-		170,472	-
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Associates	24,709	2.82	-		14,112	-

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Name of related party	Counter-party	Relationship	Balance of receivables from related party	Turnover days	Past-due receivables from related party		Subsequently received amount of receivables from related party	Allowances for bad debts
					Amount	Action taken		
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd. (Note 1)	"	"	917,842	Not applicable	-		87,944	-
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Parent and subsidiary companies	317,009	2.26	-		120,935	-
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	"	596,663	3.08	-		405,283	-
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Associates	1,027,527	3.80	-		704,271	-

Note 1: Account for other receivable due from related parties.

9. Derivative transactions: None.

(b) Information on investees:

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the following was the information on investees (excluding investees in Mainland China) :

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Share Data)

Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Major operations	Initial investment (Amount)		Ending balance			Net income (loss) of the investee	Investment income (losses) (Note 7)	Note
				Ending balance	Beginning balance	Shares	Ratio of shares	Book value (Note 7)			
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	EMC OVERSEAS HOLDING INCORPORATED	British Virgin Islands	Investment business	1,179,111	1,179,111	36,256,950	100.00 %	22,080,915	5,116,084	5,116,084	Subsidiaries
"	Grand Wuhan Incorporated	Cayman Islands	Investment business	602,440	602,440	20,020,000	100.00 %	731,513	150,136	150,136	Subsidiaries
"	EMC INTERNATIONAL HOLDING INCORPORATED	"	Investment business	781,850	781,850	27,042,000	100.00 %	570,984	(176,978)	(176,978)	Subsidiaries
"	Li Cheng Tech Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electronics, Telecommunications equipment, Wholesale, Retails, Batteries, Power generation and Distribution machinery manufacturing business	173,694	173,694	16,412,918	33.50 %	-	-	-	Note 6
EMC OVERSEAS HOLDING INCORPORATED	Grand Zhuhai Incorporated	Cayman Islands	Investment business	1,062,948	1,062,948	34,618,060	100.00 %	22,046,096	5,114,595	5,114,595	Sub-subsidiaries
"	Li Cheng Tech Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electronics, Telecommunications equipment, Wholesale, Retails, Batteries, Power generation and Distribution machinery manufacturing business	7,311	7,311	250,000	1.53 %	-	-	-	Note 6

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Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Major operations	Initial investment (Amount)		Ending balance			Net income (loss) of the investee	Investment income (losses) (Note 7)	Note
				Ending balance	Beginning balance	Shares	Ratio of shares	Book value (Note 7)			
Grand Zhuhai Incorporated	Grand Shanghai Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	Investment business	1,039,389	1,039,389	18,200,000	100.00 %	13,390,032	3,315,269	3,315,269	Third tier subsidiary
"	Grand Zhongshan Incorporated	"	Investment business	504,698	504,698	16,437,000	100.00 %	8,654,856	1,799,587	1,799,587	"
EMC INTERNATIONAL HOLDING INCORPORATED	EMC SPECIAL APPLICATION INCORPORATED	Cayman Islands	Investment business	806,160	806,160	26,255,000	100.00 %	578,546	(176,364)	(176,364)	Sub-subsidiaries
"	EMC USA HOLDING INCORPORATED	"	Investment business	22,476	22,476	732,000	100.00 %	(26)	(48)	(48)	"
EMC SPECIAL APPLICATION INCORPORATED	EMD SPECIALTY MATERIALS,LLC	USA	Copper clad laminate and prepreg business	804,383	804,383	-	100.00 %	577,688	(160,617)	(160,617)	Third tier subsidiary
EMC USA HOLDING INCORPORATED	TECHNICA USA	"	Import/export business	18,423	18,423	600,000	30.00 %	-	47,119	-	Note 4, 5
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	ELITE MATERIAL (PENANG) SDN. BHD.	Malaysia	Copper clad laminate and prepreg business	308,232	-	45,382,001	100.00 %	302,434	(272)	(272)	Third tier subsidiary

Note 1: The amounts of book value recognized using the equity method include investment income(losses) and the exchange differences on translation of foreign statements.

Note 2: The amount above is evaluated based on the independent audit report of the investee under equity method .

Note 3: The aforementioned transaction of subsidiary have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 4: Because other shareholders hold more than 70% of the shares and the Company only accounts for 30%, the Company has no control.

Note 5: On October 27, 2021, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to adjust the investment structure. The initial investment of \$16,608 that was invested in Technica USA through EMC Overseas Holding Incorporated was adjusted to be invested in Technica USA through EMC USA Holding Incorporated.

Note 6: The investment value had been impaired, the Company recognized all losses and the book value was offset to zero.

Note 7: The difference between the ending balance and the net equity value is mainly due to the unrealized gross profit and the amortization of equipment purchased on behalf of others.

(c) Information on investment in Mainland China:

1. Information on investment in Mainland China:

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Investee company	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment (Note 1)	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan (R.O.C.)	Investment Flows		Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan	Net income (loss) of the investee	Percentage of Ownership	Investment Income (Loss) Recognized (Note 2)	Carrying Amount	Accumulated Inward Remittance of Earnings
					Outflow	Inflow						
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Copper clad laminate and prepreg business	3,194,737	(2)	650,816	-	-	650,816	5,237,308	100.00 %	5,237,308	22,020,100	10,731,560
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co.Ltd.	"	3,472,418	(2)	440,613	-	-	440,613	1,778,171	100.00 %	1,778,171	7,584,081	5,410,555
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	"	570,139	(2)	601,858	-	-	601,858	496,408	100.00 %	496,408	1,249,827	-

2. Limitation on investment in Mainland China:

Aggregate investment amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China at the end of the period	Approved investment (amount) by Ministry of Economic Affairs Investment Commission	Limitation on investment in Mainland China in accordance with regulations of Ministry of Economic Affairs Investment Commission
1,710,734	10,958,800	16,085,694

(English Translation of Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)
ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)

Note 1: There are three investment approach of categories:

- (1) Direct Investment in Mainland China.
- (2) Investment in Mainland China by a third party.
- (3) Other approach.

Note 2: The financial statements were audited by the Certified Public Accountants of the Company.

Note 3: The difference between the paid-in capital of Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co. Ltd. and the investment amount remitted from Taiwan amounted to USD6,012, USD24,846 and USD16,000, which was invested overseas by the subsidiary, also USD10,000, and USD35,000, which were recognized as capital increase out of earnings, respectively.

Note 4: The difference between the paid-in capital of Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co. Ltd. Amounted to USD6,255, which was recognized as capital increase out of earnings. and the investment amount remitted from Taiwan amounted to RMB649,959, which was invested overseas by the subsidiary.

Note 5: The difference between the paid-in capital and investment amount remitted from Taiwan amounted to USD110, which was invested overseas by the subsidiary.

Note 6: The items in the balance sheet and those in the income statements were translated at the exchange rate of 30.7050 and 31.0954, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2023.

3. Significant transactions :

Please refer to the related disclosures above captioned as “Related information on material transaction items” for direct or indirect significant transactions between the Company and its investees in Mainland China for the year ended December 31, 2023. (The transactions were eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.)

(d) Major shareholders:

Shareholder's Name	Shareholding	Shares	Percentage
Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd.		25,471,477	7.42 %
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		24,489,000	7.13 %

Note: (1)The main shareholder information of this table is calculated by the insurance company on the last business day at the end of each quarter. The above information. As for the share capital recorded in the company's financial report and the number of shares actually delivered by the company without physical registration, the calculation basis may be different or different.

(2)If the information on the Shanghai Stock Exchange is a shareholder's shareholding delivery to the trust, it will be disclosed by the trustee who opened the trust account separately. As for shareholders who handle the declaration of insider equity holding more than 10% of their shares in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act, their shareholdings include their shareholdings plus their delivery of trust and shares with the right to make decisions on trust property, etc. For information on insider equity declaration, please refer to Open Information Observatory.

(14) Segment Information

Please refer to the consolidated financial statements of the year ended 2023.

Elite Material Co., Ltd.
STATEMENT OF CASH AND CASH
EQUIVALENTS

December 31, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Description	Amount
Cash	Cash on hand	\$ <u>429</u>
Saving accounts	Check account deposits	432
	Saving accounts	478,454
	Foreign deposits(USD7,884 Thousands of Dollars 、 CNY1,705 Thousands of Dollars)	249,465
	Time deposits	<u>50,000</u>
	Sub total	<u>778,351</u>
Total		\$ <u><u>778,780</u></u>

STATMENT OF NOTES RECEIVABLES

Client name	Description	Amount	Note
A Company	Current portion	\$ 27,912	
B Company	"	17,660	
C Company	"	7,130	
Others	"	6,958	Client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.
Less: Loss allowance		<u>(408)</u>	
Total		\$ <u><u>59,252</u></u>	

Elite Material Co., Ltd.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT RECEIVABLES

December 31, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

<u>Client name</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Related-parties:			
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.		\$ 166,088	
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.		135,443	
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.		13,789	
EMD SPECIALTY MATERIALS, LLC		9,581	
Sub total		<u>324,901</u>	
Non-related-parties:			
D Company		906,009	
E Company		777,797	
F Company		667,674	
G Company		230,497	
Others		914,650	Client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.
Sub total		<u>3,496,627</u>	
Total		3,821,528	
Less: Loss allowance		<u>(1,319)</u>	
Accounts receivable, net		<u><u>\$ 3,820,209</u></u>	

Elite Material Co., Ltd.
STATEMENT OF INVENTORY
December 31, 2023
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Amount		Note
	Cost	Net Realizable Value	
Materials	\$ 924,434		
Less: Loss allowance	(3,171)		
Sub total	921,263	936,741	
Supplies	23,340	23,340	
Work in progress	95,078		
Less: Loss allowance	(3,128)		
Sub total	91,950	104,298	
Finished goods	396,836		
Less: Loss allowance	(9,262)		
Sub total	387,574	507,125	
Inventory in-transit	15,505	15,505	
Inventory, net	\$ 1,439,632		

Elite Material Co., Ltd.

STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING

EQUITY METHOD

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Investee Company	Beginning Balance		Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance			Market Price or Net Value		Pledged as collateral	Note
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Proportion of shareholding	Amount	Unit price	Total price		
EMC OVERSEAS HOLDING INCORPORATED	36,257	\$ 18,090,939	-	3,989,976	-	-	36,257	100.00 %	22,080,915	-	22,083,306	No	Note 1
Grand Wuhan Incorporated	20,020	788,711	-	-	-	57,198	20,020	100.00 %	731,513	-	731,513	No	
EMC INTERNATIONAL HOLDING INCORPORATED	27,042	747,211	-	-	-	176,227	27,042	100.00 %	570,984	-	579,084	No	Note 1
Licheng Technology (Stock) Company	16,413	-	-	-	-	-	16,413	33.50 %	-	-	-	No	
		<u>\$ 19,626,861</u>		<u>3,989,976</u>		<u>233,425</u>			<u>23,383,412</u>		<u>23,393,903</u>		

Note1: The difference between the ending balance and the net equity value is mainly due to the unrealized gross profit and the amortization of equipment purchased on behalf of others.

Elite Material Co., Ltd.
STATEMENT OF SHORT-TERM LOANS
December 31, 2023
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

<u>Type of loans</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Contract Period</u>	<u>Range of Interest Rates</u>	<u>Loan Commitments</u>	<u>Collaterals or Pledged Assets</u>	<u>Note</u>
Short-term loans	Financial institution	\$ <u><u>1,100,000</u></u>	2023.12.19~2024.03.27	1.68%~1.87%	3,520,813	None	

Elite Material Co., Ltd.
STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT PAYABLES
December 31, 2023
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

<u>Suppliers</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
related-parties:			
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.		\$ 141,479	
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.		29,701	
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.		317,009	
EMD SPECIALTYMATERIALS, LLC		1,621	
Sub total		<u>489,810</u>	
Non-related-parties:			
A Company		265,456	
B Company		244,122	
C Company		208,268	
D Company		183,277	
E Company		170,151	
Others		1,551,708	Client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.
Sub total		<u>2,622,982</u>	
Total		<u>\$ <u>3,112,792</u></u>	

Elite Material Co., Ltd.
STATEMENT OF OTHER PAYABLES
December 31, 2023
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Description	Amount
Other payables	Payables for equipment	\$ 90,644
	Payroll payables and bonuses payable	467,007
	Work in progress-outsourced payable	117,450
	Employees compensations payable	254,072
	Directors' compensations payable	41,372
	Pension expenses payable	20,953
	Other expenses payable	1,096,817
Total		<u>\$ 2,088,315</u>

STATEMENT OF NET REVENUE
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Quantity	Amount	Note
Prepreg	16,203,999	\$ 3,926,917	
Capper clad laminate	5,369,694	4,794,821	
Mass lam foundry	2,246,849	398,399	
Others		1,543,664	
		<u>\$ 10,663,801</u>	

Elite Material Co., Ltd.
STATEMENT OF OPERATING COSTS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Amount	
	Sub total	Total
Materials, beginning of the year	\$ 776,729	
Plus: Purchases	6,098,240	
Less: Material sold	(941,381)	
Materials, end of the year	(924,434)	
Material scraps	(14,511)	
Catastrophic losses	(206,029)	
Transferred to manufacturing expenses	(95,250)	
Transferred to operating expenses	<u>(41,779)</u>	
Direct materials		4,651,585
Direct labor		471,349
Manufacturing expenses		<u>1,747,484</u>
Total Manufacturing costs		6,870,418
Plus: Work-in-process, beginning of the year	62,574	
Purchased work-in-process	35,255	
Less: Work-in-process, end of the year	(95,078)	
Catastrophic losses	(20,317)	
Transferred to manufacturing expenses	(39,348)	
Transferred to operating expenses	<u>(172,970)</u>	<u>(229,884)</u>
Cost of finished goods		6,640,534
Plus: Finished goods, beginning of the year	228,458	
Purchased finished goods	952,022	
Less: Finished goods, end of the year	(412,341)	
Catastrophic losses	(45,176)	
Transferred to manufacturing expenses	(8,405)	
Transferred to operating expenses	<u>(89,349)</u>	<u>625,209</u>
		7,265,743
Cost of goods sold—Material sold		941,381
Loss on disposal of scrap		14,511
Gains on inventory valuation and obsolescence		(13,181)
Revenue from sales of scraps		<u>(36,560)</u>
Costs of sales		<u><u>\$ 8,171,894</u></u>

Elite Material Co., Ltd.
STATEMENT OF SELLING EXPENSES
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Description	Amount	Note
Commission expenses		\$ 123,214	
Shipping expenses		77,164	
Payroll expenses		41,175	
Administrative expenses		60,697	
Other expenses		28,790	Client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.
Total		<u>\$ 331,040</u>	

**STATEMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE
EXPENSES**

Item	Description	Amount	Note
Payroll expenses		\$ 462,351	
Remuneration of directors		41,372	
Other expenses		163,822	Client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.
Total		<u>\$ 667,545</u>	

Elite Material Co., Ltd.

**STATEMENT OF RESEARCH AND
DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Description	Amount	Note
Research and development expenses		\$ 235,931	
Payroll expenses		172,332	
Other expenses		84,502	Client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.
Total		<u>\$ 492,765</u>	

ANNEX II

Year 2023 Consolidated Financial Reports Audited by CPA

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)

ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**With Independent Auditors' Report
For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022**

Address: No.18, Datong 1st Rd., Guanyin Dist., Taoyuan City 328, Taiwan (R.O.C.)
Telephone: (03)483-7937

The independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

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Representation Letter

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Elite Material Co., Ltd. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10 by the Financial Supervisory Commission, "Consolidated Financial Statements." In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, Elite Material Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Company name: Elite Material Co., Ltd.

Chairman: Ding-Yu Dong

Date: February 29, 2024

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Elite Material Co., Ltd.:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Elite Material Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") or the former Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

1. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note (4)(o) "Revenue" and Note (6)(q) "Revenue" of the consolidated financial statements.

Description of key audit matter:

Revenue is the main indicator for investors and the management to evaluate the consolidated company's financial statements or business performance. The accuracy of the timing of revenue recognition significantly impacts the financial statement.

Therefore, the recognition of revenue was considered to be one of the key audit matters in the audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

In relation to the key audit matter above, we have performed certain key audit procedures that included: assessing the accounting policies on the recognition timing of sales revenue and the appropriateness of related internal controls; testing the effectiveness of implementation of internal controls ; performing cut-off test for recognition of revenue on the certain period before and after the reporting date to assess the reasonableness to the recognition timing of sales revenue.

Other Matter

Elite Material Co., Ltd. has additionally prepared its parent company only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, on which we have issued an unqualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, interpretation as well as related guidance endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Chen, Yi-Chun and Chiang, Hsiao-Ling.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China)
February 29, 2024

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' audit report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' audit report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)
ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
December 31, 2023 and 2022
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS		2023.12.31		2022.12.31				LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		2023.12.31		2022.12.31	
		Amount	%	Amount	%					Amount	%	Amount	%
Current Assets:								Current Liabilities:					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Note (6)(a))	\$ 9,258,881	17	10,443,618	24	2100		Short-term borrowings (Note (6)(h))	\$	6,556,651	12	5,209,815	12
1150	Notes receivable, net (Note (6)(c))	130,344	-	212,623	1	2170		Accounts payable (Note (7))		10,488,612	20	6,513,281	15
1170	Accounts receivable, net (Note (6)(c) and (7))	17,196,218	32	11,470,512	26	2200		Other payables (Note (7))		4,002,881	8	3,288,347	8
1200	Other receivables, net (Note (6)(d))	404,467	1	49,423	-	2230		Current tax liabilities		484,781	1	542,458	1
1310	Inventories net (Note (6)(e))	6,134,702	12	4,235,908	10	2280		Current lease liabilities (Note (6)(k))		13,068	-	12,834	-
1479	Other current assets	550,301	1	167,873	-	2322		Long-term borrowings, current portion (Note (6)(i))		1,309,368	2	89,657	-
		33,674,913	63	26,579,957	61	2399		Other current liabilities		217,718	-	103,632	-
										23,073,079	43	15,760,024	36
Non-Current Assets:								Non-Current liabilities:					
1510	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note(6)(j))	5,504	-	-	-			Non-current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		-	-	23,564	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Note (6)(f))	16,654,509	31	14,679,878	34	2500		(Note (6)(j))					
1755	Right-of-use assets (Note (6)(g))	1,509,821	3	609,176	1			Bonds payable (Note (6)(j))		930,543	2	3,302,140	8
1780	Intangible assets	712,271	1	744,784	2	2530		Long-term borrowings (Note (6)(i))		1,178,524	2	916,132	2
1840	Deferred tax assets (Note (6)(n))	297,588	1	192,172	1	2540		Deferred tax liabilities (Note (6)(n))		664,782	1	519,997	1
1900	Other non-current assets	462,207	1	464,196	1	2570		Non-current lease liabilities (Note (6)(k))		297,614	1	310,732	1
1920	Guarantee deposits paid (Note (8))	68,612	-	69,482	-	2580		Other non-current liabilities (Note (6)(l))		472,594	1	475,334	1
1975	Net defined benefit asset, non-current (Note (6)(m))	41,202	-	42,842	-	2600				3,544,057	7	5,547,899	13
		19,751,714	37	16,802,530	39			Total liabilities		26,617,136	50	21,307,923	49
								Equity attributable to owners of parent (Note (6)(o)):					
						3100		Capital stock		3,431,793	6	3,329,183	7
						3200		Capital surplus		4,361,746	8	2,076,279	5
								Retained earnings:					
						3310		Legal reserve		3,462,000	6	2,953,134	7
						3320		Special reserve		549,290	1	903,909	2
						3350		Unappropriated retained earnings		15,863,815	30	13,361,349	31
						3400		Other equity interest		(859,153)	(1)	(549,290)	(1)
								Total equity		26,809,491	50	22,074,564	51
Total assets		\$ 53,426,627	100	43,382,487	100			Total liabilities and equity	\$	53,426,627	100	43,382,487	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)
ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2023		2022	
		<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>
4000	Operating revenue (Note (6)(q) and (7))	\$ 41,296,217	100	38,672,549	100
5000	Operating costs (Note (6)(e) and (7))	(29,963,502)	(73)	(28,962,487)	(75)
	Gross profit from operations	<u>11,332,715</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>9,710,062</u>	<u>25</u>
	Operating expenses:				
6100	Total selling expenses (Note (7))	(1,231,758)	(3)	(1,227,895)	(3)
6200	Total administrative expenses	(1,485,529)	(3)	(1,303,681)	(3)
6300	Total research and development expenses	(1,267,161)	(3)	(953,132)	(3)
6450	Expect credit loss (Note (6)(c))	(2,276)	-	(107)	-
	Total operating expenses	<u>(3,986,724)</u>	<u>(9)</u>	<u>(3,484,815)</u>	<u>(9)</u>
	Net operating income	<u>7,345,991</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>6,225,247</u>	<u>16</u>
	Non-operating income and expenses (Note (6)(s)):				
7100	Total interest income	120,681	-	62,410	-
7020	Other gains and losses, net(Note(7))	271,497	-	192,521	-
7050	Finance costs, net	(318,621)	-	(184,123)	-
	Total non-operating income and expenses	<u>73,557</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>70,808</u>	<u>-</u>
7900	Profit from continuing operations before tax	7,419,548	18	6,296,055	16
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (Note (6)(n))	<u>(1,931,239)</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>(1,219,815)</u>	<u>(3)</u>
8200	Profit	<u>5,488,309</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>5,076,240</u>	<u>13</u>
	Other comprehensive income:				
8310	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(2,238)	-	19,737	-
8316	Unrealized losses from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	(22,173)	-
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	448	-	(3,947)	-
	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	<u>(1,790)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,383)</u>	<u>-</u>
8360	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	(387,329)	-	471,646	1
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	77,466	-	(94,198)	-
	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	<u>(309,863)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>377,448</u>	<u>1</u>
	Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	<u>(311,653)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>371,065</u>	<u>1</u>
8500	Total comprehensive income	\$ <u>5,176,656</u>	<u>13</u>	\$ <u>5,447,305</u>	<u>14</u>
	Loss attributable to:				
8610	Owners of the parent company	\$ 5,488,309	13	5,072,874	13
8620	Non-controlling interests	-	-	3,366	-
		\$ <u>5,488,309</u>	<u>13</u>	\$ <u>5,076,240</u>	<u>13</u>
	Comprehensive income attributable to:				
8710	Owners of the parent company	\$ 5,176,656	13	5,443,283	14
8720	Non-controlling interests	-	-	4,022	-
		\$ <u>5,176,656</u>	<u>13</u>	\$ <u>5,447,305</u>	<u>14</u>
	Earnings per share (Note (6)(p))				
9750	Basic earnings per share (dollars)	\$ <u>16.35</u>		<u>15.24</u>	
9850	Diluted earnings per share (dollars)	\$ <u>15.75</u>		<u>14.86</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
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	Equity attributable to owners of parent					Total other equity interest				
	Share capital		Retained earnings			Exchange Differences on Translation of Foreign Statements	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total Equity Attributable to Owners of Parent	Non-controlling Interests	Total equity
	Ordinary Shares	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Retained Earnings					
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 3,329,183	1,868,661	2,403,968	756,891	12,298,052	(888,136)	(15,773)	19,752,846	21,041	19,773,887
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	5,072,874	-	-	5,072,874	3,366	5,076,240
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	15,790	376,792	(22,173)	370,409	656	371,065
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	5,088,664	376,792	(22,173)	5,443,283	4,022	5,447,305
Earnings distribution:										
Legal reserve	-	-	549,166	-	(549,166)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve reversal	-	-	-	147,018	(147,018)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends on ordinary share	-	-	-	-	(3,329,183)	-	-	(3,329,183)	-	(3,329,183)
Equity component of convertible bonds issued by the Company - arise from stock option	-	207,618	-	-	-	-	-	207,618	-	207,618
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25,063)	(25,063)
Balance at December 31, 2022	3,329,183	2,076,279	2,953,134	903,909	13,361,349	(511,344)	(37,946)	22,074,564	-	22,074,564
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	5,488,309	-	-	5,488,309	-	5,488,309
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	(1,790)	(309,863)	-	(311,653)	-	(311,653)
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	5,486,519	(309,863)	-	5,176,656	-	5,176,656
Earnings distribution:										
Legal reserve	-	-	508,866	-	(508,866)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends on ordinary share	-	-	-	-	(2,829,806)	-	-	(2,829,806)	-	(2,829,806)
Reversal of special reserve	-	-	-	(354,619)	354,619	-	-	-	-	-
Conversion of convertible bonds	102,610	2,285,467	-	-	-	-	-	2,388,077	-	2,388,077
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 3,431,793	4,361,746	3,462,000	549,290	15,863,815	(821,207)	(37,946)	26,809,491	-	26,809,491

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022
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	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:		
Profit before tax	\$ 7,419,548	6,296,055
Adjustments:		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):		
Depreciation expense	1,254,029	730,251
Amortization expense	48,198	44,232
Expected credit loss(gain)	2,276	107
Net loss (profit) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(42,290)	13,861
Interest expense	288,919	159,629
Interest income	(120,681)	(62,410)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,619	699
Amortized discounted corporate bonds payable-interest expense	29,702	24,494
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	<u>1,461,772</u>	<u>910,863</u>
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Changes in operating assets:		
Notes receivable	80,667	(65,691)
Accounts receivable	(5,962,215)	1,842,422
Other receivable	419	70,498
Inventories	(2,246,541)	1,304,734
Other current assets	(413,303)	221,208
Other operating assets	(24,966)	168,524
Total changes in operating assets	<u>(8,565,939)</u>	<u>3,541,695</u>
Changes in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable	4,109,018	(1,728,200)
Other payable	356,477	63,042
Other current liabilities	134,983	(72,177)
Net defined benefit liability	(598)	(8,486)
Other non-current liabilities	8,287	35,002
Total changes in operating liabilities	<u>4,608,167</u>	<u>(1,710,819)</u>
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	<u>(3,957,772)</u>	<u>1,830,876</u>
Total adjustments	<u>(2,496,000)</u>	<u>2,741,739</u>
Cash inflow generated from operations	4,923,548	9,037,794
Interest received	114,558	69,824
Interest paid	(289,799)	(148,044)
Income taxes paid	(1,858,580)	(1,461,366)
Net cash flows from operating activities	<u>2,889,727</u>	<u>7,498,208</u>
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	(20,670)
Net cash flow from acquisition of subsidiaries (deduction of cash received)	-	(24,741)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(3,280,945)	(6,492,914)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	619	-
Decrease in other receivables	188,000	-
Acquisition of intangible assets	(16,622)	(50,858)
Acquisition of right-of-use assets	(947,936)	-
Increase in refundable deposits	(139)	(6,412)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	<u>(4,057,023)</u>	<u>(6,595,595)</u>
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:		
Increase in short-term borrowings	1,441,316	2,574,933
Decrease in short-term notes payable	-	(200,000)
Proceeds from issuing bonds	-	3,499,953
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	1,949,888	1,114,834
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(437,393)	(957,956)
Increase in guarantee deposits received	(2,370)	1,313
Payment of lease liabilities	(12,995)	(12,459)
Cash dividends paid	(2,829,806)	(3,333,150)
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	<u>108,640</u>	<u>2,687,468</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(126,081)	211,468
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,184,737)	3,801,549
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	10,443,618	6,642,069
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 9,258,881</u>	<u>10,443,618</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(1) Organization and Business

ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD. (the "Company") was incorporated on March 24, 1992 as a company limited by shares under the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). The main operating activities are the manufacturing and selling of copper clad laminates, electronic-industrial specialty chemical and raw materials, work-in-process, and finished goods of electronic components. The manufacturing and selling of printed circuit board is the main source of sales revenue.

The Company's common shares were traded on the Taipei Exchange (TPEx) on December 26, 1996, and its shares were publicly listed and traded on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TSE) on November 27, 1998. The Company's registered office is on No.18, Datong 1st Rd., Guanyin Dist., Taoyuan City 328, Taiwan (R.O.C.).

(2) Approval Date and Procedures of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Board of Directors approved and issued the consolidated financial statements on February 29, 2024.

(3) New Standards and Interpretations Adopted:

- (a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. which have already been adopted.

The Group has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from January 1, 2023:

- Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"
- Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"
- Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

The Group has initially adopted the new amendment, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from May 23, 2023:

- Amendments to IAS 12 "International Tax Reform—Pillar Two Model Rules"

- (b) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Group assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2024, would not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"
- Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 "Supplier Finance Arrangements"
- Amendments to IFRS 16 "Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback"

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- (c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The Group does not expect the following new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 “Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture”
- IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts” and amendments to IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”
- Amendments to IAS21 “Lack of Exchangeability”

(4) Summary of material accounting policies

The material accounting policies presented in the consolidated financial statements are summarized follows. The following accounting policies were applied consistently throughout the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

- (a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (hereinafter referred to as “the Regulations”) and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C..

- (b) Basis of preparation

1. Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the following material items in the statement of financial position:

- 1) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss in fair value measurement;
- 2) The net defined benefit liabilities (or assets) is recognized as the fair value of plan assets, net of aggregation of the present value of the defined benefit obligation, with a limit based on a defined benefit assets as disclosed in Note 4(q).

2. Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each Group entity is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Taiwan Dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

- (c) Basis of consolidation

1. Principle of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and its subsidiaries. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

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The financial statements of the subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in a subsidiary are allocated to non-controlling interests even if doing so causes the non-controlling interests to have a deficit balance.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any differences between the Group's share of net assets before and after the change, and any considerations received or paid, are adjusted to or against the Group reserves.

2. List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding		Note
			2023.12.31	2022.12.31	
The Company	EMC OVERSEAS HOLDING INCORPORATED	Investment business	100.00 %	100.00 %	Established in British Virgin Islands in July 1996. As of December 31, 2023, the authorized issued capital of the Company was USD 36,257 thousand.
The Company	Grand Wuhan Incorporated	Investment business	100.00 %	100.00 %	Established in Cayman Islands in January 2018. As of December 31, 2023, the authorized issued capital of the Company was USD 20,020 thousand.
The Company	EMC INTERNATIONAL HOLDING INCORPORATED	Investment business	100.00 %	100.00 %	Established in Cayman Islands in July 2020. As of December 31, 2023, the paid-in capital of the Company was USD 27,042 thousand.
EMC OVERSEAS HOLDING INCORPORATED	Grand Zhuhai Incorporated	Investment business	100.00 %	100.00 %	Established in Cayman Islands in April 2004. As of December 31, 2023, the authorized issued capital of the Company was USD 34,618 thousand.
Grand Zhuhai Incorporated	Grand Shanghai Incorporated	Investment business	100.00 %	100.00 %	Established in British virgin Islands in May 1997. As of December 31, 2023, the authorized issued capital of the Company was USD 18,200 thousand.

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Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding		Note
			2023.12.31	2022.12.31	
Grand Zhuhai Incorporated	Grand Zhongshan Incorporated	Investment business	100.00 %	100.00 %	Established in British virgin Islands in 2004. As of December 31, 2023, the authorized issued capital of the Company was USD 16,437 thousand.
Grand Shanghai Incorporated	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Copper clad laminate and prepreg business	60.74 % (Note 2)	100.00 %	Established in Kunshan Economic and Technological Development Zone, Jiangsu, Mainland China in September 1997. As of December 31, 2023, the authorized issued capital of the Company was USD 104,046 thousand. (Note1) (Note 2)
Grand Zhongshan Incorporated	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Copper clad laminate and prepreg business	- % (Note 2)	100.00 %	Established in Zhongshan Torch Development Zone, Guangdong province, Mainland China in July 2004. As of December 31, 2023, the authorized issued capital of the Company was CNY 802,500 thousand.
Grand Zhongshan Incorporated	Elite Electronic Material (kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Copper clad laminate and prepreg business	39.26 % (Note 2)	- %	Established in Kunshan Economic and Technological Development Zone, Jiangsu, Mainland China in September 1997. As of December 31, 2023, the authorized issued capital of the Company was USD 104,046 thousand.
Elite Electronic Material (kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Copper clad laminate and prepreg business	100.00 % (Note 2)	- %	Established in Zhongshan Torch Development Zone, Guangdong province, Mainland China in July 2004. As of December 31, 2023, the authorized issued capital of the Company was CNY 820,500 thousand.

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Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding		Note
			2023.12.31	2022.12.31	
Elite Electronic Material (kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Copper clad laminate and prepreg business	100.00 % (Note 3)	-	% Established in Huangshi Economic and Technological Development Zone, Hubei, Mainland China in March 2018. As of December 31, 2023, the authorized issued capital of the Company was CNY 131,763 thousand.
Elite Electronic Material (kunshan) Co., Ltd.	ELITE MATERIAL (PENANG) SDN. BHD.	Copper clad laminate and prepreg business	100.00 %	-	% 100% invested by Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. in December 2023. As of December 31 2023, the paid-in capital of the Company was MYR 45,382 thousand.
Grand Wuhan Incorporated	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Copper clod laminate and prepreg business	- % (Note 3)	100.00 %	% Established in Huangshi Economic and Technological Development Zone, Hubei, Mainland China in March 2018. As of December 31, 2023, the authorized issued capital of the Company was CNY 131,763 thousand.
EMC INTERNATIONAL HOLDING INCORPORATED	EMC SPECIAL APPLICATION INCORPORATED	Investment business	100.00 %	100.00 %	% Established in Cayman Islands in August 2020.As of December 31,2023, where the investment of equity capital taken place in December 2022, the paid-in capital of the Company was USD26,255 thousand.
EMC INTERNATIONAL HOLDING INCORPORATED	EMC USA HOLDING INCORPORATED	Investment business	100.00 %	100.00 %	% 100% invested by EMC INTERNATIONAL HOLDING INCORPORATED in December 2021.As of December 31 2022, the paid-in capital of the Company was USD 732 thousand.
EMC SPECIAL APPLICATION INCORPORATED	EMD SPECIALTY MATERIALS, LLC	Investment business	100.00 %	100.00 %	% 100% invested by EMC SPECIAL APPLICATION INCORPORATED in December 2020.

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Note 1: Grand Zhongshan Incorporated was approved by the Department of Investment Review on March 1, 2023, and began its investment in Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd. in the second quarter of 2023. As of 2021, the dividends amounted to CNY 915,000 (USD 127,248), with CNY178,661 (USD 24,846) allocated as paid-in capital and the remaining CNY 736,339 (USD 102,402) recorded as capital surplus. The investment was made to increase the capital of Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.

Note 2: Grand Zhongshan Incorporated was approved by the Department of Investment Review on March 1, 2023, and in the second quarter of 2023, acquired 100% equity of Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.,. The investment, for CNY 115,051 (USD 16,000) as paid-in capital and the remaining CNY 615,375 (USD 90,290) was transferred to Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.as capital surplus, in exchange for which 39.26% equity of Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. was acquired.

Note 3: Grand Zhongshan Incorporated was approved by the Department of Investment Review on March 1, 2023, and in the second quarter of 2023, transferred 100% equity of Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd., a mainland investment, to Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. for CNY 162,599 (USD 23,088).

3. List of subsidiaries which are not included in the consolidated interim financial statements: None.

(d) Foreign Currency

1. Foreign currency transaction

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of Group entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Nonmonetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for those differences relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

An investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income; a financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective; or qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.

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2. Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the presentation currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

When the Group disposes of any part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interest. When the Group disposes of only part of investment in an associate of a joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

When the settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely in the foreseeable future, Exchange differences arising from such items are considered to form part of a net investment in the foreign operation and are recognized in other comprehensive income, and presented in the translation reserve in equity.

(e) Assets and liabilities classified as current and non-current

An asset is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current.

1. It is expected to be realized, or intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal operating cycle;
2. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
3. It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
4. The asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in IAS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

A liability is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

An entity shall classify a liability as current when:

1. It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
2. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
3. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
4. The Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by issuing equity instruments do not affect its classification.

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(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits which meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes should be recognized as cash equivalents.

(g) Financial instruments

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

1. Financial assets

The Acquisition or sale of financial assets is in accordance with the customary transactions, and the Group classifies as financial assets for external purposes, and all acquisition and sales are uniformly accounted for on the transaction date or settlement date.

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) – financial assets or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

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2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Group's right to receive payment is established.

3) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, amortized costs, notes and accounts receivable, leases receivable, other receivable, guarantee deposit paid and other financial assets), debt investments measured at FVOCI and contract assets.

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss (ECL), except for the following which are measured as 12-month ECL:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

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When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls. The difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. ECL are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial assets is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;
- the lender of the borrow, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income instead of reducing the carrying amount of the asset. The Group recognizes the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) in profit or loss, as an impairment gain or loss.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off either partially or in full to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. For corporate customers, the Group individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

4) Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights of the cash inflow from the assets are terminated, or when the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets.

If the Group enters into a transaction for the transfer of financial assets, all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of retaining ownership of the transferred assets will continue to be recognized on the balance sheet.

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2. Financial liabilities and equity instruments

1) Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

2) Equity instrument

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued are recognized as the amount of consideration received, less the direct cost of issuing.

3) Compound financial instrument

Compound financial instruments issued by the Group comprise convertible bonds denominated in NTD that can be converted to ordinary shares at the option of the holder, when the number of shares to be issued is fixed and does not vary with changes in fair value.

The liability component of compound financial instruments is initially recognized at the fair value of a similar liability that does not have an equity conversion option. The equity component is initially recognized at the difference between the fair value of the compound financial instrument as a whole and the fair value of the liability component. Any directly attributable transaction costs are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to their initial carrying amounts.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the liability component of a compound financial instrument is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The equity component of a compound financial instrument is not remeasured.

Interest related to the financial liability is recognized in profit or loss.

On conversion at maturity, the financial liability is reclassified to equity and no gain or loss is recognized.

4) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

5) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

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On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

(h) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories is calculated using the weighted average method, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

(i) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over their financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition, less any accumulated impairment losses.

The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those associates after adjustments to align their accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date on which significant influence commences until the date on which significant influence ceases. The Group recognizes any changes of its proportionate share in the investee within capital surplus, when an associate's equity changes due to reasons other than profit and loss or comprehensive income, which did not result in changes in actual significant influence.

Gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and an associate are recognized only to the extent of unrelated Group's interests in the associate.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interests in an associate, it discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. After the recognized interest is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

(j) Property, plant, and equipment

1. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

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2. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

3. Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

1) Buildings	2 years~41 years
2) Machineries	2 years~14 years
3) Miscellaneous equipment	1 years~14 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(k) Lease

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

(i) As a lessee

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

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Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change in the lease term resulting from a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an option to purchase the underlying asset, or
- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a extension or termination option; or
- there is any lease modifications

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment and lease liabilities as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases. The Group recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

From January 1, 2021, when the basis for determining future lease payments changes as required by interest rate benchmark reform, the Group will remeasure the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments using the revised discount rate that reflects the change to an alternative benchmark interest rate.

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(l) Intangible assets

1. Recognition and measurement

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is measured at cost, less accumulated impairment losses.

Other intangible assets, that are acquired by the Group and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

2. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

3. Amortization

Amortization is calculated over the cost of the asset, less its residual value, and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use.

The estimated useful lives for current and comparative periods are as follows:

1) Softwares	1 years~ 10 years
2) Loyalties	9 years
3) Customer relationships	13 years
4) Trademarks	15 years

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(m) Impairment – non financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets and investment properties and biological assets, measured at fair value, less costs) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

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An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

(n) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance cost.

The provision of sales discounts from defective products is recognized when selling. The provision is estimated and measured on related probabilities of historical experience data and all possible results.

(o) Revenue

1. Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Group recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer. The accounting policies for the Group's main types of revenue are explained below.

1) Sale of goods-electronic components

The Group manufactures and sells electronic components to computer manufacturers. The Group recognizes revenue when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The Group's obligation to provide a refund for faulty products is recognized at the time of sale. Accumulated experience is used to estimate such returns. The amount estimated is recognized as a provision for warranty at reporting date.

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Group has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

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(p) Government grants

The Group recognizes an unconditional government grant related to factory relocation of Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. in profit or loss as other income when the grant becomes receivable. Other government grants related to assets are initially recognized as deferred income at fair value if there is reasonable assurance that they will be received, and the Group will comply with the conditions associated with the grant; they are then recognized in deduction of depreciation on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses or losses incurred are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the periods in which the expenses or losses are recognized.

(q) Employee benefits

1. Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to the defined contribution pension plans are recognized as employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by the employees. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

2. Defined benefit plans

The Group's net obligation with respect to the defined benefit pension plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of the future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value.

The calculation is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a benefit to the Group, the recognized asset is limited to the total of the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings within equity. The Group determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

3. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

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A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profit-sharing plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(r) Income taxes

Income tax expenses include both current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes shall be recognized in profit or loss.

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases. Deferred taxes are recognized except for the following:

1. temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profits (losses);
2. temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
3. taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

A deferred tax asset should be recognized for the carry-forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences shall also be re-evaluated every year on the financial reporting date, and adjusted based on the probability that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities may be offset against each other if the following criteria are met:

1. the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
2. the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - 1) the same taxable entity; or

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- 2) different taxable entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

(s) **Business combination**

The Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method. The goodwill arising from an acquisition is measured as the excess of (i) the consideration transferred (which is generally measured at fair value) and (ii) the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree, both over the identifiable net assets acquired at the acquisition date. If the amount calculated above is a deficit balance, the Group recognized that amount as a gain on a bargain purchase in profit or loss immediately after reassessing whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed.

All acquisition-related transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except for the issuance of debt or equity instruments.

(t) **Earnings per share**

The Group discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company. The basic earnings per share are calculated as the profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares, such as convertible bonds.

(u) **Operating segments**

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may incur revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Group). Operating results of the operating segment are regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance. Each operating segment consists of standalone financial information.

(5) Major Sources of Accounting Assumptions, Judgments and Estimation Uncertainty

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The management continues to monitor the accounting estimates and assumptions. The management recognizes any changes in accounting estimates during the period and the impact of those changes in accounting estimates in the following period.

Accounting policies involve significant judgments and do not have a material impact on the amounts recognized in this consolidated financial report.

Information about judgments made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is as follows:

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(a) Valuation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Group estimates the net realizable value of inventories for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of the reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions as to future demand within a specific time horizon. Due to the rapid industrial transformation, there may be significant changes in the net realizable value of inventories. Refer to note (6)(e) for further description of the valuation of inventories.

(6) Summary of Major Accounts

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Cash on hand	\$ 577	522
Savings accounts	6,643,754	8,643,269
Time deposits	982,152	254,714
Cash equivalents	<u>1,632,398</u>	<u>1,545,113</u>
Cash and cash equivalents shown in the consolidated statement of cash flows	<u>\$ 9,258,881</u>	<u>10,443,618</u>

Please refer to Note (6)(t) for the interest analysis of financial assets and liabilities.

(b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and investment using the equity method

The Group holds preferred shares of Technica USA and Proud Star International Limited as long-term strategic investments, which are classified as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the fair value of these investments was zero.

The Group holds common shares of Technica USA, with an original investment cost of \$18,624 thousand, and accounts for the investment using the equity method. The merged company recognized an investment loss in the fiscal year 2021, resulting in a carrying amount of zero.

The Group did not dispose of its strategic investments in fiscal year 2023 and fiscal year 2022, and during that period, the accumulated profits and losses were not transferred within equity. Please refer to Note (6)(t) for details on the fair value changes in fiscal year 2023 and fiscal year 2022.

1. Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income

The purpose that the Group invests in the abovementioned equity securities is for long-term strategies, but rather for trading purpose. Therefore, these equity securities are designated as at FVOCI.

2. The Group's information of credit risk and market risk please refer to Note (6)(t).

3. The above financial assets did not have any long loans and financing facilities guarantee.

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(c) Notes and accounts receivable

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Note receivables from operating activities	\$ 130,753	213,032
Accounts receivables-measured as amortized cost	17,201,164	11,475,143
Less: Loss allowance	<u>(5,355)</u>	<u>(5,040)</u>
	<u>\$ 17,326,562</u>	<u>11,683,135</u>

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due, as well as incorporated forward looking information, including macroeconomic and relevant industry information. The loss allowance provision in Taiwan were determined as follows:

	2023.12.31		
	Gross carrying amount	Weighted-average	Loss allowance provision
Current	\$ 17,017,327	0.03%	5,300
1 to 30 days past due	248,731	0.01%	23
31 to 120 days past due	<u>65,859</u>	0.05%	<u>32</u>
	<u>\$ 17,331,917</u>		<u>5,355</u>

	2022.12.31		
	Gross carrying amount	Weighted-average	Loss allowance provision
Current	\$ 11,572,071	0.04%	4,301
1 to 30 days past due	97,689	0.01%	6
31 to 120 days past due	<u>18,415</u>	3.98%	<u>733</u>
	<u>\$ 11,688,175</u>		<u>5,040</u>

The movement in the allowance for notes and trade receivable were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Balance at January 1	\$ 5,040	4,635
Impairment losses recognized	2,276	107
Amounts written off	(1,949)	-
Foreign exchange gains (losses)	<u>(12)</u>	<u>298</u>
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 5,355</u>	<u>5,040</u>

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(d) Other receivables

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Claims receivable	\$ 349,959	-
Other receivables	55,676	49,423
Less: Loss allowance	<u>(1,168)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 404,467</u>	<u>49,423</u>

On January 15, 2023, the Group had a fire accident, refer to Note (6)(s) and Note (10) for further information.

(e) Inventories

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Materials	\$ 3,861,963	2,831,081
Work-in-process	388,873	238,474
Finished goods	<u>1,883,866</u>	<u>1,166,353</u>
	<u>\$ 6,134,702</u>	<u>4,235,908</u>

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the details of operating cost were as follows:

	2023	2022
Cost of goods sold	\$ 30,220,525	29,110,863
Loss on physical inventory	-	680
Loss on disposal of scrap	14,511	1,525
Gains on inventory valuation and obsolescence	(34,926)	68,560
Revenue from sales of scraps	<u>(236,608)</u>	<u>(219,141)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 29,963,502</u>	<u>28,962,487</u>

Gain on inventory valuation and obsolescence are due to factors that previously caused the net realizable value of inventories to be lower than the cost, which were eliminated due to the scrapping and disposal of inventories, resulting in an increase in the net realizable value of inventories, which was recognized as a reduction in operating costs. Losses on inventory valuation and obsolescence are due to obsolescence or out of use of inventories, which result in that the net realizable value being lower than the cost. Therefore, they are classified as operating costs.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's inventories were not pledged as collateral.

On January 15, 2023, due to the fire accident, the Group derecognized its inventories, amounting to \$271,522 thousand, which was report under non-operating income and expenses - other gains and losses, net, refer to Note (6)(s) and Note (10) for further information.

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(f) Property, plant and equipment

The cost and depreciation of the property, plant and equipment of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Machineries</u>	<u>Other equipment</u>	<u>Equipment under installation and construction in progress</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cost:						
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 2,537,243	4,107,905	9,791,703	2,961,423	3,520,330	22,918,604
Additions (including capitalized interest expense)	-	-	-	-	3,667,193	3,667,193
Disposals	-	(143,563)	(594,220)	(66,215)	(105,813)	(909,811)
Reclassification	-	2,359,621	2,561,032	659,192	(5,579,845)	-
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	(88,807)	(159,152)	(46,828)	(29,712)	(324,499)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 2,537,243</u>	<u>6,235,156</u>	<u>11,599,363</u>	<u>3,507,572</u>	<u>1,472,153</u>	<u>25,351,487</u>
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 470,621	2,786,073	7,948,500	2,179,534	2,622,734	16,007,462
Additions (including capitalized interest expense)	2,066,622	-	-	-	4,741,837	6,808,459
Disposals	-	(483)	(59,046)	(7,580)	-	(67,109)
Reclassification	-	1,295,529	1,825,849	762,632	(3,884,010)	-
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	26,786	76,400	26,837	39,769	169,792
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 2,537,243</u>	<u>4,107,905</u>	<u>9,791,703</u>	<u>2,961,423</u>	<u>3,520,330</u>	<u>22,918,604</u>
Depreciation and impairment loss:						
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ -	1,244,293	5,527,029	1,467,404	-	8,238,726
Depreciation for the year	-	250,779	605,536	367,982	-	1,224,297
Disposals	-	(89,627)	(516,141)	(53,438)	-	(659,206)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	(16,912)	(69,095)	(20,832)	-	(106,839)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>1,388,533</u>	<u>5,547,329</u>	<u>1,761,116</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,696,978</u>
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ -	1,098,834	5,173,292	1,266,754	-	7,538,880
Depreciation for the year	-	136,454	372,683	193,805	-	702,942
Disposals	-	(483)	(58,655)	(7,272)	-	(66,410)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	9,488	39,709	14,117	-	63,314
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>1,244,293</u>	<u>5,527,029</u>	<u>1,467,404</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,238,726</u>
Carrying amounts:						
At December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 2,537,243</u>	<u>4,846,623</u>	<u>6,052,034</u>	<u>1,746,456</u>	<u>1,472,153</u>	<u>16,654,509</u>
At January 1, 2022	<u>\$ 470,621</u>	<u>1,687,239</u>	<u>2,775,208</u>	<u>912,780</u>	<u>2,622,734</u>	<u>8,468,582</u>
At December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 2,537,243</u>	<u>2,863,612</u>	<u>4,264,674</u>	<u>1,494,019</u>	<u>3,520,330</u>	<u>14,679,878</u>

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the property, plant and equipment were not pledged as collateral for long-term debt and financing.

Due to operational needs, the Consolidated Company purchased a parcel of industrial land at a total contract price of \$2,160,000 in 2021. As of December 31, 2022, the price had been paid in full, and the transfer was completed on May 20, 2022.

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For the purpose of expanding production capacity and cooperating with the local government's relocation plan, the Group purchased relevant equipment and constructions in progress. Please refer to Note (9)(a).

Please refer to Note (6)(s) for capitalized interest expense.

On January 15, 2023, due to the fire accident, the Group derecognized some of the buildings, equipment and construction in progress, amounting to \$248,367 thousand, which was report under non-operating income and expenses - other gains and losses, net, refer to Note (6)(p) and Note (10) for further information.

(g) Right-of-use assets

Information about leases for which the Group as a lessee is presented below:

	<u>Land</u>	<u>Building and construction</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cost:			
Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$ 362,629	348,903	711,532
Acquisition	947,936	-	947,936
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	<u>(19,036)</u>	<u>(56)</u>	<u>(19,092)</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2023	<u><u>\$ 1,291,529</u></u>	<u><u>348,847</u></u>	<u><u>1,640,376</u></u>
Balance as of January 1, 2022	\$ 357,364	314,479	671,843
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	<u>5,265</u>	<u>34,424</u>	<u>39,689</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2022	<u><u>\$ 362,629</u></u>	<u><u>348,903</u></u>	<u><u>711,532</u></u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses:			
Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$ 62,482	39,874	102,356
Depreciation for the year	9,544	20,188	29,732
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	<u>(1,273)</u>	<u>(260)</u>	<u>(1,533)</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2023	<u><u>\$ 70,753</u></u>	<u><u>59,802</u></u>	<u><u>130,555</u></u>
Balance as of January 1, 2022	\$ 53,684	17,970	71,654
Depreciation for the year	8,016	19,293	27,309
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	<u>782</u>	<u>2,611</u>	<u>3,393</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2022	<u><u>\$ 62,482</u></u>	<u><u>39,874</u></u>	<u><u>102,356</u></u>

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	<u>Land</u>	<u>Building and construction</u>	<u>Total</u>
Carrying amount:			
Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$ <u>1,220,776</u>	<u>289,045</u>	<u>1,509,821</u>
Balance as of January 1, 2022	\$ <u>303,680</u>	<u>296,509</u>	<u>600,189</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2022	\$ <u>300,147</u>	<u>309,029</u>	<u>609,176</u>

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the right-of-use assets were not pledged as collateral for long term debt and financing.

(h) Short-term borrowings

	<u>2023.12.31</u>	<u>2022.12.31</u>
Unsecured bank loans	\$ <u>6,556,651</u>	<u>5,209,815</u>
Unused short-term credit lines	\$ <u>13,288,421</u>	<u>13,206,472</u>
Range of interest rates	<u>1.68%~7.05%</u>	<u>3.00%~5.81%</u>

For the exposure information of the Group's rate foreign currency and liquidity risk, please refer to Note (6)(t).

(i) Long-term borrowings

	<u>2023.12.31</u>	<u>2022.12.31</u>
Unsecured bank loans	\$ 2,487,892	1,005,789
Less: current portion	<u>(1,309,368)</u>	<u>(89,657)</u>
Total	\$ <u>1,178,524</u>	<u>916,132</u>
Unused long-term credit lines	\$ <u>5,345,307</u>	<u>6,021,262</u>
Range of interest rates	<u>1.85%~4.35%</u>	<u>3.60%~4.35%</u>
Due year	<u>113~114</u>	<u>112~114</u>

For the exposure information of the Group's rate foreign currency and liquidity risk, please refer to Note (6)(t).

The Group signed a loan contract with the financial institution. According to the provisions of the contract, the Group's financial statements must maintain specific current ratios, debt ratios, net tangible assets, and interest coverage ratios on the balance sheet date during the loan period.

If such financial ratios breached specific conditions of the loan contract, they shall be improved by means of cash capital increase or other means in accordance with the agreement. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group did not violate any of the financial ratio restrictions.

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(j) Unsecured convertible bonds

The unsecured convertible bonds were summarized as follows:

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Total convertible corporate bonds issued	\$ 3,465,300	3,465,300
Unamortized discounted corporate bonds payable	(35,157)	(163,160)
Cumulative converted amount	(2,499,600)	-
Corporate bonds issued balance at year-end	<u>\$ 930,543</u>	<u>3,302,140</u>
Embedded derivative — call and put options, included in financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss	<u>\$ 5,504</u>	<u>(23,564)</u>
Equity component – conversion options (included in capital surplus – stock options)	<u>\$ 57,858</u>	<u>207,618</u>
	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2023
Embedded derivative instruments-call and put rights, included in financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss	<u>\$ 42,290</u>	<u>(13,861)</u>
Interest expense	<u>\$ 29,702</u>	<u>24,494</u>

The Company issued 5th 5-year unsecured convertible bonds with a coupon rate of 0% on April 25, 2022, with a total amount of NTD 3,465,300 thousand, issued at 101% of the face value. The actual debt amount was NTD 3,499,953 thousand. The maturity date is April 25, 2027, and the bond discount rate is 1.3057%. Thirty days before the 3-year issuance date, the creditor may request the Company to redeem the convertible bonds held by the Company in cash at the denomination of the bond. The conversion price of convertible bonds shall be handled in accordance with the Company's issuance agreement.

1. Repayment date and method:

Except for those that are converted into common shares of the Company in advance, or called-back by the Company or repurchased by bond holders in advance, the principal will be repaid in cash in one lump sum upon maturity.

2. Conversion prices and the adjustments:

The conversion price at the time of issuance is set at NTD 263 per share. In the events of a change in the total number of common shares of the Company, allotment of cash dividends on common shares, a conversion price lower than the current price per share, or reissue of common shares conversion rights, adjustment shall be made. As the Company takes September 1, 2023 and September 2, 2022 as the base date for dividend distribution, according to the provisions of Article 11 of the Company's 5th domestic unsecured convertible corporate bond issuance and conversion methods, the adjustment conversion price is adjusted from NTD 246.8 to NTD 241.8 and NTD 263 to NTD 246.8. This bond does not have reset feature.

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3. The call-back right of the Company for the convertible corporate bonds:

- 1) From the day after the issuance of the convertible corporate bonds for three months to 40 days before the maturity date:

A.If the closing price of the Company's common shares exceeds 30% of the current conversion price for 30 consecutive business days;

B.If the outstanding balance of the convertible corporate bonds converted by the Company per the requests of the bond holders is less than 10% of total initial issue amount;

The Company may delivery a "Notice to call back bonds" due in 30 days through registered mails (the aforesaid period starts from the date when the Company sends the notice, and the expiry date of the period is the base date for bond call back), and send a letter to TPEX for announcement and call back the current convertible corporate bonds in cash at face value within five business days after the bond call back base date which shall not fall within the period in which the conversion of the convertible corporate bonds is suspended.

- 2) The Yield to Call are as follows:

From the day after the issuance of the convertible corporate bonds for three months to 40 days before the maturity date, call back by cash at par value.

- 3) If the bond holders fails to provide a written response to the Company's agency before the bond call-back date stated in the "Notice to call back bonds" (which takes effect when it is served, and the postmark date for registered mail shall be used as the basis for call-back date), the Company will call-back the bonds in cash within five business days after the bond call back date.

4. The bond holders' right of repurchase:

30 days before the 3-year issuance date, the bond holder may request the Company to call-back the convertible bonds held by the Company in cash at par value. The conversion price of convertible bonds shall be handled in accordance with the Company's issuance agreement. The Company accepts the repurchase request and shall call-back the convertible bonds in cash within five business days after the repurchase date.

Please refer to Note (6)(t) for information on exposure to interest rate, foreign currency and liquidity risks of the Company.

(k) Lease liabilities

The Group lease liabilities were as follows:

	<u>2023.12.31</u>	<u>2022.12.31</u>
Current	\$ <u>13,068</u>	<u>12,834</u>
Non-current	\$ <u>297,614</u>	<u>310,732</u>

For the maturities analysis, please refer to Note (6)(t).

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The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Interest on lease liabilities	\$ <u>10,388</u>	<u>10,335</u>
Expenses relating to short-term leases	\$ <u>48,144</u>	<u>40,186</u>

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Group was as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Total cash outflow for leases	\$ <u>71,527</u>	<u>62,980</u>

1. Real estate leases

As of January 1 2021, the Group leases land and buildings for its factory and office space. The leases typically run for a period of 17.5 years. The Group has no option to purchase the assets at the end of the contract term.

2. Other leases

The Group leases machinery and equipment, and transportation equipment with lease terms of one years. These leases are short-term and/or leases of low-value items. The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

(l) Other non-current liabilities

The details of other non-current liabilities for the Group were as follows:

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Advance receipts	\$ 456,318	456,527
Guarantee deposits	<u>16,276</u>	<u>18,807</u>
Total	\$ <u>472,594</u>	<u>475,334</u>

Due to the relocation of the Kunshan Youbi Factory, the consolidated company received an advance payment of \$341,833 and \$347,978 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022. Please refer to Note (9)(b) for details.

(m) Employee benefits

1. Defined benefit plans

The Group determined the movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets as follows:

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Present value of defined benefit obligation	\$ 86,799	88,670
Fair value of plan assets	<u>(128,001)</u>	<u>(131,512)</u>
Net defined benefit liabilities (assets)	\$ <u>(41,202)</u>	<u>(42,842)</u>

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The Group makes defines benefit plan contributions to the pension fund account at Bank of Taiwan that provides pensions for employees upon retirement. The plans (covered by the Labor Standards Law) entitle a retired employee to receive an annual payment based on years or service and average salary for the six months prior to retirement.

1) Composition of plan assets

The Group sets aside pension funds in accordance with the regulations of the Council of Labor Affairs, and the pension funds are managed by the Pension Supervisory Committee. The annual budget for the allocation of the minimum income cannot be lower than the income calculated based on the interest rate of the banks' two-year time deposit in accordance with the Management and Utilization of Labor Pension Funds regulations.

The Group's Bank of Taiwan pension reserve account balance amounted to \$128,001 at the end of the reporting period. The information used to calculate pension fund assets includes the asset allocation and yield of the fund. Please refer to the information published on the website of the Council of Labor Affairs and the Labor Pension Supervisory Committee.

2) Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

The movements in present value of defined benefit obligations for the Group were as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Defined benefit obligation at January 1	\$ 88,670	99,666
Current service costs and interest	1,681	922
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liabilities		
— Actuarial (gains) losses arising from experience adjustments	1,739	(411)
— Actuarial (gains) losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	963	(10,556)
Benefit pay under the plan	(6,254)	(951)
Defined benefit obligation at December 31	<u>\$ 86,799</u>	<u>88,670</u>

3) Movements of defined benefit plan assets

The movements in the present value of the defined benefit plan assets for the Group were as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Fair value of plan assets at January 1	\$ 131,512	114,285
Interest income	2,279	749
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liabilities		
— Return on plan assets (excluding current interest)	464	8,770
Contribution paid by the employer	-	8,659
Benefit paid	(6,254)	(951)
Fair value of plan assets at December 31	<u>\$ 128,001</u>	<u>131,512</u>

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4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in profit or loss for the Group were as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Current service costs	\$ 152	306
Net interest of net defined benefit liabilities	<u>(750)</u>	<u>(133)</u>
	<u><u>\$ (598)</u></u>	<u><u>173</u></u>

5) Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liabilities recognized in other comprehensive income

The Group's remeasurement on the net defined benefit liabilities recognized in other comprehensive income as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Cumulative amount at January 1	\$ 2,021	21,758
Recognized during the period	<u>2,238</u>	<u>(19,737)</u>
Cumulative amount at December 31	<u><u>\$ 4,259</u></u>	<u><u>2,021</u></u>

6) Actuarial assumptions

The following are the Group's principal actuarial assumptions of Present Value of defined benefit obligations:

	<u>2023.12.31</u>	<u>2022.12.31</u>
Discount rate	1.63 %	1.75 %
Future salary increases	2.00 %	2.00 %

The expected allocation payment to be made by the Group to the defined benefit plans for the one-year period after the reporting date is \$0.

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 12.59 years.

7) Sensitivity analysis

When calculating the present value of the defined benefit obligations, the Group uses judgments and estimations to determine the actuarial assumptions, including discount rate and future salary changes, as of the financial statement date. Any changes in the actuarial assumptions may significantly impact the amount of the defined benefit obligations.

If the actuarial assumptions had changed, the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligation shall be as follows:

	<u>Influences of defined benefit obligations</u>	
	<u>Increased</u>	<u>Decreased</u>
December 31, 2023		
Discount rate (Change 0.25%)	\$ (1,910)	1,979
Future salary increasing rate (Change 0.25%)	1,931	(1,873)

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	Influences of defined benefit obligations	
	Increased	Decreased
December 31, 2022		
Discount rate (Change 0.25%)	\$ (2,118)	2,197
Future salary increasing rate (Change 0.25%)	2,146	(2,080)

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions remain constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown above. The method used in the sensitivity analysis is consistent with the calculation of pension liabilities in the balance sheets.

There is no change in the method and assumptions used in the preparation of sensitivity analysis for 2023 and 2022, respectively.

2. Defined contribution plans

The Group set aside 6% of the employees' monthly wages to the Labor Pension personal accounts at the Bureau of the Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act.

The Group set aside a fixed amount to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance without the payment of additional legal or constructive obligations.

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group set aside \$39,617 and \$39,316, respectively, under the pension plan to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd., Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. and Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd. set aside \$68,179, \$71,879, \$27,365 and \$70,375, \$59,311, \$25,084, respectively, under the pension plan to local Regulation.

(n) Income taxes

1. Income tax expense

The amount of income tax was as follows:

	2023	2022
Current income tax expense:		
Current period	\$ 1,816,989	1,683,419
Adjustment for prior periods	(2,372)	(115,266)
	<u>1,814,617</u>	<u>1,568,153</u>
Deferred tax expense:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	116,622	(348,338)
Income tax expense from continuing operations	<u>\$ 1,931,239</u>	<u>1,219,815</u>

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Income tax expense recognized in other comprehensive income:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Remeasurement from defined benefit plans	\$ <u>448</u>	<u>(3,947)</u>
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	\$ <u>77,466</u>	<u>(94,198)</u>

The reconciliation of income tax and profit before tax was as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Profit excluding income tax	\$ <u>7,419,548</u>	<u>6,296,055</u>
Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	\$ 1,483,910	1,259,211
Effect of tax rates in foreign jurisdiction	1,058,777	677,958
Non-deductible expenses	26,843	19,359
Tax incentives	(50,131)	(82,853)
Tax-exempt income	(298,346)	-
Deductible temporary differences	(684,609)	(611,909)
Prior overestimate	(2,372)	(115,266)
Undistributed earnings additional tax	105,231	73,315
Others	<u>291,936</u>	<u>-</u>
Income tax expense	\$ <u>1,931,239</u>	<u>1,219,815</u>

2. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

1) Unrecognized Deferred Tax Liabilities

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. The relevant amounts are as follow:

	<u>2023.12.31</u>	<u>2022.12.31</u>
Consolidated amount of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries	\$ <u>18,479,324</u>	<u>15,056,281</u>
Amounts are not recognized as deferred tax liabilities	\$ <u>3,695,865</u>	<u>3,011,256</u>

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2) Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

Changes in the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities for 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		Unrealized gain on investment income	Defined Benefit Plans	Others	Total	
Deferred Tax Liabilities:						
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$	(512,970)	(7,027)	-	(519,997)	
Debited (Credited) in Income statement		(144,221)	(119)	(893)	(145,233)	
Debited (Credited) in equity		-	448	-	448	
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	<u>(657,191)</u>	<u>(6,698)</u>	<u>(893)</u>	<u>(664,782)</u>	
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	(858,615)	(1,382)	-	(859,997)	
Debited (Credited) in Income statement		345,645	(1,698)	-	343,947	
Debited (Credited) in equity		-	(3,947)	-	(3,947)	
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	<u>(512,970)</u>	<u>(7,027)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(519,997)</u>	
		Current provisions	Allowance for inventory valuation and obsolescence losses	Cumulative translation adjustment	Others	Total
Deferred Tax Assets:						
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$	10,677	24,753	124,139	32,603	192,172
Debited (Credited) in Income statement		16,874	5,782	-	5,955	28,611
Debited (Credited) in equity		-	-	77,466	-	77,466
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(383)	(450)	830	(658)	(661)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	<u>27,168</u>	<u>30,085</u>	<u>202,435</u>	<u>37,900</u>	<u>297,588</u>
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	22,762	16,312	218,337	23,957	281,368
Debited (Credited) in Income statement		(12,329)	8,371	-	8,349	4,391
Debited (Credited) in equity		-	-	(94,198)	-	(94,198)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		244	70	-	297	611
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	<u>10,677</u>	<u>24,753</u>	<u>124,139</u>	<u>32,603</u>	<u>192,172</u>

3. Assessment of tax

The Group's tax returns for the years through 2020 were examined and approved by the Taipei National Tax Administration.

(o) Capital and other equity

1. Issuance of ordinary shares

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the total value of nominal ordinary shares amounted to \$6,000,000. The par value of each share is \$10. In total, there were 343,179 and 332,918 in thousands of ordinary shares, issued. All issued shares were paid up upon issuance.

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On December 31, 2023, the Group issued 1,568 new shares in respect of the exercise of the conversion right by the holders of the convertible company, with a total amount of \$379,200 thousand at par amount, and the statutory registration procedure is in progress.

2. Capital surplus

The balance of additional paid-in capital was as follows:

	<u>2023.12.31</u>	<u>2022.12.31</u>
Share capital	\$ 95,627	95,627
Premium from convertible bonds	4,208,261	1,773,034
Convertible option	<u>57,858</u>	<u>207,618</u>
	<u>\$ 4,361,746</u>	<u>2,076,279</u>

According the R.O.C. company Act, capital reserves can only be reclassified as share capital or be distributed as cash dividends after offsetting against losses. The aforementioned capital reserves include share premiums and donation gains. In accordance with the Securities Offering and Issuance Guidelines, the amount of capital reserves to be reclassified under share capital shall not exceed 10 percent of the actual share capital amount.

3. Retained earnings

The Company's article of incorporation stipulate that Company's net earnings should first be used to offset the prior years' deficits, if any, before paying any income taxes. Of the remaining balance, 10% is to be appropriated as legal reserve, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be distributed according to the distribution plan proposed by the Board of Directors and submitted to the stockholders' meeting for approval. The rest is the same as the undistributed earnings in previous years, and the Board of Directors will formulate a distribution proposal and submit it to the shareholders' meeting for resolution.

To consider the characteristics of industrial growth and improve the Consolidated Company's financial structure, the annual earnings distribution may not be made if the year in which the loss occurs, and the dividend policy will give priority to the Consolidated Company's future development, financial status, and shareholders' remuneration where stock dividends will be distributed in consideration of the Consolidated Company's future capital expenditure budget to retain the required cash. The rest will be distributed to shareholders in the form of cash dividends, provided that the distribution of cash dividends shall not be less than 20% of the total distributed dividends.

The earning distribution shall be appropriated with adding 10%-70% of the distributable earning after accumulating the undistributed earnings in the past after setting aside various reserves.

Dividends and bonuses distributed by the Consolidated Company in whole or in part of the legal reserve and capital surplus are distributed in cash shall be authorized by the Board of Directors meeting attended by more than 2/3 of the Directors with a simple majority of the Directors in session and reported to the General Meeting of Shareholders.

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1) Legal reserve

When there is a surplus in the annual general accounts, the income tax shall be paid first and the past losses shall be compensated, and 10% of the statutory reserve shall be withdrawn in accordance with the law.

2) Special reserve

In accordance with Article 41 of the Securities and Exchange Act, it is necessary to set aside special surplus reserves or retain a portion of earnings as decided by the shareholders' meeting. Special surplus reserves shall be provisioned in accordance with the law. In the event of changes in laws and regulations or the elimination of the reasons for setting aside special surplus reserves due to the application of laws and regulations, they may be reversed and distributed to retained earnings.

3) Earnings distribution

The earnings distribution for 2022 and 2021 was decided by the general meeting of shareholders held on May 31, 2023, and May 26, 2022.

The relevant dividend distribution to shareholders is as follows:

	2022		2021	
	Dividend per Share (TWDS)	Amount	Dividend per Share (TWDS)	Amount
Dividends distributed to common shareholders				
Cash	\$ 8.50	<u>2,829,806</u>	10.00	<u>3,329,183</u>

4. Other equity

	Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations	Losses on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ (511,344)	(37,946)	(549,290)
Exchange difference on translation of foreign financial statements	(309,863)	-	(309,863)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ (821,207)</u>	<u>(37,946)</u>	<u>(859,153)</u>

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	Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations	Losses on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ (888,136)	(15,773)	(903,909)
Exchange difference on translation of foreign financial statements	376,792	-	376,792
Losses on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	(22,173)	(22,173)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ <u><u>(511,344)</u></u>	<u><u>(37,946)</u></u>	<u><u>(549,290)</u></u>

(p) Earnings per share

1. Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share at December 31, 2023 and 2022, were based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding, calculated as follows:

1) Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders

	2023	2022
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	\$ <u><u>5,488,309</u></u>	<u><u>5,072,874</u></u>

2) Weighted-average number of ordinary shares

	2023	2022
Issued ordinary shares at January 1	332,918	332,918
Effect of conversion of convertible notes	2,789	-
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares at December 31	<u><u>335,707</u></u>	<u><u>332,918</u></u>

2. Diluted earnings per share

The calculation of diluted earnings per share at December 31, 2023 and 2022, were based on profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, calculated as follows.

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1) Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (diluted)

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (basic)	\$ 5,488,309	5,072,874
Effect of interest expense and other gains or losses on convertible bonds	<u>(10,071)</u>	<u>30,684</u>
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (diluted)	<u>\$ 5,478,238</u>	<u>5,103,558</u>

2) Weighted-average number of ordinary shares (diluted)

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares (basic)	335,707	332,918
Effect of conversion of convertible bonds	11,466	9,361
Effect of employee share bonus	<u>638</u>	<u>1,111</u>
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares (diluted) at December 31	<u>347,811</u>	<u>343,390</u>

For calculation of the dilutive effect of the stock option, the average market value is assessed based on the quoted market price where the Company's option is outstanding.

3. Earnings per share were as follow:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 16.35</u>	<u>15.24</u>
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 15.75</u>	<u>14.86</u>

(q) Revenue from contracts with customers

1. Disaggregation of revenue

	<u>2023</u>			
	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Foreign</u>	<u>Adjustment and Elimination</u>	<u>Total</u>
Primary geographical markets:				
Taiwan	\$ 6,550,605	1,009,408	(829,430)	6,730,583
China	1,558,289	36,124,766	(6,786,855)	30,896,200
Others countries	<u>2,554,907</u>	<u>1,190,294</u>	<u>(75,767)</u>	<u>3,669,434</u>
	<u>\$ 10,663,801</u>	<u>38,324,468</u>	<u>(7,692,052)</u>	<u>41,296,217</u>

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		2023		
		Domestic	Foreign	Adjustment and Elimination
				Total
Major products:				
Prepreg	\$	3,926,917	16,175,213	(2,616,598)
Capper clad laminate		4,794,821	21,925,099	(3,411,878)
Mass lam foundry		398,399	-	-
Others		1,543,664	224,156	(1,663,576)
	\$	<u>10,663,801</u>	<u>38,324,468</u>	<u>(7,692,052)</u>
				<u>41,296,217</u>
		2022		
		Domestic	Foreign	Adjustment and Elimination
				Total
Primary geographical markets:				
Taiwan	\$	5,810,944	149,393	(63,791)
China		1,113,792	34,637,238	(6,152,835)
Others		2,277,959	976,754	(76,905)
	\$	<u>9,202,695</u>	<u>35,763,385</u>	<u>(6,293,531)</u>
				<u>38,672,549</u>
Major products:				
Prepreg	\$	3,892,850	14,668,235	(2,113,840)
Capper clad laminate		3,770,362	20,791,180	(2,996,174)
Mass lam foundry		574,143	-	-
Others		965,340	303,970	(1,183,517)
	\$	<u>9,202,695</u>	<u>35,763,385</u>	<u>(6,293,531)</u>
				<u>38,672,549</u>

(r) Rewards of employees, directors and supervisors

In accordance with the Company's article, which was approved by the shareholders, the Company shall assign 3% as rewards to employees, and less than 1.2% as rewards to directors and supervisors, if there are earnings during the year. However, the Company has to retain the amount while there are accumulated loss.

The employees mentioned before include the employees in the subsidiaries who meet the specific conditions.

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For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, rewards of employees of \$190,947 and \$172,916, and directors of \$0 and \$0, respectively, were estimated and recognized as current expense. These amounts were calculated using the Company's profit before tax before rewards of employees and directors for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and using the earnings allocation method which was stated under the Company's article. These rewards were charged to profit or loss under operating costs or operating expenses for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Related information of distributions of remuneration to employees and directors can be accessed from the Market Observation Post System on the website.

There is no difference between the rewards of employees and directors that was decided by the Board of Directors and the financial report's estimated amounts in 2023 and 2022.

(s) Non-operating income and expenses

1. Interest income

The details of interest income were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ <u><u>120,681</u></u>	<u><u>62,410</u></u>

2. Other gains and losses, net

The details of other gains and losses were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Foreign currency exchange gain (loss), net	70,715	57,610
Gains (losses) on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	42,290	(13,861)
Disposal loss on property, plant and equipment	(1,619)	(699)
Catastrophic losses	(537,959)	-
Claims income	537,959	-
Expect credit loss	(1,168)	-
Other profits	<u>161,279</u>	<u>149,471</u>
	\$ <u><u>271,497</u></u>	<u><u>192,521</u></u>

Catastrophic losses and claims income, please refer to Note (10).

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3. Finance costs

The details of finance cost were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Interest expense	\$ 358,838	195,696
Less: Capitalized interest expense	(40,217)	(11,573)
	<u>\$ 318,621</u>	<u>184,123</u>

(t) Financial instruments

1. Credit risk

1) Credit risks exposure

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum exposure to credit risk.

2. Liquidity risk

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities of the Group, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting arrangements:

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	More than 2 years
Balance at December 31, 2023						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Unsecured bank loans	\$ 9,044,543	9,224,073	6,171,752	1,866,430	1,185,891	-
Bonds payable	930,543	965,700	-	-	-	965,700
Accounts payable	10,488,612	10,488,612	10,488,612	-	-	-
Other payables	4,002,881	4,002,881	4,002,881	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	310,682	394,457	11,314	11,597	23,484	348,062
	<u>\$ 24,777,261</u>	<u>25,075,723</u>	<u>20,674,559</u>	<u>1,878,027</u>	<u>1,209,375</u>	<u>1,313,762</u>
Balance at December 31, 2022						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Unsecured bank loans	\$ 6,215,604	6,359,104	3,109,303	2,307,343	460,988	481,470
Accounts payable	6,513,281	6,513,281	6,513,281	-	-	-
Other payable	3,288,347	3,288,347	3,288,347	-	-	-
Bonds payable	3,302,140	3,465,300	-	-	-	3,465,300
Lease liabilities	323,566	417,615	11,777	11,316	22,915	371,607
	<u>\$ 19,642,938</u>	<u>20,043,647</u>	<u>12,922,708</u>	<u>2,318,659</u>	<u>483,903</u>	<u>4,318,377</u>

The Group does not expect that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier or in significantly different amounts.

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3. Currency risk

1) Currency risk exposure

The Group's significant exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows:

2023.12.31					
		Foreign currency (In thousand)	Exchange rate		Functional currency
<u>Financial assets</u>					
<u>Monetary items</u>					
USD	\$	119,788	USD : TWD	30.7050	3,678,102
		93,700	USD : CNY	7.0961	2,877,071
		1,701	USD : MYR	4.6034	52,232
<u>Financial Liabilities</u>					
<u>Monetary items</u>					
USD		82,483	USD : TWD	30.7050	2,532,631
		130,398	USD : CNY	7.0961	4,003,868
2022.12.31					
		Foreign currency (In thousand)	Exchange rate		Functional currency
<u>Financial assets</u>					
<u>Monetary items</u>					
USD	\$	83,297	USD : TWD	30.7100	2,558,051
		71,930	USD : CNY	6.9669	2,208,977
<u>Financial Liabilities</u>					
<u>Monetary items</u>					
USD		41,085	USD : TWD	30.7100	1,261,732
		88,327	USD : CNY	6.9669	2,712,532

2) Sensitivity analysis

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, bank loans, accounts payable and other payable that are denominated in foreign currency.

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A 1% appreciation or depreciation of the TWD against the USD as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, would have increased or decreased net income by \$681 and \$6,384, respectively. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

3) Foreign exchange gain and loss on monetary items

Due to the variety of functional currency, the group disclosed the foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items aggregately. The foreign currency gain (loss) (include realized and unrealized) were \$70,715 and \$57,610 in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

4. Interest analysis

The interest rate exposure of the Group's financial assets and liabilities is described on liquidity risk management.

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the exposure to interest rate risk of the financial assets and liabilities on the reporting date.

For variable rate instruments, the sensitivity analysis assumes the variable rate liabilities are outstanding for the whole year on the reporting date. The Group's internal management reported the increases or decreases in the interest rates and the exposure to changes in interest rates of 0.5% is considered by management to be a reasonable change of interest rate.

If the interest rate increases or decreases by 0.5%, the Group's net income will decrease /increase by \$21,780 and \$18,863 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, assuming all other variable factors remain constant. This is mainly due to the Group's variable rate borrowing and the financial assets evaluation of risk-free interest rate changes on corporate bonds.

5. Fair value

1) The kinds of financial instruments and fair value

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is measured on a recurring basis. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities were as follows (including information on fair value hierarchy, but excluding measurements that have similarities to fair value but are not fair value and those fair value cannot be reliably measured or inputs are unobservable in active markets):

		2023.12.31			
		Fair Value			
Book Value		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through profit of loss					
Redemption and repurchase option of bonds	\$	5,504	-	-	5,504

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2023.12.31					
	Book Value	Fair Value			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets measured at amortized cost					
Cash and cash equivalents	9,258,881	-	-	-	-
Notes and accounts receivable	17,326,562	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	404,467	-	-	-	-
Refundable deposits	68,612	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	27,058,522	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 27,064,026	-	-	5,504	5,504
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost					
Short term borrowings	\$ 9,044,543	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	10,488,612	-	-	-	-
Other payable	4,002,881	-	-	-	-
Bonds payable	930,543	-	-	-	-
Guarantee deposits received	16,276	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	310,682	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 24,793,537	-	-	-	-
2022.12.31					
	Book Value	Fair Value			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets measured at amortized cost					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,443,618	-	-	-	-
Notes and accounts receivable	11,683,135	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	49,423	-	-	-	-
Refundable deposits	69,482	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 22,245,658	-	-	-	-

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	2022.12.31				
	Book Value	Fair Value			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss					
Redemption and repurchase option of bonds	\$ 23,564	-	-	23,564	23,564
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost					
Short term borrowings	6,215,604	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	6,513,281	-	-	-	-
Other payable	3,288,347	-	-	-	-
Bonds payable	3,302,140	-	-	-	-
Guarantee deposit received	18,807	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	323,566	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	19,661,745	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 19,685,309</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,564</u>	<u>23,564</u>

2) Valuation techniques for financial instruments measured at fair value

2.1) Non-derivative financial instruments

If a financial instrument is regarded as being quoted in an active market, the fair value is based on the quoted price in the active market. The market price announced by the major exchange and the OTC trading center of the central government bond is the basis to the fair value of listed equity instruments and debt instruments with active market.

A financial instrument is regarded as being quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. If a financial instrument does not meet the above conditions, then it is considered to be without quoted prices in active market. In general, wide bid-ask spreads, significant increase in bid-ask spreads or low trading volume are all indicators of an inactive market.

The fair value of financial instruments held by the Group, if actively traded in a market, is disclosed by category and nature as follows:

The fair value of financial assets, such as stocks of listed (OTC) companies, which have standard terms and conditions and are actively traded in active markets, is determined based on market quotations.

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For financial instruments other than those actively traded in the market, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques or by reference to quoted prices from counterparties. Fair value obtained through valuation techniques may refer to the fair value of other financial instruments with substantially similar terms and characteristics, discounted cash flow methods, or other valuation techniques, including models using market information available at the balance sheet date (such as the OTC reference yield curves, Reuters average quoted commercial paper rates).

The fair value of financial instruments held by the Group, if not actively traded in a market, is disclosed by category and nature as follows:

Equity instruments without quoted prices:

The fair value is estimated using the market comparable companies method, with the main assumption based on the multiplier of equity derived from the estimated pre tax EBITDA of the investee, as well as the quoted market prices of comparable foreign listed (OTC) companies. This estimate has been adjusted for the discount impact of the lack of market liquidity of the equity securities.

2.2) Derivative financial instruments

Valued using widely accepted valuation models by market participants, such as discounted cash flow and option pricing models.

3) Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2

There was no transfer from Level 1 Level 2 in 2023 and 2022.

4) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair values

The change in level 3 at fair value in the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, were as follow:

	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$ -
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$ -
Additions	20,670
Recognized in other comprehensive income	(22,173)
Effect in exchange rates	1,503
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$ -

5) Quantified information on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in fair value measurement

The Group's financial instruments that use Level 3 inputs to measure fair value include "financial asses asset (liabilities) measured at fair value through profit or loss - Embedded derivative - call and put options".

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Most of the Level 3 fair value attributed to the Company has only a single significant unobservable input, and only non listed (non OTC) equity instrument investments have multiple significant unobservable inputs. Significant unobservable inputs of non listed (non OTC) equity instrument investments are independent of each other, so there is no correlation between them.

Quantified information of significant unobservable inputs was as follows:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Valuation technique</u>	<u>Significant unobservable inputs</u>	<u>Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement</u>
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-equity investments without an active market	Discounted Cash Flow	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Weighted Average Cost of Capital · Sustainable growth 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · The higher the weighted average cost of capital, the lower the fair value · The higher the sustainable growth rate, the higher the fair value
Financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss / Embedded derivative financial instruments - Call and put options	Binomial tree convertible bond pricing model	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Volatility (2023.12.31 and 2022.12.31 respectively 43.02% and 42.55%) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · The higher the volatility, the higher the fair value

(u) Financial risk management

1. Overview

The Group have exposures to the following risks from its financial instruments:

- 1) credit risk
- 2) liquidity risk
- 3) market risk

The following likewise discusses the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the above mentioned risks. For more disclosures about the quantitative effects of these risks exposures, please refer to the respective notes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

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2. Structure of risk management

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of structure of risk management. The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Board of Directors of the Group oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of structure of risk management in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The Group Audit Committee is assisted in its oversight role by Internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Board of Directors.

3. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and investment.

1) Accounts receivable and other receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the demographics of the Group's customer base, including the default risk of the industry in which customers operate, as these factors may have an influence on credit risk.

The management has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analyzed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment terms are offered. The Group's review includes external ratings, when available, and in some cases bank references. Credit limits are established for each customer, which represent the maximum open amount without requiring approval from the General Manager's office; these limits are reviewed quarterly. Customers that fail to meet the Group's benchmark creditworthiness may transact with the Group only on a cash basis.

In monitoring customer credit risk, customers are grouped according to their credit characteristics, including whether they are an individual or a legal entity, whether they are a wholesale, retail or end-user customer, geographic location, industry, aging profile, maturity and existence of previous financial difficulties. Customers that are graded as "high risk" are placed on a restricted customer list and monitored by the General Manager's office. If customers default, the Group will stop transactions with those customers or trade on a cash basis.

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The Group established an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables and investments. The main components of this allowance are a specific loss component that relates to individually significant exposures, and a collective loss incurred but not yet identified. The collective loss allowance is determined based on historical data on payment statistics for similar financial assets.

2) Bank deposit

The credit risk exposure in the bank deposits and transaction contract of foreign derivation instruments is measured and monitored by the General Manager's office. The Group only deals with financial institutions; therefore, there are no significant doubts regarding default on the above financial instruments, and as a result, there is no significant credit risk.

4. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group uses activity-based costing to cost its products, which assists it in monitoring cash flow requirements. The Group aims to maintain the level of its cash and cash equivalents at an amount in excess of expected cash flows on financial liabilities over the succeeding 90 days. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's unused credit line were amounted to \$18,633,728 and \$19,227,734, respectively.

5. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices, will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

The Group buys and sells derivatives, and also incurs financial liabilities, in order to manage market risk. All such transactions are carried out within the guidelines set by the Risk Management Committee.

1) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on sales, purchases, and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of the Group's entities, primarily the New Taiwan Dollar (TWD), US Dollar (USD), and China Yuan (CNY). Besides, the Group uses natural hedging principle to hedge by controlling the net amount of each currency of the Group in accordance with the condition of the exchange rate market. The Group hedges the currency risk with forward foreign currency whose mature date is in a year from report date and currency swap contract.

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The interest is denominated in the currency used in the borrowings. Generally, borrowings are denominated in currencies that match the cash flows generated by the underlying operations of the Group, primarily the TWD, USD, and CNY. This provides an economic hedge without derivatives being entered into, and therefore, hedge accounting is not applied in these circumstances.

In respect of other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Group ensures that its net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates when necessary to address short-term imbalances.

2) Interest risk

The Group's borrowings were on the basis of floating interest rate. The Group is not involved in the situation of changing floating interest rate into fixed rate with interest rate swap agreement. The Group periodically assessed the borrowing rates of the banks and every currency to make provisions for interest-changed rate risk. In addition, the Group creates favorable relationship with banks to get lower financial costs from borrowings in order for it to strengthen its working capital to lower its dependency on bank borrowings, as well as situation of changing floating interest rate and scatter interest-changed rate risk.

3) Other market price risk

The Group does not enter into any commodity contracts other than to meet the Group's expected usage and sales requirements; such contracts are not settled on a net basis.

(v) Capital management

The Group maintains and manages its capital to meet the minimum paid-in capital required by the competent authority, and to optimize the balance of liabilities and equity to maximize shareholders' return.

The capital structure of the Group is composed of net debt (i.e. borrowings less cash and cash equivalent) and equity (i.e. share capital, capital reserve, retained earnings and other equity items).

The principal management of the Group reviews the capital structure of the Group on an annual basis, including considering the costs and associated risks of various types of capital. Based on the recommendations of key management, the Group will balance its overall capital structure by borrowing short-term borrowings from financial institutions.

(w) Investing and financing activities not affecting current cash flow

The Group's investing and financing activities which did not affect the current cash flow in the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

1. For right-of-use assets under leases, please refer to note (6)(g).

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2. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

	January 1, 2023	Cash flow	Acquisition	Non-cash changes		December 31, 2023
				Foreign exchange movement	Other	
Short-term borrowings	\$ 5,209,815	1,441,316	-	(94,480)	-	6,556,651
Long -term borrowings	1,005,789	1,512,495	-	(30,392)	-	2,487,892
Lease liabilities	323,566	(12,995)	-	111	-	310,682
Bonds payable	3,302,140	-	-	-	(2,371,597)	930,543
Total liabilities from financing activities	<u>\$ 9,841,310</u>	<u>2,940,816</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(124,761)</u>	<u>(2,371,597)</u>	<u>10,285,768</u>

	January 1, 2022	Cash flow	Acquisition	Non-cash changes		December 31, 2022
				Foreign exchange movement	Other	
Short-term borrowings	\$ 2,588,894	2,574,933	-	45,988	-	5,209,815
Long -term borrowings	850,000	156,878	-	(1,089)	-	1,005,789
Lease liabilities	303,245	(12,459)	-	32,780	-	323,566
Short-term notes payables	199,820	(200,000)	-	-	180	-
Bonds payable	-	3,499,953	-	-	(197,813)	3,302,140
Total liabilities from financing activities	<u>\$ 3,941,959</u>	<u>6,019,305</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>77,679</u>	<u>(197,633)</u>	<u>9,841,310</u>

(7) Related-Party Transactions

(a) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are entities that have had transactions with related party during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statements.

<u>Name of related party</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
TECHNICA USA	The Group's associates

(b) Significant transactions with related parties

1. Sales

The amounts of significant sales by the Group to related parties were as follows:

	<u>For the years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Associates	\$ <u>(4,715)</u>	<u>46,974</u>

The selling price for related parties and general customers are negotiated by both parties. The credit terms 90 and 120 days, which approximated those for routine sales transactions. The royalty is negotiated by both parties

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2. Purchases

The amounts of significant purchase transactions and outstanding balances between the consolidated entity and related parties were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Associates	\$ <u>1,474</u>	<u>37,085</u>

The term and pricing of purchase transactions with the related parties were not significantly different from those offered by other vendors. The payment terms is 90 days, which were not significantly different from the payment terms given by other vendors.

3. Receivables from related parties

Item	Related party categories	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Accounts receivable	Associates	\$ -	<u>6,417</u>

4. Payables to related parties

Item	Related party categories	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Accounts payable	Associates	\$ -	6,528
Other payables	Associates	<u>1,212</u>	<u>2,267</u>
		\$ <u>1,212</u>	<u>8,795</u>

5. Guarantee

As of December 31, 2023, the Group had provided a guarantee for loans taken out by its subsidiaries, please refer to Note 13(a) for further explanations.

6. Other transactions to related parties

Account	Relationship	For the years ended December 31,	
		2023	2022
Other profit	Associates	\$ -	1,679
Other expenses	Associates	2,820	3,206
Selling expenses	Associates	<u>2,867</u>	<u>4,175</u>
		\$ <u>5,687</u>	<u>9,060</u>

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(c) Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 142,453	148,144
Termination benefits	756	1,094
	\$ 143,209	149,238

(8) Pledged Assets

The following assets were restricted in use:

Assets	Purpose of Pledge	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Guarantee deposit	Deposits for mailbox, leases and natural gas, etc.	\$ 68,612	69,482

(9) Significant Contingencies and Commitments

(a) Major Commitments and contingencies:

1. Unused standby letters of credit were as follows:

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Unused standby letters of credit		
TWD	\$ -	43,440
USD	26,673	20,351

2. The significant contracts for engineering construction and purchase of properties in order to extend factories and machineries by the Group, were as follows:

	2023.12.31	2022.12.31
Total contract price		
JPY	\$ -	642,000
USD	11,663	56,278
CNY	93,780	1,047,957
MYR	416,640	-
Unpaid contract price		
JPY	\$ -	57,780
USD	2,691	19,650
CNY	33,563	500,444
MYR	416,640	-

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3. The royalties of eco-material technic treatment with supplier, the paid royalties were as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	\$ <u>29,694</u>	<u>76,767</u>

4. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the amounts of Performance Letter of Guarantee issued by Mega International Commercial Bank-Zhongli Branch for the purpose of Customs for guaranty of domestic tariff and for guaranty of hiring foreigners to be employed were \$14,000 and \$7,000.

5. As of December 31, 2022, the Group planned to get a government grant and obtained the performance guarantee letter issued by the bank. The amount of the guarantee letter was \$5,286.

(b) Commitments

The subsidiary, Elite electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd., formally signed a relocation compensation agreement with the Kunshan local government. According to the local government's land planning, the Group was required to relocate the plant and equipment on Youbi Road, Zhoushi Town, Kunshan City, and return the use rights of land to the government. The government allocates compensation to the Group according to the progress of the contract. The total amount of compensation is CNY195,000.

As of December 31, 2023, the disposal of the land use rights, plant and equipment has not been completed. The Group have received CNY79,000 (TWD341,833) in advance based on the contract, and the remaining compensation will be collected when the new plant is constructed, and the land is handed over. The Group complete the plant construction by the end of July 31 2023. and relocates in 2024.

Subsidiaries of the Group ELITE MATERIAL (PENANG) SDN. BHD. With MASTEQ ENGINEERING SDN. BHD. signed a contract for the construction of a new factory in Penang, Malaysia, with a tentative price of MYR416,640 thousand (TWD\$2,779,030 thousand).

(10) Significant Catastrophic Losses

On January 15, 2023, the Company suffered a major fire accident that caused damage to some of the Company's buildings, equipment, construction in progress, other assets and inventories, and the Company derecognized the damaged buildings, equipment and construction in progress amounting to \$248,367 thousand, other assets amounting to \$18,070 thousand, and inventories amounting to \$271,522 thousand, with a total disaster loss of \$537,959 thousand, which was reported under non operating income and expenses other benefits and losses, please refer to Note 6 (s) for relevant explanations. The amount of disaster compensation is based on the best estimate of the evidence available as of the reporting date, but the actual amount of compensation is subject to subsequent negotiations, and there may still be contingent liabilities that cannot be estimated and have not yet been recorded.

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The Company has taken out relevant property insurance and is currently negotiating with the insurance company to handle the claim, the Company confirmed to the insurance company and its notary public that the compensation that is almost certain to be received from the insurance company will be recognized as the claim receivable, and the amount recognized will not exceed the disaster loss of each of the assets, as of December 31, 2023, the claim receivable recognized by the Company is\$ 537,959 thousand , and is reported under the non operating income and expenses other benefits and losses, please refer to Note 6 (16) for relevant explanations. However, the insurance claim involves disaster identification, and the Company has not yet been able to fully confirm the full amount of the insurance claim, and the subsequent increase in insurance claim income will not be recognized until the Company is almost certain to receive the income. As of December 31, 2023, part of the claim payment of \$188,000 thousand (reported under other receivables) has been received.

(11) Significant Subsequent Events: None.

(12) Others

- (a) Employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization expenses, categorized as operating cost or expense, were as follows:

Categorized as Nature	For the year ended December 31, 2023			For the year ended December 31, 2022		
	Operating Cost	Operating Expense	Total	Operating Cost	Operating Expense	Total
Employee benefits						
Salary	2,142,754	1,245,849	3,388,603	1,941,688	989,066	2,930,754
Labor and health insurance	115,885	46,578	162,463	109,471	42,127	151,598
Pension	161,573	44,869	206,442	153,888	40,371	194,259
Others employee benefits	147,863	61,692	209,555	139,558	60,102	199,660
Depreciation	1,104,260	149,769	1,254,029	643,368	86,883	730,251
Amortization	1,365	46,833	48,198	750	43,482	44,232

(13) Additional Disclosures

- (a) Information on significant transactions

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” for the Group for the year ended December 31, 2023:

1. Fund financing to other parties:

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, unless otherwise specified)

No.	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account name	Related party	Highest balance of financing to other parties during the period	Ending balance	Actual usage amount during the period	Range of interest rates during the period	Purposes of fund financing for the borrower	Transaction amount for business between two parties	Reasons for short-term financing	Allowance for bad debt	Collateral		Individual funding loan limits	Maximum limit of fund financing
													Item	Value		
0	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	EMD SPECIALTY MATERIALS, LLS	Other receivables-related parties	Y	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	2.00%	2	-	Operating Capital	-		-	8,042,847 (Note 3)	8,042,847 (Note 3)
1	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables-related parties	Y	3,049,270	2,968,322	2,206,770	2.00%	2	-	Operating Capital	-		-	6,606,030 (Note 4)	6,606,030 (Note 4)

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No.	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account name	Related party	Highest balance of financing to other parties during the period	Ending balance	Actual usage amount during the period	Range of interest rates during the period	Purposes of fund financing for the borrower	Transaction amount for business between two parties	Reasons for short-term financing	Allowance for bad debt	Collateral		Individual funding loan limits	Maximum limit of fund financing
													Item	Value		
1	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables-related parties	Y	1,471,756	1,436,564	-	2.00%	2	-	Operating demand	-		-	6,606,030 (Note 4)	6,606,030 (Note 4)
2	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables-related parties	Y	1,955,800	904,343	904,343	2.00%	2	-	Operating Capital	-		-	2,275,224 (Note 5)	2,275,224 (Note 5)

Note 1: The number is filled as follows:

- 0 is the Company.
- Subsidiaries are numbered as 1 sequentially

Note 2: 1. Having dealings with the Company.

- Those who have the needs in short-term financing.

Note 3: The company with business contact, the amount of each fund financing cannot exceed 50% of total amount of purchase (sales) transactions in the recent year, and cannot exceed 3% of the Company's net asset value; the total amount of fund financing cannot exceed 30% of the Company's net asset value.

Note 4: The total amount of fund financing could not exceed 30% of the lender's net asset value and the Company's net asset value, while the maximum financing amount for a single company could not exceed 30% of the lender's net asset value.

Note 5: The total maximum financing amount cannot exceed 30% of the lender's net asset value, while the maximum financing amount for a single company cannot exceed 30% of the lender's net value.

Note 6: The total amount cannot exceed 100% of the Company's net worth in its latest financial statements.

Note 7: The transactions with the Group were eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

2. Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, unless otherwise specified)

No. (Note 1)	Name of company	Counter-party		Limitation on amount of guarantees and endorsements for a specific enterprise (Note 3)	Highest balance for guarantees and endorsements during the period	Balance of guarantees and endorsements as of reporting date	Actual usage amount during the period	Property pledged on guarantees and endorsements (Amount)	Ratio of accumulated amounts of guarantees and endorsements to net worth of the latest financial statements	Maximum amount for guarantees and endorsements (Note 3)	Parent Company endorsement/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of subsidiary	Subsidiary endorsement/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of parent company	Endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of companies in Mainland China
		Name	Relationship with the Company (Note 2)										
0	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	EMD SPECIALTY MATERIALS,LLC	2	13,404,746	1,300,309	1,277,427	1,212,479	-	4.76 %	26,809,491	Y		
0	"	TECHNICA USA	6	13,404,746	19,455	18,423	-	-	0.07 %	26,809,491	Y		
1	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	4	11,010,050	1,776,274	1,733,871	452,564	-	7.87 %	22,020,100			Y
2	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	4	3,792,041	2,225,504	1,384,640	906,428	-	18.26 %	7,584,081			Y

Note 1: The number is filled as follows:

- 0 is the Company.
- The inrestee company are numbered as 1 sequentially.

Note 2: There are the following 7 types of relationship between the endorser and the object of the endorsement guarantee, and the type can be indicated:

- Entities with business relationship with the Group.
- A subsidiary in which the Group directly holds more than 50% of its voting shares.
- A investee in which the Group and subsidiary holds more than 50% of its voting shares.
- A parent company in which the Group directly or Subsidiaries indirectly holds more than 90% of its voting shares.
- Companies in same type of business and providing mutual endorsements/ guarantees in favor of each other in accordance with the contractual obligations in order to fulfill the needs of the construction project.
- Shareholders making endorsements and/or guarantees for their mutually invested company in proportion to their shareholding percentage.
- Companies in same type of business providing guarantees of pre-sale contracts according to the regulation.

Note 3: The total maximum endorsement / guarantee cannot exceed 100% of the Group's net worth in its latest financial statements, while the maximum endorsement / guarantee amount for a single company cannot exceed 50% of the Group's net worth in its latest financial statements.

Note 4: The transactions with the Group were eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

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3. Information regarding securities held at balance sheet date:

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, unless otherwise specified)

Name of holder	Category and name of security	Category and name of security	Account title	Ending balance				Note
				Number	Book value	Percentage	Market value	
EMC OVERSEAS HOLDING INCORPORATED	PROUD STAR INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	-	Non current at fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets	500,000	-	3.26 %	-	
EMC USA HOLDING INCORPORATED	TECHNICA USA (preference stock)	Associates	"	722,000	-	87.76 %	-	

4. Accumulated buying/selling of the same marketable securities for which the dollar amount reaches \$300 million or 20% or more of paid-in capital:

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, unless otherwise specified)

Company name	Marketable Securities type and name	Financial statement account	Counter-party	Nature of relationship	Beginning balance		Acquisitions (Note 4)		Disposal (Note 4)		Carrying value	Gain (loss) on disposal	Ending balance	
					Units/shares	Amount	Units/shares	Amount	Units/shares	Amount			Units/shares	Amount
Grand Zhongshan Incorporated	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Investments using the equity method	(Note 1)	Subsidiaries	-	-	-	3,911,594	-	-	-	-	-	8,644,589 (Note 5)
"	"	"	(Note 2)	"	-	-	-	3,354,634	-	-	-	-	-	8,644,589 (Note 5)
Grand Wuhan Incorporated	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	"	-	"	-	774,123	-	-	-	709,964	920,264	(210,300) (Note 3 + 5)	-	-
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	"	"	-	"	-	-	-	895,684	-	-	-	-	-	1,249,827 (Note 5)
"	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	"	(Note 1)	"	-	-	-	2,783,125	-	-	-	-	-	7,584,081 (Note 5)
"	"	"	(Note 2)	"	-	-	-	3,237,978	-	-	-	-	-	7,584,081 (Note 5)
"	ELITE MATERIAL(PE NANG) SDN. BHD.	"	(Note 1)	"	-	-	-	310,661	-	-	-	-	-	302,434 (Note 5)

Note 1: Engaged in cash capital increase.

Note 2: Engaged in share capital increase through stock conversion.

Note 3: Realization of gains or losses report under retain earnings.

Note 4: Related purchase and sale transactions, please refer to Note 4(b) notes 1 to notes 3 for further information.

Note 5: The aforementioned transaction of subsidiary have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

5. Acquisition of real estate for which the dollar amount reaches \$300 million or 20% or more of paid-in capital :

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of Company	Name of property	Transaction date	Transaction amount	Status of payment	Counterparty	Relationship with the Company	If the country is a related party, disclose the previous transfer information				References for determining price	Purpose of acquisition and current condition	Others
							Owner	Relationship with the Company	Date of transfer	Amount			
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Right-of-use	2023.12.08	947,936	Paid	The natural resources of Zhongshan City	None	-	-	-	-	Professional valuation report	Required for company operations	None

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6. Disposition of real estate for which the dollar amount reaches \$300 million or 20% or more of paid-in capital: None.
7. Buying/selling products with the dollar amount reaches \$100 million or 20% or more of paid-in capital:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of company	Counter-party	Relationship	Transaction details				Reasons why and description of how the transaction conditions differ from general transactions		Account/note receivable (payable)		Notes
			Purchase /Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases /sales	Credit period	Unit price	Credit period	Balance	Percentage of total accounts/notes receivable (payable)	
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Parent and subsidiary companies	Sale	(645,305)	(6)%	Depends on subsidiary's financial condition	-		166,088	4 %	
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	645,305	5 %	"	-		(166,088)	(3)%	
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	(476,585)	(4)%	"	-		135,443	3 %	
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	476,585	6 %	"	-		(135,443)	(5)%	
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	(479,614)	(3)%	"	-		141,479	2 %	
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	479,614	7 %	"	-		(141,479)	(5)%	
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	(131,650)	(1)%	"	-		35,119	- %	
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	131,650	2 %	"	-		(35,119)	(1)%	
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	(136,023)	(1)%	"	-		29,701	1 %	
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	136,023	2 %	"	-		(29,701)	(1)%	
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	(358,645)	(6)%	"	-		317,009	12 %	
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	358,645	5 %	"	-		(317,009)	(10)%	
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	(1,654,455)	(25)%	"	-		596,663	23 %	
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	1,654,455	14 %	"	-		(596,663)	(12)%	

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Name of company	Counter-party	Relationship	Transaction details				Reasons why and description of how the transaction conditions differ from general transactions		Account/note receivable (payable)		Notes
			Purchase /Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases /sales	Credit period	Unit price	Credit period	Balance	Percentage of total accounts/notes receivable (payable)	
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Associates	Sale	(3,243,552)	(50)%	"	-		1,027,527	39 %	
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	3,243,552	38 %	"	-		(1,027,527)	(37)%	

Note: The transactions with the Group were eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

8. Accounts receivable from related parties for which the dollar amount reaches \$100 million or 20% or more of paid-in capital:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of related party	Counter-party	Relationship	Balance of receivables from related party	Turnover days	Past-due receivables from related party		Subsequently received amount of receivables from related party	Allowances for bad debts
					Amount	Action taken		
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Parent and subsidiary companies	166,088	4.97	-		109,746	-
Elite Material Co., Ltd. (note 1)	"	"	86,345	Not applicable	-		86,345	-
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	"	135,443	4.32	-		63,636	-
Elite Material Co., Ltd. (note 1)	"	"	46,018	Not applicable	-		46,018	-
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	141,479	4.56	-		96,689	-
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (Note 1)	"	"	410,202	Not applicable	-		227,069	-
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	"	19,808	4.81	-		15,697	-
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (Note 1)	"	"	2,231,947	Not applicable	-		-	-
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	29,701	6.78	-		27,717	-
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd. (Note 1)	"	"	304,059	Not applicable	-		170,472	-
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Associates	24,709	2.82	-		14,112	-

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Name of related party	Counter-party	Relationship	Balance of receivables from related party	Turnover days	Past-due receivables from related party		Subsequently received amount of receivables from related party	Allowances for bad debts
					Amount	Action taken		
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd. (Note 1)	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Associates	917,842	Not applicable	-		87,944	-
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Parent and subsidiary companies	317,009	2.26	-		120,935	-
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	"	596,663	3.08	-		405,283	-
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Associates	1,027,527	3.80	-		704,271	-

Note 1: Financial statement account: Other receivables.

Note 2: The transactions with the Group were eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

9. Derivative transactions: None.

10. Business relationships and significant inter-company transactions:

No. (Note 1)	Name of company	Name of counter-party	Existing relationship with the counter-party (Note 2)	Transaction			
				Account name	Amount	Terms of trading	Percentage of the total consolidated revenue or total assets
0	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	1	Sales	645,305	Note 3	1.56 %
0	"	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	1	Sales	476,585	Note 3	1.15 %
1	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Material Co., Ltd.	2	Sales	479,614	Note 3	1.16 %
1	"	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	1	Other Accounts Receivable	2,231,947	Note 4	4.18 %
2	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	3	Other Accounts Receivable	917,842	Note 4	1.72 %
3	Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	2	Sales	1,654,455	Note 3	4.01 %
3	"	Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	2	Accounts Receivable	596,663	Note 3	1.12 %
3	"	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	3,243,552	Note 3	7.85 %
3	"	Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts Receivable	1,027,527	Note 3	1.92 %

Note 1: Numbers denote the following:

- 0 represents the Company.
- Subsidiaries are listed by names and numbered starting with 1.

Note 2: Relationship with the listed companies:

- The Company to subsidiary
- Subsidiary to the Company
- Subsidiary to subsidiary

Note 3: Sales price is negotiated by vendor and purchaser. Payment Term ranges the financial condition of the subsidiaries.

Note 4: No other trading partners are available for comparison.

Note 5: Transaction amounts exceeding 1% of the total assets on the balance sheet accounts or 1% of the total operating revenue on the income statement accounts of the Group will not be disclosed.

Note 6: The transactions with the Group were eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

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(b) Information on investees:

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the following was the information on investees (excluding investees in Mainland China) :

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Share Data)

Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Major operations	Initial investment (Amount)		Ending balance			Peak Holding Percentage	Net income (loss) of the investee	Investment income (losses) (Note 7)	Note
				Ending balance	Beginning balance	Shares	Ratio of shares	Book value (Note 7)				
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	EMC OVERSEAS HOLDING INCORPORATED	British Virgin Islands	Investment business	1,179,111	1,179,111	36,256,950	100.00 %	22,080,915	100.00 %	5,116,084	5,116,084	Subsidiaries
"	Grand Wuhan Incorporated	Cayman Islands	Investment business	602,440	602,440	20,020,000	100.00 %	731,513	100.00 %	150,136	150,136	Subsidiaries
"	EMC INTERNATIONAL HOLDING INCORPORATED	"	Investment business	781,850	781,850	27,042,000	100.00 %	570,984	100.00 %	(176,978)	(176,978)	Subsidiaries
"	Li Cheng Tech Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electronics, Telecommunications equipment, Wholesale, Retails, Batteries, Power generation and Distribution machinery manufacturing business	173,694	173,694	16,412,918	33.50 %	-	33.50 %	-	-	Note 6
EMC OVERSEAS HOLDING INCORPORATED	Grand Zhuhai Incorporated	Cayman Islands	Investment business	1,062,948	1,062,948	34,618,060	100.00 %	22,046,096	100.00 %	5,114,595	5,114,595	Sub-subsidiaries
"	Li Cheng Tech Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electronics, Telecommunications equipment, Wholesale, Retails, Batteries, Power generation and Distribution machinery manufacturing business	7,311	7,311	250,000	1.53 %	-	1.53 %	-	-	Note 6
Grand Zhuhai Incorporated	Grand Shanghai Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	Investment business	1,039,389	1,039,389	18,200,000	100.00 %	13,390,032	100.00 %	3,315,269	3,315,269	Third tier subsidiary
"	Grand Zhongshan Incorporated	"	Investment business	504,698	504,698	16,437,000	100.00 %	8,654,856	100.00 %	1,799,587	1,799,587	"
EMC INTERNATIONAL HOLDING INCORPORATED	EMC SPECIAL APPLICATION INCORPORATED	Cayman Islands	Investment business	806,160	806,160	26,255,000	100.00 %	578,546	100.00 %	(176,364)	(176,364)	Sub-subsidiaries
"	EMC USA HOLDING INCORPORATED	"	Investment business	22,476	22,476	732,000	100.00 %	(26)	100.00 %	(48)	(48)	"
EMC SPECIAL APPLICATION INCORPORATED	EMD SPECIALTY MATERIALS,LLC	USA	Copper clad laminate and prepreg business	804,383	804,383	-	100.00 %	577,688	100.00 %	(160,617)	(160,617)	Third tier subsidiary
EMC USA HOLDING INCORPORATED	TECHNICA USA	"	Import/export business	18,423	18,423	600,000	30.00 %	-	30.00 %	47,119	-	Note 4, 5
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	ELITE MATERIAL (PENANG) SDN. BHD.	Malaysia	Copper clad laminate and prepreg business	308,232	-	45,382,001	100.00 %	302,434	100.00 %	(272)	(272)	Third tier subsidiary

Note 1: The amounts of book value recognized using the equity method include investment income (losses) and the exchange differences on translation of foreign statements.

Note 2: The amount above is evaluated based on the independent audit report of the investee under equity method.

Note 3: The transactions with the Group were eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 4: Because other shareholders hold more than 70% of the shares and the Company only accounts for 30%, the Company has no control.

Note 5: On October 27, 2021, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to adjust the investment structure. The initial investment of \$16,608 that was invested in Technica USA through EMC Overseas Holding Incorporated was adjusted to be invested in Technica USA through EMC USA Holding Incorporated.

Note 6: The investment value had been impaired, the Company recognized all losses and the book value was offset to zero.

Note 7: The difference between the ending balance and the net equity value is mainly due to the realization gross profit and the amortization of equipment purchases on behalf of other.

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(c) Information on investment in Mainland China:

1. Information on investment in Mainland China:

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Investee company	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment (Note 1)	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan (R.O.C.)	Investment Flows		Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan	Net income (loss) of the investee	Percentage of Ownership	Peak Holding Percentage	Investment Income (Loss) Recognized (Note 2)	Carrying Amount	Accumulated Inward Remittance of Earnings
					Outflow	Inflow							
Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Copper clad laminate and prepreg business	3,194,737	(2)	650,816	-	-	650,816	5,237,308	100.00 %	100.00 %	5,237,308	22,020,100	10,731,560
Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	"	3,472,418	(2)	440,613	-	-	440,613	1,778,171	100.00 %	100.00 %	1,778,171	7,584,081	5,410,555
Elite Electronic Material (Huangshi) Co., Ltd.	"	570,139	(2)	601,858	-	-	601,858	496,408	100.00 %	100.00 %	496,408	1,249,827	-

2. Limitation on investment in Mainland China:

Company	Aggregate investment amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China at the end of the period	Approved investment (amount) by Ministry of Economic Affairs Investment Commission (Note 3)	Limitation on investment in Mainland China in accordance with regulations of Ministry of Economic Affairs Investment Commission (Note 4)
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	1,710,734	10,958,800	16,085,694

Note 1: There are three investment approach of categories:

- (1) Direct Investment in Mainland China.
- (2) Investment in Mainland China by a third party.
- (3) Other approach.

Note 2: The financial statements were audited by the Certified Public Accountants of the Company.

Note 3: The difference between the paid-in capital of Elite Electronic Material (Kunshan) Co. Ltd. and the investment amount remitted from Taiwan amounted to ,USD 6,012, USD 24,846, USD 16,000 which was invested overseas by the subsidiary, also USD 10,000, and USD 35,000, which were recognized as capital increase out of earnings, respectively.

Note 4: The difference between the paid-in capital of Elite Electronic Material (Zhongshan) Co. Ltd. Amounted to USD 6,255, which was recognized as capital increase out of earnings. and the investment amount remitted from Taiwan amounted to RMB 649,959, which was invested overseas by the subsidiary.

Note 5: The difference between the paid-in capital and investment amount remitted from Taiwan amounted to USD 110, which was invested overseas by the subsidiary.

Note 6: The items in the balance sheet and those in the income statements were translated at the exchange rate of 30.7050 and 31.0954, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Note 7: The transactions with the Group were eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

3. Significant transactions :

Please refer to the related disclosures above captioned as “Related information on material transaction items” for direct or indirect significant transactions between the Group and its investees in Mainland China for the year ended December 31, 2023. (The transactions were eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.)

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(d) Major shareholders:

Shareholder's Name	Shareholding	Shares	Percentage
Yu Chang Investment Co., Ltd.		25,471,477	7.42 %
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		24,489,000	7.13 %

Note: (1)The main shareholder information of this table is calculated by the insurance company on the last business day at the end of each quarter. The above information. As for the share capital recorded in the company's financial report and the number of shares actually delivered by the company without physical registration, the calculation basis may be different or different.

(2)If the information on the Shanghai Stock Exchange is a shareholder's shareholding delivery to the trust, it will be disclosed by the trustee who opened the trust account separately. As for shareholders who handle the declaration of insider equity holding more than 10% of their shares in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act, their shareholdings include their shareholdings plus their delivery of trust and shares with the right to make decisions on trust property, etc. For information on insider equity declaration, please refer to Open Information Observatory.

(2) Segment Information

(a) General information

The Group has three reportable segments: Segment domestic, foreign, and other segments. domestic produces and sales different types of printed circuit board products, electronic-industrial specialty chemical, and electronic components. Segment foreign produces and sales prepreg for printed circuit board and copper clad laminate. Other segments engage in investment and product exchange business.

The reportable segments are the Group's strategic divisions. They offer different products and services, and are managed separately because they require different technological and marketing strategies. Most of the strategic divisions were acquired separately. The management of the acquired divisions remains employed by the Group.

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- (b) Information about reportable segments' profit and loss, assets, and liabilities and their measurement and reconciliations

The Group uses the internal management report that the chief operating decision maker reviews as the basis to determine resource allocation and make a performance evaluation. The internal management report includes profit before taxation, but not including any extraordinary activity and foreign exchange gain or losses because taxation, extraordinary activity, and foreign exchange gain or losses are managed on a group basis, and hence they are not able to be allocated to each reportable segment. In addition, not all reportable segments include depreciation and amortization of significant non-cash items. The reportable amount is similar to that in the report used by the chief operating decision maker.

The operating segment accounting policies are similar to those described in note (4) "significant accounting policies" except for the recognition and measurement of pension cost, which is on a cash basis.

The Group treated intersegment sales and transfers as third-party transactions. They are measured at market price.

The Group's operating segment information and reconciliations were as follows:

2023	Domestic	Foreign	Other Segments	Adjustment and Elimination	Total
Revenue:					
Revenue from external customers	\$ 9,034,909	32,261,308	-	-	41,296,217
Intersegment revenues	1,628,892	6,063,160	-	(7,692,052)	-
Total Revenue	\$ 10,663,801	38,324,468	-	(7,692,052)	41,296,217
Reportable Segment net operating income (loss)	\$ 6,132,578	8,346,033	15,434,216	(22,493,279)	7,419,548
Assets:					
Investments accounted for using equity method	\$ 23,383,412	9,088,940	67,266,418	(99,738,770)	-
Capital expenditure of non-current assets	4,241,677	14,466,920	-	630,211	19,338,808
Reportable segment assets	\$ 35,424,632	40,579,731	66,906,049	(89,483,785)	53,426,627
Reportable segment liabilities	\$ 8,615,141	18,559,631	1,157,070	(1,714,706)	26,617,136

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2022	Domestic	Foreign	Other Segments	Adjustment and Elimination	Total
Revenue:					
Revenue from external customers	\$ 8,013,078	30,659,471	-	-	38,672,549
Intersegment revenues	1,189,617	5,103,914	-	(6,293,531)	-
Total Revenue	\$ 9,202,695	35,763,385	-	(6,293,531)	38,672,549
Reportable Segment net operating income (loss)	\$ 5,553,477	5,380,834	13,838,246	(18,476,502)	6,296,055
Assets:					
Investments accounted for using equity method	\$ 19,626,861	-	52,517,027	(72,143,888)	-
Capital expenditure of non-current assets	4,396,390	11,457,909	-	643,735	16,498,034
Reportable segment assets	\$ 29,955,622	41,230,310	56,502,521	(84,305,966)	43,382,487
Reportable segment liabilities	\$ 7,881,058	22,316,109	777,459	(9,666,703)	21,307,923

(c) Product and service information

Revenue from external customers of the Group was as follows:

Product and Services	2023	2022
Prepreg	\$ 17,485,532	16,447,245
Copper clad laminate	23,308,042	21,565,368
Mass lam foundry	398,399	574,143
Other	104,244	85,793
Total	\$ 41,296,217	38,672,549

(d) Geographic information

In presenting information on the basis of geography, the revenue is based on the geographical location of customers and non-current assets are based on the geographical location of the assets.

Geographic information	2023	2022
Revenue from external revenue:		
Taiwan	\$ 6,730,583	5,896,546
Mainland China	30,896,200	29,598,195
Other countries	3,669,434	3,177,808
Total	\$ 41,296,217	38,672,549

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)

ELITE MATERIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)

<u>Geographic information</u>	<u>2023.12.31</u>	<u>2022.12.31</u>
Non-current assets:		
Taiwan	\$ 4,241,677	4,396,390
Mainland China	13,635,489	10,951,603
Other countries	<u>1,461,642</u>	<u>1,150,041</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 19,338,808</u></u>	<u><u>16,498,034</u></u>

Non-current assets include property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, and other assets, not including financial instruments, deferred tax assets, and guarantee deposits.

(e) Major customers

<u>2023</u>			<u>2022</u>		
<u>Customer</u>	<u>Sales</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>Customer</u>	<u>Sales</u>	<u>Ratio</u>
B	\$ 4,675,845	11 %	A	4,083,290	11 %